

# 2014 Air Quality Progress Report for Rushcliffe Borough Council

In fulfillment of Part IV of the Environment Act 1995 Local Air Quality Management

April 2014

LAQM Progress Report 2014

## Rushcliffe Borough Council

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# **Executive Summary**

This report provides an update with respect to air quality issues within the borough of Rushcliffe over the year 2013 and the progress of implementation of the measures outlined in the Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP), published initially in May 2007 (updated 2009) as required by the Environment Act 1995. Part IV of the Environment Act 1995 places a statutory duty on local authorities to review and assess the air quality within their area and take account of Government Guidance when undertaking such work.

The AQAP contains a set of measures aimed at working toward ensuring the air quality in Rushcliffe meets the Air Quality Objectives set out in the National Air Quality Strategy due to excessive levels of Nitrogen Dioxide in air quality management areas (AQMA's) within the Borough.

Rushcliffe has three active air quality management areas all of which have been declared due to traffic pollution and in particular due to excessive levels of the annual Nitrogen Dioxide above the air quality objective (AQO) level in certain areas. The areas covered by the AQMA's are the Trent Bridge/Radcliffe Road/Wilford lane areas, part of the A52 ring road up to the Nottingham Knight traffic island and the A52 junction with Stragglethorpe Road, Radcliffe on Trent. These areas are major traffic routes into/out of and around the Nottingham area and are controlled by partner organisations to Rushcliffe; namely, the Highways Agency and Nottinghamshire County Council.

This report includes consideration of new monitoring data and emissions sources assessed by Rushcliffe Borough Council over the 2013 period.

Rushcliffe has undertaken atmospheric pollution monitoring of NO2/NOx (chemiluminescent monitoring) and NO2 diffusion tube monitoring at 35 monitoring locations in 2013. The progress report's review of new monitoring data has shown that exceedences of Nitrogen Dioxide annual mean objective continue to occur within Rushcliffe's Air Quality Management Area 1, 2011(Radcliffe on Trent area) but other sites in AQMA's and outside AQMA's are below the relevant AQS. There appears to have been a positive impact due to the Wilford Lane being close to traffic for several months in 2013 which is apparent in the AQMA 1 results to some degree.

In the newly declared AQMA 4 at Stragglethorpe Road/A52 levels are significantly above the annually mean objective at façade but below the hourly objective. The AQAP for this site has been approved and efforts will be made in 2014 to begin implementation in 2014.

It is proposed to consider revoking AQMA 2 (the A52 Nottingham Knight AQMA) which has shown reductions at some sites and levels at the Windy Wayes site have remained below the AQS for several years now albeit 2012 had very limited headroom.

Trends have shown to be slightly downward at the majority of sites but not falling as fast as national factors state.

Monitoring in Bingham area is to continue due to the proposed developments in this area. Currently no exceedances are noted. Sites on Wilford lane, West Bridgford will be set up once the new super market and health centre are operational.

The report concludes there is no requirement to proceed to detailed assessment for any new NO2 exceedances.

The progress report concludes that no Detailed Assessment is required for benzene, 1, 3-butadiene, carbon monoxide, lead, particulates (PM10), and sulphur dioxide.

The NET phase 2 is now being constructed which is expected to have a positive effect on air quality once operational by reducing commuter traffic coming through routes used to access Trent Bridge within the Rushcliffe area. The tram is due to open at the end of 2014.

A comprehensive list of interventions undertaken to date and progress since the last R&A report by the Nottinghamshire County Council through The Local Transport Plan is shown in, Chapter 8.

The AQAP, through the LTP programmes of work, continues to implement a number of measures with the aim of reducing single occupancy car usage and reducing the impact of road vehicles in and around the AQMA1 area. The majority of the measures are, however, aimed at the commuters as a whole and not just in and around the AQMA.

The conclusion from the County Council states that:

Transport measures are indicating they are on target (with minor exceptions) across the county. The nature of these locations makes it difficult to remedy the problems with infrastructure and therefore smarter choices measures (such as travel planning, marketing and promotions of alternatives to the car) are more likely to provide the solution.

The County Council has concerns about potential future traffic increases in traffic and states that overall the assessment of new development may be a challenge as the LDF has identified areas around the district for significant growth. Whilst developers will be required to deliver mitigation against traffic growth for such developments, traffic growth will be above those that are forecast without the development occurring. In such circumstances objection to such growth may be difficult and section 38, 278 and 106 planning obligations will be used to mitigate any effects as far as is possible and seek to ensure sustainable development takes place. The cumulative impacts of developments will, however, impact on the AQMAs on A52 and Trent Bridge without sustainable transport measures being introduced and maintained at the developments (funded through the development control process). Without significant mitigation at these locations to specifically address housing proposals (e.g. significant sustainable transport improvements), any measures subsequently included within an AQMA action plan would be very unlikely to mitigate this planned growth.

The County Council state that there is currently no planned strategic mitigation of the traffic growth at AQMA locations as part of the housing development proposals. The report contains a list of the potential long term developments already agreed.

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# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Description of Local Authority Area

The Borough of Rushcliffe lies to the south of Nottingham City and the river Trent in Nottinghamshire and covers 157 square miles (around 400 sq km) and has a population of 111,100. It stretches from the River Trent to the Leicestershire borders and eastwards along the Trent Valley, to within a few miles of Newark.

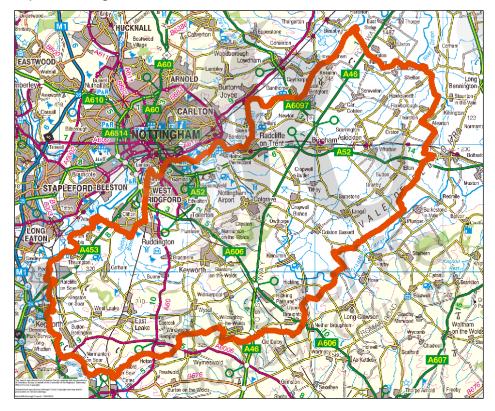
The largest town is West Bridgford, with a population of about 36,000. This is part of the Nottingham urban area, being separated from the city of Nottingham by the River Trent. The other major settlements within the borough are Bingham, Cotgrave, East Leake, Keyworth, Ruddington and Radcliffe-on-Trent. A plan of the borough area is shown in Map 1.1

Several major roads cross the borough, linking the borough with both the M1 and the A1. Principally this is the A52 and the recently upgraded to dual carriageway A46. There are also high daily traffic flows in West Bridgford, from the major arterial routes into Nottingham City centre. Although the borough is predominantly rural in nature, it also contains some significant industrial processes. These include Ratcliffe-on-Soar power station and the British Gypsum plasterboard factory at East Leake.

East Midlands Airport (EMA) lies immediately to the south west of Rushcliffe, within the district of North West Leicestershire District Council. Although the flight paths for both approaching and departing aircraft pass directly over the borough, the air quality impacts of the airport itself do not affect Rushcliffe residents.

The major sources of pollution of concern are derived from commuter traffic moving in and out of Nottingham or at junction /island locations on the ring road.

Much of Rushcliffe is rural and agricultural. The western half of the Borough is characterised by the Wolds, with higher undulating land in the south. The remainder of the Borough is flatter and lower with the rivers Trent, Soar and Smite forming shallow valleys running through the Borough. There are mixed areas of woodland, except for the north-eastern part and the area west of Ruddington which are characterised by an open, flat landscape where many trees and hedgerows have been removed. Other prominent features are Gotham Hill, Hickling Standard, Wilford Hill, Barton Gap and Cropwell Bishop Gap.



Map 1.1 Map of borough boundaries

## 1.2 Purpose of Progress Report

This report fulfils the requirements of the Local Air Quality Management process as set out in Part IV of the Environment Act (1995), the Air Quality Strategy for England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland 2007 and the relevant Policy and Technical Guidance documents. The LAQM process places an obligation on all local authorities to regularly review and assess air quality in their areas, and to determine whether or not the air quality objectives are likely to be achieved. Where exceedences are considered likely, the local authority must then declare an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) and prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) setting out the measures it intends to put in place in pursuit of the objectives.

Progress Reports are required in the intervening years between the three-yearly Updating and Screening Assessment reports. Their purpose is to maintain continuity in the Local Air Quality Management process.

They are not intended to be as detailed as Updating and Screening Assessment Reports, or to require as much effort. However, if the Progress Report identifies the risk of exceedence of an Air Quality Objective, the Local Authority (LA) should undertake a Detailed Assessment immediately, and not wait until the next round of Review and Assessment.

## 1.3 Air Quality Objectives

The air quality objectives applicable to LAQM **in England** are set out in the Air Quality (England) Regulations 2000 (SI 928), The Air Quality (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2002 (SI 3043), and are shown in Table 1.1. This table shows the objectives in units of microgrammes per cubic metre ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) (note; milligrammes per cubic metre ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) for carbon monoxide) with the number of exceedences in each year that are permitted (where applicable).

Table 1.1 Air Quality Objectives included in Regulations for the purpose of LAQM in England

| Dellutent  | Air Quality   | Date to be             |             |  |  |
|--|---|------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Pollutant  | Concentration   | Measured as            | achieved by |  |  |
| Benzene  | 16.25 µg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Running annual mean    | 31.12.2003  |  |  |
|  | 5.00 µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Annual mean            | 31.12.2010  |  |  |
| 1,3-Butadiene  | 2.25 µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Running annual mean    | 31.12.2003  |  |  |
| Carbon monoxide  | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Running 8-hour<br>mean | 31.12.2003  |  |  |
| Lead   | 0.50 µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Annual mean            | 31.12.2004  |  |  |
| Leau   | 0.25 µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Annual mean            | 31.12.2008  |  |  |
| Nitrogen dioxide   | 200 µg/m <sup>3</sup> not to be<br>exceeded more<br>than 18 times a<br>year   | 1-hour mean            | 31.12.2005  |  |  |
|  | 40 µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Annual mean            | 31.12.2005  |  |  |
| Particulate Matter<br>(PM <sub>10</sub> )<br>(gravimetric) | 50 μg/m <sup>3</sup> , not to be<br>exceeded more<br>than 35 times a<br>year  | 24-hour mean           | 31.12.2004  |  |  |
| (3   | 40 µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Annual mean            | 31.12.2004  |  |  |
|  | 350 μg/m <sup>3</sup> , not to<br>be exceeded more<br>than 24 times a<br>year | 1-hour mean            | 31.12.2004  |  |  |
| Sulphur dioxide  | 125 μg/m <sup>3</sup> , not to<br>be exceeded more<br>than 3 times a year     | 24-hour mean           | 31.12.2004  |  |  |
|  | 266 µg/m <sup>3</sup> , not to<br>be exceeded more<br>than 35 times a<br>year | 15-minute mean         | 31.12.2005  |  |  |

#### **1.4** Summary of Previous Review and Assessments

Rushcliffe has declared AQMAs in previous review and assessment rounds in several areas in the district. These areas are principally associated with  $NO_2$  exceedences of the annual mean associated with traffic but have in the past been for  $SO_2$  exceedence of the AQS at an industry process in Barnstone (now revoked)

The detailed assessment undertaken in 2005 concluded that the annual mean objective for NO<sub>2</sub> would be exceeded. As a result, two AQMAs were declared on 1st September 2005 and remain in force today AQMA1 included the areas around Wilford Lane, Trent Bridge and Lady Bay; AQMA2 included the area around A52/Botany Close (Map 1.2 to Map 1.4)

The AQS objectives were also found to have been exceeded in respect of  $SO_2$  in the vicinity of Lafarge UK Ltd. cement plant at Barnstone and as a result, AQMA 3 was declared on 1st September 2005. Following the closure of the kiln, which was the source of the exceedence, the AQMA 3 was revoked on 27th April 2007.

The 2010 Progress Report concluded that within AQMA 2 receptor sites have all been below the AQS but recommended further monitoring prior to any decision to remove the AQMA. The 2010 report also recommended the completion of a Detailed Assessment at the A52 Junction with Stragglethorpe Road as a result of elevated levels of  $NO_2$  when compared to the annual mean objective. Levels in AQMA 1 continued to be above the AQS at relevant receptors.

Monitoring along roadside sites outside of AQMA's indicates exceedances of annual mean for NO<sub>2</sub>, however when adjusted for distance to receptors previous reports have indicated AQS are not being exceeded.

The progress report 2011 recommended the creation of further AQMA for the exceedance of the annual mean  $NO_2$  level following the completion of the detailed assessment for the Stragglethorpe Junction area.

Consequently on 1<sup>st</sup> October 2011 a fourth AQMA area was declared in Rushcliffe. This area is refered to as AQMA 4 although the official order names the site as 'AQMA1 order 2011' (Map 1.5)

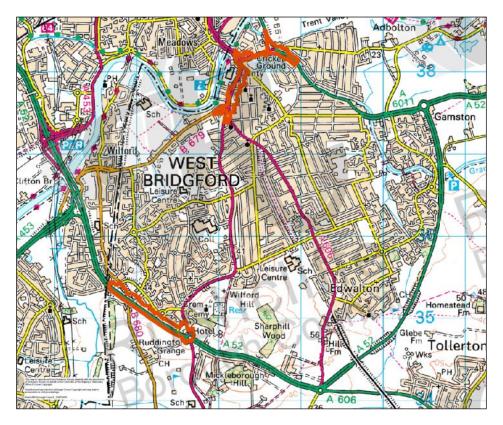
#### **Rushcliffe Borough Council**

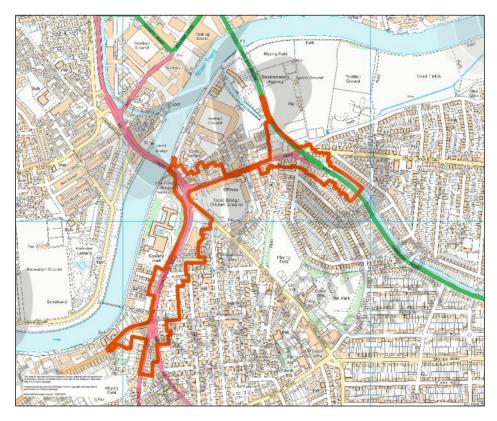
A further assessment was carried out in 2012 and work undertaken to develop the AQAP for this area. Input was required from the Highways Agency and delays took place as a result. The AQAP was finally submitted in January 2014 and was accepted by Defra in February 2014. Work continues to implement these measures. An updating and screening assessment was carried out in 2012. The main findings of this report relate to:

- the changes in a major road improvement scheme, A46
- Increase the number of diffusion tube sites due to future residential developments
- Review of the reduction in NOx levels in AQMA 1 and AQMA 2
- Further monitoring data for AQMA 4 indicating the correct decision was made to declare the AQMA.

The locations and plans for the AQMA areas are shown in Map **1.1** to Map **1.5** shown below. Table **1.2** shows a list of previous R&A reports.

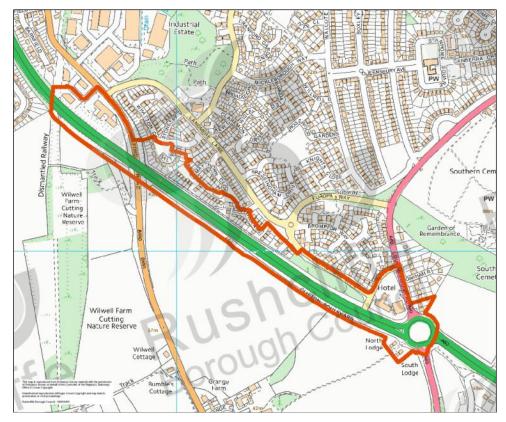
Map 1.2 Map of AQMA 1 & AQMA 2 boundaries



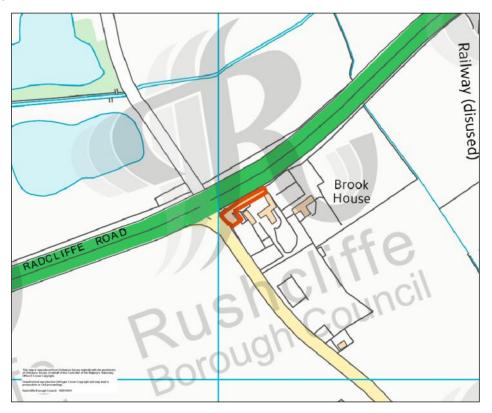


#### Map 1.3 Detailed Map of AQMA 1 Boundaries

Map 1.4 Detailed Map of AQMA 2 Boundaries



Map 1.5 Map of AQMA Boundaries (AQMA4, Stragglethorpe Junction, A52 Radcliffe on Trent)



| Table 1.2 Showing previous review and asse | ssment reports |
|--|----------------|
|--|----------------|

| Report title  | Date Produced                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| AQAP for AQMA 2011/1 (AKA AQMA4)                              | January 2014                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Quality Progress Report 2013                              | July 2013                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Further Assessment Stragglethorpe 2012                        | September 2012                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Updating and Screening Assessment                             | April 2012                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Review and Assessment of Local Air                            |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality 2012  |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011 Air Quality Progress Report                              | May 2011                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Detailed assessment of NO2 at                                 | May 2011 (concluded AQMA to be |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A52/Stragglethorpe Road                                       | declared)                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air quality & Air quality action plan<br>Progress report 2010 | March 2010                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Quality Action Plan 2009 Progress                         | July 2009                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Report  |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Updating and Screening Assessment                             | July 2009                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Review and Assessment of Local Air                            |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality (2009)  |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Quality Progress Report 2008                              | June 2008                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Quality Review: Assessment                                | June 2007                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Progress Report June 2007                                     | May 2007                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Quality Action Plan: May 2007                             | May 2007                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Quality Management No 3 Order                             | April 2007                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revocation order (2007)                                       | 7.pm 2007                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Updating and Screening Assessment,                            | April 2006                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Review and Assessment of Local Air                            |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality 2006  |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Progress report 2005  | April 2005                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Detailed approximate of Outstand divide                       | Fahrward 2005                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Detailed assessment of Sulphur dioxide                        | February 2005                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and nitrogen dioxide<br>Updating and Screening Assessment     | May 2003                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Review and Assessment of Local Air                            | Iviay 2005                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality (May 2003)  |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual Report on Air Quality (2002)                           | 2002                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Quality Review and Assessment                             | December 2000                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (2000)  |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# 2 New Monitoring Data

## 2.1 Summary of Monitoring Undertaken

#### 2.1.1 Automatic Monitoring Sites

Rushcliffe undertook automatic monitoring for NO<sub>2</sub>/NOx at Loughborough Road/Millicent Road in AQMA 1 and at the Trent House Flats, Trent Bridge, AQMA1 sites during 2013. PM10 monitoring has ceased at Centenary House as stated in the previous R&A report.

The locations of the two operational monitors in the district covering the 2013 period are shown in Map 2.1 and in Map 2.2.

Table 2.1 below confirms the grid references for the automatic monitoring locations in the borough.

Full details of the monitors can be found in the QA/QC section of Appendix A.

As recommended by Defra from comments made by Defra regarding previous R&A reports a new NOx monitor was purchased and was planned to be installed adjacent to Holme House in the Stragglethorpe AQMA 4; but technical, safety and permission issues from the HA with the proposed location of the monitor means this has not been possible in 2013. To utilise this resource the new monitor was installed in AQMA1 in May 2013 at the Trent House Flats, Trent Bridge a site that is continually exceeding NO2 annual mean AQS based on diffusion tubes; so real time monitoring can be carried out to back up the current diffusion tube data until the relocation to Stragglethorpe can be done.

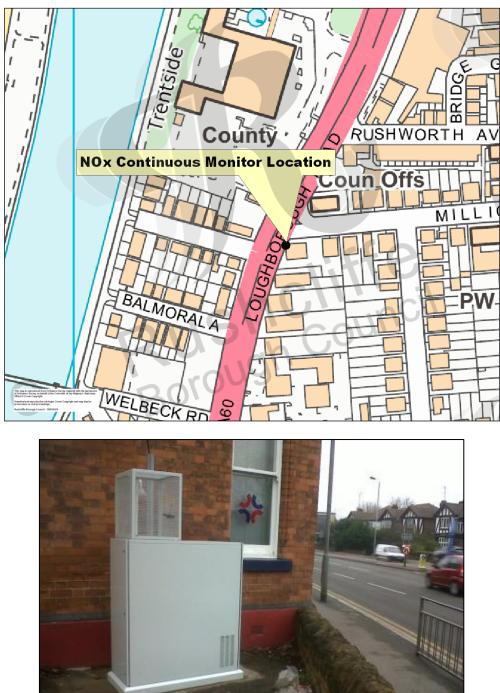
This service has determined that it has proved very difficult and would be very expensive to site the new monitor on Highways Agency land at the A52 (AQMA 4). Meetings have taken place with the HA over 2013 and expense and difficulties involved have been considered as prohibitive. There appears to be little compromise or finance available from the HA to enable a site to be introduced. As such as a last resort permission has been sort to site the new NO2 analyser in the front garden of Home House. The occupant is currently willing to allow this and as such in January 2014 the monitor was moved from the temporary site at Trent House Flats and installed at Holme House (power has been provided by the HA). Monitoring data from this site will be reported on in next year's report but initial examination of the data

confirms exceedances are occurring. The Loughborough Road site in AQMA1 has remained static over 2013.

## Rushcliffe Borough Council

Table 2.1 Details of Automatic Monitoring Sites

| Site Name   | Site<br>Type | X OS Grid<br>Reference | Y OS Grid<br>Reference | Inlet<br>Height<br>(m) | Pollutants<br>Monitored | In<br>AQMA? | Monitoring<br>Technique | Relevant<br>Exposure?<br>(Y/N with<br>distance<br>(m) from<br>monitoring<br>site to<br>relevant<br>exposure) | Distance<br>to Kerb of<br>Nearest<br>Road (m)<br>(N/A if not<br>applicable) | Does this<br>Location<br>Represent<br>Worst-<br>Case<br>Exposure? |
|---|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|--|---|---|
| Loughborough<br>Road/Millicent<br>Road, West<br>Bridgford | Roadside     | 458174                 | 337772                 | 1.9                    | NO <sub>2</sub>         | Y           | chemiluminescence       | Y (0m)   | 5m  | Y   |
| AQMA1   |              |                        |                        |                        |                         |             |                         |  |   |   |
| Trent House<br>Flats, Trent<br>Bridge,<br>AQMA 1          | Roadside     | 4582271                | 338197                 | 5.0                    | NO2                     | Y           | chemiluminescence       | Y (0m)   | 3.2   | Y   |



Map 2.1 Location of Automatic Monitoring Sites (NO<sub>2</sub> monitor with photo) (within AQMA1)

Map 2.2 Location of Automatic Monitoring Site THF(Incl photos of site) and Diffusion Tube Locations at Trent Bridge, AQMA 1



#### 2.1.2 Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

#### Nitrogen Dioxide

Rushcliffe Borough Council undertook nitrogen dioxide monitoring using diffusion tubes at 35 monitoring points in 2013; some sites have duplicate tubes and there are two sites with triplicate tubes, including co-location with the NOx analyser at Loughborough Road/Millicent Road. This is a reduction in 2 sites from last year's report with the Newgate Street site Bingham, ending and the Holme House Gardens site ending, both due to low readings being obtained indicating no likelihood of exceedence of the AQS..

Through 2013 the A453 sites was also stopped as access to the site was no longer possible due to the construction of the replacement A453 duel carriage way by the Highways Agency which still at the time of this report is part way through construction.

Also the 110 Wilford Lane site (110WL) was becoming regularly vandalised and data capture was very low and sporadic, as such this site was also ended part way through the year.

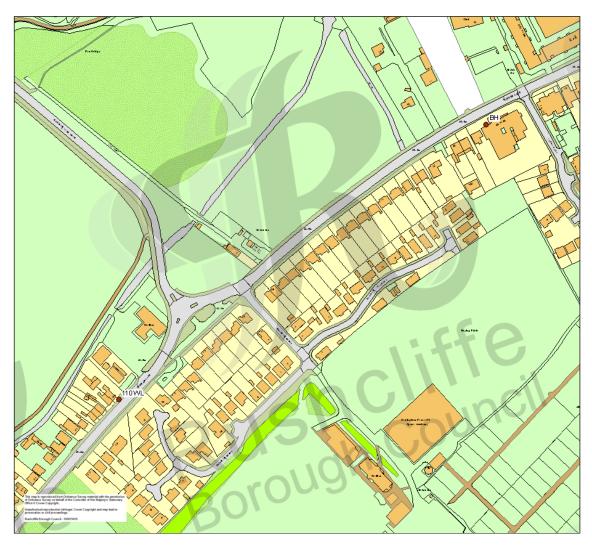
12 sites are in AQMA 1, 4 in AQMA 2, 3 in AQMA 4(AQMA 2011/1), and the rest are located at various roadside, urban background and façade sites throughout the borough.

The maps and the specific details of the locations of the diffusion tube monitoring sites are shown in Map 2.1 to Map 2.14.

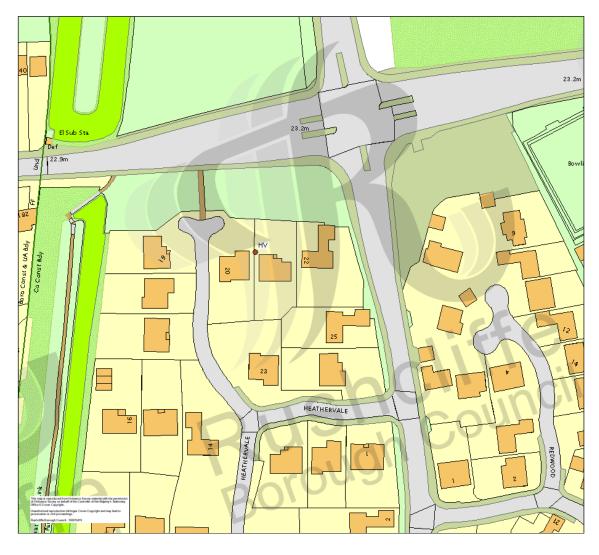
No other non-automatic monitoring took place in the Borough during the 2013 year.



Map 2.3 AQMA1 Diffusion Tube locations Loughborough Road West Bridgford



Map 2.4 Diffusion Tube Locations Wilford Lane West Bridgford



Map 2.5 Diffusion Tube Location Heathervale West Bridgford



Map 2.6 Diffusion Tube location AQMA1 Radcliffe Road West Bridgford



Map 2.7 Diffusion Tube Location AQMA 2



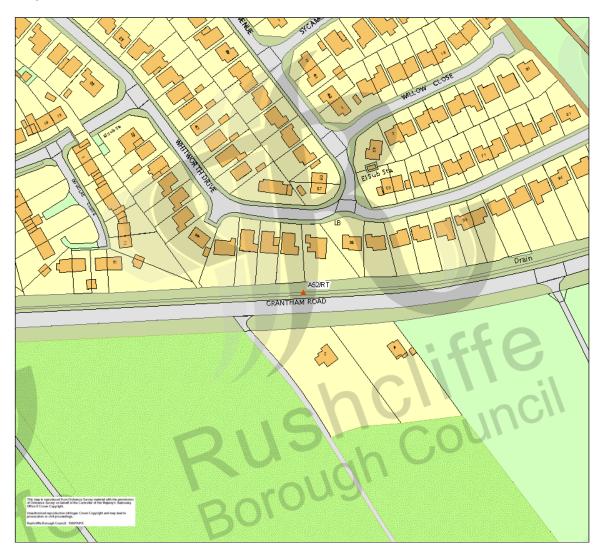
Map 2.8 Diffusion Tube Location Peveril court



Map 2.9 Diffusion Tube Location Lings Bar Gamston



Map 2.10 Diffusion Tube Location Hampton Road West Bridgford



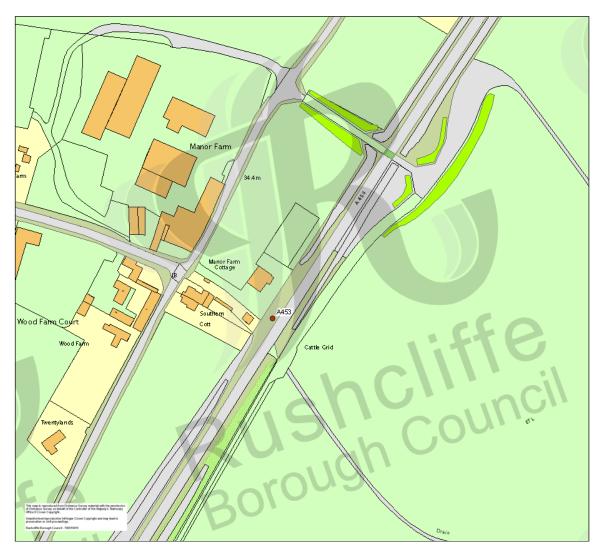
Map 2.11 Diffusion Tube Location A52 Radcliffe on Trent



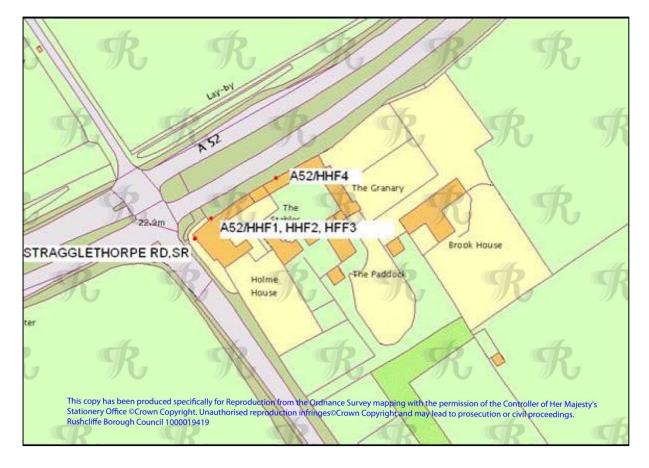
Map 2.12 Diffusion Tube Location A52 South Avenue Radcliffe on Trent



Map 2.13 Diffusion Tube location Kirkhill Bingham



Map 2.14 Diffusion Tube Location A453 Thrumpton



Map 2.15 Diffusion Tube Location A52 Radcliffe on Trent junction with Stragglethorpe Road (AQMA 2011/1 AKA AQMA4)

Table 2.2 Details of Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

|                                   |                                    |              |        |        |                         | Relevant Exposure?(Y/N with distance (m) to<br>relevant exposure)ForFor 1 hrForFor 1 hr |                 |       | Distance<br>to kerb of<br>nearest<br>road | Worst-                               |                       |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------------------|---|-----------------|-------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Site Name                         | Short Name<br>(Tube<br>descriptor) | Site<br>Type | OS Gr  | id Ref | Pollutants<br>Monitored | In<br>AQMA?   | annual<br>limit | limit |   | (N/A if not applicable)              | case<br>Location<br>? |
| 1 LOUGHB'H RD W/B                 | NA1,NA2, NA3                       | Façade       | 458174 | 337772 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 5                                    | Y                     |
| EDWARD ROAD, LADY BAY             | ER                                 | RS           | 458716 | 338238 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 10.5 from<br>main road(2<br>from ER) | Y                     |
| LOUGHBOROUGH ROAD<br>(RES)        | LR                                 | Façade       | 458126 | 337727 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 8.9                                  | Y                     |
| CENTENARY HOUSE                   | Cent H                             | Façade       | 458090 | 337527 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 6.4                                       | 7.3                                  | Y                     |
| RADCLIFFE ROAD                    | RR                                 | Façade       | 458284 | 338150 | NO2                     | 1   | N               | Y     | 0   | 4                                    | Y                     |
| SWANS HOTEL                       | SH                                 | Façade       | 458919 | 338120 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 10                                   | Y                     |
| THE POINT                         | POINT                              | Façade       | 458114 | 337518 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 7.4                                  | Y                     |
| TRENT BOULEVARD A                 | TBLA                               | Façade       | 458752 | 338278 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 7.1                                  | Y                     |
| TRENT BOULEVARD B                 | TBLB                               | Façade       | 458756 | 338267 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 3.4                                  | Y                     |
| TRENT BRIDGE INN                  | тві                                | Façade       | 458274 | 338117 | NO2                     | 1   | N               | Y     | 0   | 6.6                                  | Y                     |
| TRENT HOUSE                       | THF, THF2                          | Façade       | 458227 | 338197 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 3.2                                  | Y                     |
| WILFORD LANE 3                    | WL3                                | RS           | 458134 | 337581 | NO2                     | 1   | Y               | Y     | 5.2                                       | 2.1                                  | Y                     |
| A60/A52 JUNCTION (Nott<br>Knight) | NK                                 | RS           | 457612 | 334813 | NO2                     | 2   | N               | N     | n/a                                       | 1.8                                  | Y                     |
| 3 BOTANY CLOSE                    | 3BT                                | Façade       | 457266 | 335008 | NO2                     | 2   | Y               | Y     | 0   | 21                                   | Y                     |

| CLOVERLANDS(Façade)                              | CL, CLa                            | Façade | 457223 | 335033 | NO2 | 2  | Y | Y | 0    | 16.3(from<br>A52) | Y |
|--|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-----|----|---|---|------|-------------------|---|
| WINDYWAYS  | WW, WW2                            | Façade | 457651 | 334840 | NO2 | 2  | Y | Y | 0    | 12                | Y |
| A453   | A453                               | RS     | 451697 | 330925 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 23.8 | 3.2               | Y |
| A52 LINGS BAR Hospital                           | GLB HOS                            | Façade | 460663 | 336514 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 26                | Y |
| A52 SOUTH AVE,<br>RADCLIFFE                      | A52/SA                             | RS     | 465929 | 335543 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 4.2               | Y |
| RADCLIFFE A52                                    | A52/RT                             | RS     | 464644 | 338730 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 5.2  | 3.3               | Y |
| A52 HOME HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHORPE         | A52/HHF1,<br>A52/HHF2,<br>A52/HHF3 | Façade | 463011 | 338213 | NO2 | 4  | Y | Y | 0    | 6.4               | Y |
| A52 HOMEHOUSE (Façade away from junction on A52) | A52/HHF4                           | Façade | 463040 | 338232 | NO2 | 4  | Y | Y | 0    | 6.4               | Y |
| STRAGGLETHORPE ROAD                              | SR                                 | Façade | 463005 | 338204 | NO2 | 4  | Y | Y | 0    | 5.5               | Y |
| 21 HEATHERVALE                                   | HV                                 | Façade | 456893 | 336768 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 36                | Ν |
| 34 BRIDGFORD ROAD                                | BR                                 | Façade | 458501 | 337854 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 10                | Y |
| 39/41 WILFORD LANE                               | WLR/2                              | Façade | 457873 | 337426 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 9                 | Y |
| HAMPTON ROAD                                     | HR                                 | UB     | 458326 | 336714 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 5.4               | Y |
| HICKORY HOUSE                                    | нн                                 | Façade | 458049 | 337340 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 10.5              | Y |
| 110 WILFORD LANE                                 | 110 WL                             | RS     | 457366 | 337091 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 3    | 1.8               | Y |
| 37 RADCLIFFE ROAD                                | 37RR                               | Façade | 458457 | 338215 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 13.8              | Y |
| PEVERIL COURT                                    | PC,                                | Façade | 458399 | 337172 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 8                 | Y |
| THE BEECHES HOTEL                                | вн                                 | Façade | 457701 | 337342 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 9.7               | Y |
| 1 KIRKHILL                                       | 1KH,                               | Façade | 470210 | 340010 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 1.37              | Y |
| 4 KIRKHILL                                       | 4KH                                | RS     | 470219 | 340051 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 2                 | Y |
| 15 KIRKHILL                                      | 15KHG                              | RS     | 470202 | 340092 | NO2 | no | Y | Y | 0    | 2                 | Y |

## 2.2 Comparison of Monitoring Results with Air Quality Objectives

#### 2.2.1 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>)

#### **Automatic Monitoring Data**

The results for 2013 collected from the chemiluminescence analyser sited at Loughborough Road, West Bridgford and Trent House Flats, Trent Bridge, West Bridgford are shown in Table 2.3 and Table 2.4 below, with the previous four years data included for comparison where applicable.

The 2013 annual mean was 29.7µg/m<sup>3</sup> for the Loughborough Road site. This is significantly below previous year's results. During this period there was a considerable traffic restriction placed on the Wilford Lane where traffic was completely halted for a significant period of the year whilst the tram crossing was installed. This meant that traffic was not able to arrive into the city from the A52 or ring road via this route for several months. It is suspected this traffic reduction has played a significant role in the NO2 reduction and this may indicate a temporary reduction of NO2.

The Trent House Flats(THF) site was operational from  $21^{st}$  May 2013 until  $15^{th}$  December 2013. This produced an annualised result of 37.63 µg/m<sup>3</sup>. This site was also affected by the Wilford Lane Closure as the Trent Bridge is a main entry point into Nottingham. The result would suggest a compliance with the NO2 annual mean limit, however, non quantifiable temporary traffic reductions as a result of the closure would be a cause of a slight reduction at this site. In 2014 the traffic restriction has been lifted.

The 99.8<sup>th</sup> percentile of the data was calculated at both sites and found to be well below the NO<sub>2</sub> hourly mean AQS objective of  $200\mu g/m^3$ . There were no exceedances of the  $200\mu g/m^3$  AQS objective at either site.

Figure 2.1 shows the trend in annual means from 2008 to 2013 Table 2.4 shows there have been no exceedances of the hourly mean since 2008.

Table 2.3 Results of Automatic Monitoring NO2 2012: Comparison with Annual Mean Objective

|  |           |                 | Valid Data   | Valid Data                     | Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) |                    |                    |                    |                    |  |  |
|--|-----------|-----------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Site ID                                | Site Type | Within<br>AQMA? | Capture for<br>Monitoring<br>Period % <sup>a</sup> | Capture 2013<br>% <sup>b</sup> | 2009* <sup>c</sup>                             | 2010* <sup>c</sup> | 2011* <sup>c</sup> | 2012* <sup>c</sup> | 2013 °             |  |  |
| Loughborough<br>Road/Millicent<br>Road | Roadside  | Y               | Full year  | 81.8                           | 34.10  | 39.24              | 37.8               | 41.1               | 29.7               |  |  |
| Trent House<br>Flats                   | Roadside  | Y               | 56.6% part year                                    | 91.8                           | n/a  | n/a                | n/a                | n/a                | 37.63 <sup>c</sup> |  |  |

In bold, exceedence of the NO<sub>2</sub> annual mean AQS objective of 40µg/m<sup>3</sup>

<sup>a</sup> i.e. data capture for the monitoring period, in cases where monitoring was only carried out for part of the year

<sup>b</sup> i.e. data capture for the full calendar year (e.g. if monitoring was carried out for six months the maximum data capture for the full calendar year would be 50%)

<sup>c</sup> Means should be "annualised" <u>as in Box 3.2 of TG(09)</u> (<u>http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/technical-guidance/index.html?d=page=38</u>), if valid data capture is less than 75%

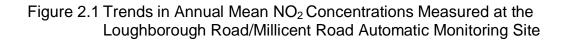
µg/m³

Annualisation of THF,

Period Mean (PM) = 21 may to 31 December 1hr avg =  $35.5 \mu g/m^3$ 

Annual Mean (AM) = 1 Jan 2013 to the 31 Dec 2013

|                            | AM              | PM    | AM/PM |  |  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Chesterfield               | 17.98           | 16.19 | 1.11  |  |  |
| Northampton<br>Kingsthorpe | 13.91           | 14.06 | 0.99  |  |  |
| Lady Bower                 | 10.86           | 9.67  | 1.07  |  |  |
|                            | Average (       | (Ra)= | 1.06  |  |  |
| Annualised<br>result =     | 1.06 x 35.5 = 3 |       |       |  |  |



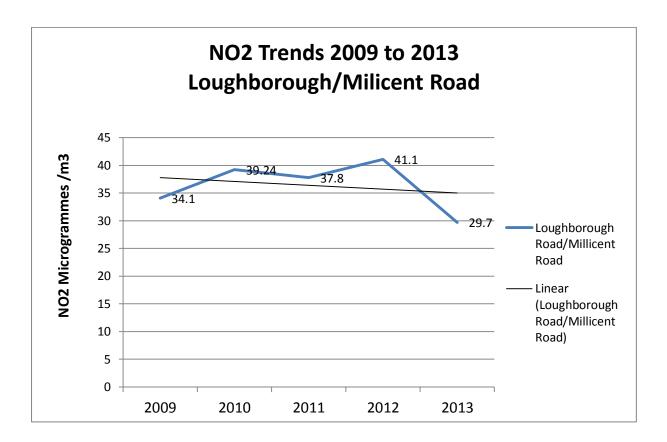


Table 2.4 Results of Automatic Monitoring for NO<sub>2</sub>: Comparison with 1-hour Mean Objective

|   |              |                 | Valid Data   | Valid Data                     | 1                  | Number of                        | Hourly Mea         | ans > 200µ         | g/m³  |
|---|--------------|-----------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| Site ID                                 | Site<br>Type | Within<br>AQMA? | Capture for<br>Monitoring<br>Period % <sup>a</sup> | Capture 2013<br>% <sup>b</sup> | 2009* <sup>c</sup> | 2010* <sup>c</sup>               | 2011* <sup>c</sup> | 2012* <sup>c</sup> | 2013 °  |
| Loughborough<br>Road/<br>Millicent Road | Roadside     | Y               | 100  | 81.8                           | 0                  | 0                                | 0                  | 0                  | 0   |
|   |              |                 |  |                                |                    | 99.8th<br>Percentile<br>131.6µgm |                    |                    | 99.8th<br>Percentile<br>102.7µgm <sup>-3</sup> )            |
| Trent House<br>Flats                    | Roadside     | Y               | 56.8   | 91.8                           | N/A                | N/A                              | N/A                | N/A                | 0   |
|   |              |                 |  |                                |                    |                                  |                    |                    | 110.9 μgm <sup>-3</sup><br>99.8 <sup>th</sup><br>percentile |

In bold, exceedence of the NO<sub>2</sub> hourly mean AQS objective  $(200\mu g/m^3 - not to be exceeded more than 18 times per year)$ 

<sup>a</sup> i.e. data capture for the monitoring period, in cases where monitoring was only carried out for part of the year

<sup>b</sup> i.e. data capture for the full calendar year (e.g. if monitoring was carried out for six months the maximum data capture for the full calendar year would be 50%)

<sup>c</sup> If the data capture for full calendar year is less than 90%, include the 99.8<sup>th</sup> percentile of hourly means in brackets

\* Number of exceedences for previous years is optional

#### **Non-Automatic Monitoring**

#### **Diffusion Tube Monitoring Data**

The diffusion tubes are supplied and analysed by Gradko International Ltd utilising the 20% Triethanolamine (TEA) in water preparation method. Gradko is a WASP listed and UKAS accredited laboratory. Gradko International Laboratory utilises a Laboratory Quality Management System with the analysis being carried out with a documented in-house laboratory method GLM7

With regard to the application of a bias adjustment factor for the diffusion tubes, the LAQM.TG (09) and Review and Assessment Helpdesk recommends use of a local bias adjustment factor where available and relevant to diffusion tube sites. Rushcliffe Borough Council operates a triplicate diffusion tube co-location with a continuous NO<sub>2</sub> analyser on Loughborough Road/Millicent Road (AKA 1 Loughborough Rd) in West Bridgford. However, the site is not typical of the exposure for all tube sites and in past year's data capture rates have been low for the automatic monitor and has led to inconsistent bias factors. For consistency and reliability the national bias factor is therefore used. It should be noted that last year a factor of 0.94 was used and the updated national factor for 2012 has been changed to 0.96 (March 2013). Consequently diffusion tubes from last year's results have very slightly increased.

As such a national bias factor of 0.95 has been used derived from the DEFRA website at: <u>http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/bias-adjustment-factors/national-bias.html</u> the March 2014 publication.

Where diffusion tube sites are not directly positioned on the façade of a relevant receptor due to practicalities a prediction was made using the fall off with distance tool available from <a href="http://www.airquality.co.uk/laqm/tools.php">http://www.airquality.co.uk/laqm/tools.php</a>.

The monitoring site details are contained in Table 2.2 and the 2013 results in Table 2.5 with maps of site locations shown in Map 2.3 to Map 2.14. The chosen bias factor is discussed in Appendix A: Quality Control (QA/QC)

The full monthly mean dataset is shown in Appendix B, Table 13.1 2013 NO2 Diffusion Tubes monthly results

#### Summary of diffusion tube results in AQMA 1

In AQMA1, 12 monitoring locations for diffusion tubes were assessed in 2013 with only one site showing levels above the 40  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> annual mean and none above the 60  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> indicating no breech of the hourly limit. This is an improvement on last year's results and previous reported results. The site exceeding the annual mean is highlighted in Table 2.5 below. The site exceeding the annual level is the Trent Bridge Inn (TBI) site.

The **TBI** site is located at the entrance to a public house. The site is not a relevant receptor for the annual mean but would be for the hourly limit. The result is thus compliant with AQO for NO<sub>2</sub> with an annual bias adjusted mean of 44.0  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> (last year it was 48.9  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) being significantly below the 60  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>.

The **Radcliffe Road** tube (RR) is sited on the façade of a shop approximately 2.1-2.2 metres from ground level. There are no relevant exposures to the annual mean at ground floor level in this area as the frontage is populated by shops, although seating area does exist for a café (2-3 seats) which is used infrequently. However, at first floor level several buildings above shops have permission to be residential. It has been noted that the flats are rented and tenants are present in these flats in 2013.

Given that receptor locations for the annual mean AQS are at first floor level, it is expected that  $NO_2$  levels will be slightly lower than at measured ground level which for 2013 is 33.5 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; again this is a reduction from last years results. As such the site is in compliance for the 1 hour objective and confidence has grown that the site is compliant with the annual AQS.

There are no plans to move the tube to a higher level as there is no access to this façade to make it practicable to change on a regular basis. **Site is compliant in 2013** 

**Trent House Flats (THF)** site is on the façade of an upper storey residential flat and is representative of residential exposure on the façade. Duplicate diffusion tubes results of 38.8  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> compared to last years of 42.0 $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> show that the site has moved from non-compliance to compliance to the AQO for the annual mean and remains below the 1 hour surrogate value. This site is also the location of the temporary part year NO2 analyser which had an annualised result of 37.63  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> for

2013 which are very comparable results. The results provide a high degree of certainty that for 2013 the AQS were met at this site.

This site is historically the highest  $NO_2$  sampling site at the façade by either measurement or calculation in AQMA 1 for comparison with the annual mean AQS. As such a fall in levels at this site to below the AQO will indicate compliance with the objective to the annual mean within the AQMA 1 and is a significant milestone.

**Trent Boulevard A and B.** The Trent Boulevard site is a property that has two diffusion tubes, one mounted on the Trent Boulevard façade and one on the Radcliffe Road façade. The tube on the Radcliffe Road side is closer to the major traffic flow on this road. The A tube has remained below the AQS and the B tube has fallen from just above to below the AQS in 2013. **Site is compliant in 2013** 

Wilford Lane 3 (WL3). This tube is mounted on a lamppost and is on the side of the junction where relevant receptors for the annual mean are present, albeit they are set back from the road. Utilising the distance correction tool to estimate the exposure at the nearest receptor a corrected value of  $33.2\mu g/m^3$  from  $39.1 \ \mu g/m^3$  is achieved (last years was  $38.6\mu g/m^3$  from  $42.0\mu g/m^3$ ). The background value selected is the Hampton Road (HR) sampling site. The calculation is available in Appendix C: Distance calculations. This is below the AQO and as such the site is not breaching the AQO for the annual hourly objectives.

All other sites in AQMA 1 are below the AQO for the annual mean without any fall off with distance correction being applied. One site, Loughborough Road (residential), was previously marginal above the 36µg/m<sup>3</sup>, but has reduced in 2013 to well below this level and remains below the AQO.

In conclusion all sites in AQMA have moved into compliance in 2013. It is unsure if this will remain so due to the temporary Wilford Lane closure that affected traffic flow in 2013.

#### Summary of NO<sub>2</sub> diffusion tube results in AQMA 2

4 diffusion tubes sites were located within AQMA 2 in 2013.

The **A52 Ring Road NK (Nottingham Knight)** site continues to be high at roadside. However this site does not have any relevant receptors nearby for the annual mean at this point around the traffic island. The nearby public house has an outside seating area that is used in the summer months but is approximately 20m from the roadside The tube is 1.8m from the roadside and the 2013 annual mean for the site is 47.4  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> (last year's result of 44.3 $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) and **remains compliant with the AQS** (i.e. significantly below the 60  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>). The façade level at the public house is estimated to be 33.0 $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> using the distance correction tool. The site has been in place for a number of years and it is proposed to keep the site active to enable roadside trends at this junction to be monitored.

Windy Ways (WW) has seen a slight reduction in NO<sub>2</sub> in the last few years and in 2012 the site was just below the AQS for the annual mean at  $39.1\mu g/m^3$ . In 2013 the site has seen further reductions to  $36.8 \ \mu g/m^3$ . This is based on 2 diffusion tubes at the site to provide a greater degree of certainty. This site would have seen slight increases in traffic due to the Wilford Lane Closure as this provides and alternative means to access the Trent Bridge Location from the ring road. Consequently a fall in the level at this site indicates a greater certainty that the AQMA 2 is in compliance with the AQS.

**The 3BT (3 Botany Close)** site has shown levels of  $28.8\mu g/m^3$  in 2011,  $32.6\mu g/m^3$  in 2012 and  $29.9\mu g/m^3$  2013. The site was brought into use following comments from Defra concerned about the A52 on this site. The results indicate no concern with exceeding the AQS and as such this site has been stopped at the end of the 2013 year.

**The Cloverland (CL)** site is located on the closest property to the A52 and is near to the 3BT site. This site has 2 tubes located in close proximity to improve the accuracy at the site. The site has in the past indicated higher levels than would be expected. More recently the 2012 levels of  $34.3\mu g/m^3$  indicate a slight increase at this site from  $32.5\mu g/m^3$  in 2011 and in 2013 the level is again compliant at  $32.0 \ \mu g/m^3$ .

# Consequently it is concluded that all tube sampling sites in AQMA2 are below the AQS.

#### Summary of diffusion tube results in AQMA 4

**Holme House (A52HH)** is situated on the A52 trunk road adjacent to the inbound carriageway into Nottingham and is positioned on the corner of the junction with Stragglethorpe Road and in 2013, 3 locations were used for diffusion tube studies including one triplicate site. The Garden site set the within the property was ceased as levels were substantially below the AQS.

The tubes located on the A52 façade show consistently high results with annual means of 49.3  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> showing a reduction from 2012 results of 51.9  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> (A52/HH/F1 to F3). The A52/HH/F4 is on the façade on the approach to the junction at the same distance from the curb and had a 2013 result of 45.6  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> which compares to 2012 results of 49.3  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>. This brings the site back to 2011 levels which are still significantly **exceeding the annual AQS at the site.** 

The Stragglethorpe Road façade tube gave an annual mean of 34.1  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> in 2013 compared to 34.6  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> in 2012 and marginally lower than the 2011 mean of 36.8  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### The site remains non-compliant with the Annual mean AQS

#### Summary of diffusion tubes not in AQMA's

17 sites outside of existing AQMA's were monitored in 2013 with diffusion tubes.

The **A453 Thrumpton site** is located on the grass verge of the A453 and as such is expected to be high (41.1  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> for 2012 and 37.9  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> in 2013 for 6 months). The site has relevant receptors some distance from the location (23.8m) and there is significant fall off with distance which leads the site to be compliant with the AQO and the predicted level at the relevant receptor is 29.2  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> in 2012 and 27.4  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> in 2013. Monitoring at the site was stopped in 2013 as the A453 was being widened to dual carriageway in both directions by the HA and traffic flows are not normal and access to the site was not possible. As such only a part of the year's data was collected. The data has not been annualised as the previous predicted levels at the nearest site were at rural background levels already. The data that was captured was the first half of the year and would be robust enough to show no AQS exceedances. The site is maintained for modelling and historical trend purposes only. When the A453 is complete a decision will be taken to see if continuation of monitoring is still required.

It should be noted that work on the A453 widening project commenced on January 2013.

**37RR (37 Radcliffe Road)** The property is adjacent to AQMA 1 and the tube is located back from the façade of the building by 3.3 metres. As such a distance correction to the 2013 bias adjusted mean is required. This results in a facade level

of 31.7µg/m<sup>3</sup> well below the AQO. The calculation is available in appendix B, Appendix C: Distance calculations

#### Figure 14.1

**A52/RT** is a roadside site and the distance corrected concentration is  $32..9\mu g/m^3$  for the nearest residential property and the NO<sub>2</sub> level has decreased from last year's result which was marginally below the AQS. As the site has reduced the site will remain but no additional action will be taken. The calculation is available Appendix B: 2012 NO2 Diffusion Tubes monthly results.

**Kirkhill, Bingham.** In 2011, two diffusion tube monitoring sites were established at Kirkhill, Bingham, due to concerns regarding possible future increases in traffic and congestion resulting from significant proposed developments in the area.

In 2012, the number of diffusion tube sites was increased to 4 (1KH – duplicate tube, 4KH, 15KH and 19NS) because the 2011 NO2 levels were above the AQO.

The 2012 levels however, were below the AQO at 27.5, 35.9, 31.8 and 31.0  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> respectively. The duplicate 1KH and 19NS diffusion tubes were discontinued at the end of 2012.

In 2013 (1KH) 24.0  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>, (4KH) 34.6  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>, (15KHG) 29.8  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> were achieved indicating little current concern and compliance with the AQS.

The **A52 South Avenue** site at Radcliffe on Trent was marginal with an annual mean of  $36.1\mu g/m^3$  in 2012. In 2013 it has fallen to  $32.9\mu g/m^3$ . All other locations which are non AQMA sites are below the AQO.

None of the diffusion tube annual means were found to be above  $60\mu g/m^3$  indicating that exceedences of the NO<sub>2</sub> hourly mean AQS objective are unlikely.

Rushcliffe confirms that no further sites have been identified as exceeding the AQO for relevant receptors. Consequently the diffusion tube monitoring does not indicate that any further detailed assessments need to be undertaken in 2014.

Consideration could be given to seeking to revoke AQMA2.

Table 2.5 Results of NO2 Diffusion Tubes 2013

| Site Name   | Site ID                             | In<br>AQMA? | Site<br>Type | Triplicate<br>or Co-<br>located<br>Tube | Full<br>Calendar<br>Year Data<br>Capture<br>2013<br>(Number<br>of Months<br>or %) <sup>a</sup> | 2013 Annual<br>Mean<br>Concentration<br>(µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) - Bias<br>Adjustment<br>factor = 0.95 | 2013 Annual<br>Mean<br>Concentration<br>(μg/m3) – Bias<br>adjusted<br>corrected for<br>distance to<br>relevant<br>receptor <sup>b</sup> |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|---|--|--|---|
| NA1,NA2,NA3 | 1 LOUGHB'H RD W/B                   | 1           | Façade       | Triplicate                              | 100%   | 30.9   | 32.0  |
| ER          | EDWARD ROAD,<br>LADY BAY            | 1           | RS           | N                                       | 100%   | 32.1   | 32.1  |
| LR          | LOUGHBOROUGH<br>ROAD (RES)          | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 100%   | 32.5   | 32.8  |
| Cent H      | centenary house former<br>pm10 site | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 92%  | 32.6   | 31.3  |
| RR          | RADCLIFFE ROAD                      | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 92%  | 33.5   | 33.5  |
| SH          | SWANS HOTEL                         | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 100%   | 28.4   | 28.5  |
| POINT       | THE POINT                           | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 100%   | 27.8   | 28.5  |
| TBLA        | TRENT BOULEVARD<br>A                | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 100%   | 33.7   | 33.7  |
| TBLB        | TRENT BOULEVARD<br>B                | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 92%  | 35.5   | 35.5  |
| ТВІ         | TRENT BRIDGE INN                    | 1           | Façade       | N                                       | 100%   | 44.0   | 44.0 (annual mean<br>obj does not apply<br>at this location)  |
| THF,THF2    | TRENT HOUSE                         | 1           | Façade       | co-located                              | 100%   | 38.8   | 38.8  |
| WL3         | WILFORD LANE 3                      | 1           | RS           | N                                       | 100%   | 39.1   | 33.2  |

|                       |   |    | 1      |            |      |      |        |
|-----------------------|---|----|--------|------------|------|------|--------|
| NK                    | A60/A52 JUNCTION<br>(Nott Knight)           | 2  | RS     | N          | 100% | 47.4 | 33     |
| 3BT                   | 3 BOTANY CLOSE                              | 2  | Façade | N          | 92%  | 28.3 | 29.9   |
| CL,CL2A               | CLOVERLANDS                                 | 2  | Façade | co-located | 92%  | 31.5 | 32.0   |
| WW,WW2                | WINDYWAYS                                   | 2  | Façade | co-located | 100% | 36.8 | 36.8   |
| A453                  | A453  | no | RS     | N          | 50%  | 37.9 | 27.4 d |
| GLB HOS               | A52 LINGS BAR<br>Hospital                   | no | Façade | N          | 100% | 21.7 | 21.7   |
| A52/SA                | A52 SOUTH AVE,<br>RADCLIFFE                 | no | RS     | N          | 100% | 32.9 | 32.9   |
| A52/RT                | RADCLIFFE A52                               | no | RS     | N          | 100% | 37.5 | 32.9   |
| A52/HHF1,<br>HH2, HH3 | A52 HOME<br>HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHORPE | 4  | Façade | Triplicate | 100% | 49.3 | 49.3   |
| A52/HHF4              | A52 HOME<br>HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHORPE | 4  | Façade | N          | 100% | 41.2 | 41.2   |
| SR                    | STRAGGLETHORPE<br>ROAD                      | 4  | Façade | N          | 100% | 34.1 | 34.1   |
| HV                    | 22 HEATHERVALE                              | no | Façade | N          | 83%  | 23.9 | 25.0   |
| BR                    | 34 BRIDGFORD ROAD                           | no | Façade | N          | 92%  | 24.9 | 24.9   |
| WLR/2                 | 39/41 WILFORD LANE                          | no | Façade | N          | 100% | 25.8 | 25.8   |
| HR                    | HAMPTON ROAD                                | no | UB     | N          | 100% | 19.2 | 19.2   |
| НН                    | HICKORY HOUSE                               | no | Façade | N          | 100% | 25.2 | 25.2   |
| Roam(110 WL)          | Roam(!110 Wilford<br>Lane lamp post)        | no | RS     | N          | 42%  | 29.2 | n/a c  |
| 37RR                  | RADCLIFFE ROAD                              | no | Façade | Ν          | 100% | 30.4 | 31.7   |
| PC                    | PEVERIL COURT                               | no | Façade | N          | 100% | 27.3 | 27.3   |

| ВН    | THE BEECHES<br>HOTEL | no | Façade | Ν | 100% | 26.2 | 26.5 |
|-------|----------------------|----|--------|---|------|------|------|
| 1KH   | 1 KIRKHILL BINGHAM   | No | Façade | Ν | 100% | 24.0 | 24.0 |
| 4KH   | 4 KIRKHILL BINGHAM   | No | RS     | Ν | 100% | 34.6 | 34.6 |
| 15KHG | 15 Kirkhill Gardens  | No | RS     | Ν | 100% | 29.8 | 29.8 |

Data in bold, shows exceedence of the NO<sub>2</sub> annual mean AQS objective of 40µg/m<sup>3</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Means "annualised" <u>as in Box 3.2 of TG(09)( http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/technical-guidance/index.html?d=page=38</u>), because full calendar year data capture was less than 75%

<sup>b</sup> exceedence was measured at a monitoring site not representative of public exposure, NO<sub>2</sub> concentration at the nearest relevant exposure was estimated based on the "<u>NO2 fall-off with distance</u>" calculator (<u>http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/tools-monitoring-data/NO2-falloff.html</u>). The procedure is also explained <u>in Box 2.3 of Technical Guidance LAQM.TG(09)</u> (<u>http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/technical-guidance/index.html?d=page=30</u>).

C this site has not been annualised as data is sporadic through out the year and it is not possible to undertake a satisfactory annualisation of the data. This is due to vandalism of the site.

D this site was stopped as access was not possible due to the A453 being built. Distance to the nearest receptor is significant the site is well below the AQO as such annualisation has not be undertaken. The site was preserved for modelling purposes and historic trends not for exposure to relevant receptors.

Table 2.6 Results of NO<sub>2</sub> Diffusion Tubes (2008 to 2013)

|                                   |              |                 | Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) - Adjusted for Bias |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Site ID                           | Site<br>Type | Within<br>AQMA? | 2009 (Bias<br>Adjustment<br>Factor =<br>0.95)                      | 2010 (Bias<br>Adjustment<br>Factor =<br>0.92) | 2011 (Bias<br>Adjustment<br>Factor =<br>0.89) | 2012 (Bias<br>Adjustment<br>Factor =<br>0.94)a,b | 2013 (Bias<br>Adjustment<br>Factor =<br>0.95)a,b |  |  |  |  |
| 1 LOUGHB'H RD W/B                 | Façade       | Y               | 34.2   | 34.5  | 30.5  | 33.9   | 32.0   |  |  |  |  |
| EDWARD ROAD, LADY<br>BAY          | RS           | Y               | 34.5   | 35.7  | 29.6  | 32.7   | 32.1   |  |  |  |  |
| LOUGHBOROUGH<br>ROAD (RES)        | Façade       | Y               | 35.3   | 37.6  | 34.5  | 37.6   | 32.8   |  |  |  |  |
| CENTENARY HOUSE                   | Façade       | Y               | 33.9   | 35  | 27.1  | 30.8   | 31.3   |  |  |  |  |
| RADCLIFFE ROAD                    | Façade       | Y               | 40.1   | 40.8  | 36.5  | 37.9   | 33.5   |  |  |  |  |
| SWANS HOTEL                       | Façade       | Y               | 32.8   | 32.2  | 29.9  | 33   | 28.5   |  |  |  |  |
| THE POINT                         | Façade       | Y               | 29.1   | 28.5  | 26.7  | 30.1   | 28.5   |  |  |  |  |
| TRENT BOULEVARD A                 | Façade       | Y               | 37   | 34.6  | 34.9  | 37.2   | 33.7   |  |  |  |  |
| TRENT BOULEVARD B                 | Façade       | Y               | 40.3   | 38.8  | 37.2  | 40.4   | 35.5   |  |  |  |  |
| TRENT BRIDGE INN                  | Façade       | Y               | 54   | 48.8  | 47.6  | 48.9   | 44.0   |  |  |  |  |
| TRENT HOUSE                       | Façade       | Y               | 43   | 42  | 38.9  | 42   | 38.8   |  |  |  |  |
| WILFORD LANE 3                    | RS           | Y               | 44   | 40.3  | 41.1  | 38.6   | 33.2   |  |  |  |  |
| A60/A52 JUNCTION<br>(Nott Knight) | RS           | Y               | 49.3   | 44.3  | 49.7  | 44.3   | 33.0   |  |  |  |  |

| 3 BOTANY CLOSE   | Façade | Y | 36.5 | 31   | 28.1 | 32.6 | 29.9 |
|--|--------|---|------|------|------|------|------|
| CLOVERLANDS(Façade)                                    | Façade | Y | 38.5 | 36   | 32.5 | 34.3 | 32.0 |
| WINDYWAYS  | Façade | Y | 38.8 | 35   | 37.9 | 39.1 | 36.8 |
| A453 (b not applied)                                   | RS     | Ν | 44.2 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 37.9 |
| A52 LINGS BAR Hospital                                 | Façade | Ν | 22.5 | 23.9 | 19.6 | 21.8 | 21.7 |
| A52 SOUTH AVE,<br>RADCLIFFE                            | RS     | Ν | 34.8 | 35.9 | 31.2 | 36.1 | 32.9 |
| RADCLIFFE A52  | RS     | Ν | 39.1 | 38.7 | 36.6 | 38.9 | 32.9 |
| A52 HOME<br>HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHORPE            | Façade | Y | n/a  | 52   | 49.4 | 51.9 | 49.3 |
| A52 HOMEHOUSE<br>(Façade away from<br>junction on A52) | Façade | Y | n/a  | 41   | 42   | 49.3 | 41.2 |
| STRAGGLETHORPE<br>ROAD                                 | Façade | Y | 36.3 | 37.7 | 36.8 | 34.6 | 34.1 |
| 21 HEATHERVALE   | Façade | Ν | 29.5 | 25.9 | 21.7 | 23.1 | 25.0 |
| 34 BRIDGFORD ROAD                                      | Façade | Ν | 27.6 | 26.1 | 25.1 | 27.4 | 24.9 |
| 39/41 WILFORD LANE                                     | Façade | Ν | 30.1 | 29.6 | 26.5 | 28.9 | 25.8 |
| HAMPTON ROAD   | UB     | Ν | 21.8 | 22   | 18.8 | 21.8 | 19.2 |
| HICKORY HOUSE  | Façade | Ν | 29.8 | 28.2 | 27   | 29.1 | 25.2 |
| 37 RADCLIFFE ROAD                                      | Façade | Ν | 35.2 | 33.3 | 30   | 34.6 | 31.7 |
| PEVERIL COURT  | Façade | Ν | 30.1 | 30.8 | 26.5 | 29   | 27.3 |
| THE BEECHES HOTEL                                      | Façade | Ν | 29.9 | 30.7 | 26.8 | 30.7 | 26.5 |

| 1 KIRKHILL  | Façade | Ν | n/a | n/a | 40.6 | 27.5 | 24.0 |
|-------------|--------|---|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| 4 KIRKHILL  | RS     | Ν | n/a | n/a | 34.1 | 35.9 | 34.6 |
| 15 KIRKHILL | RS     | Ν | n/a | n/a | n/a  | 31.8 | 29.8 |

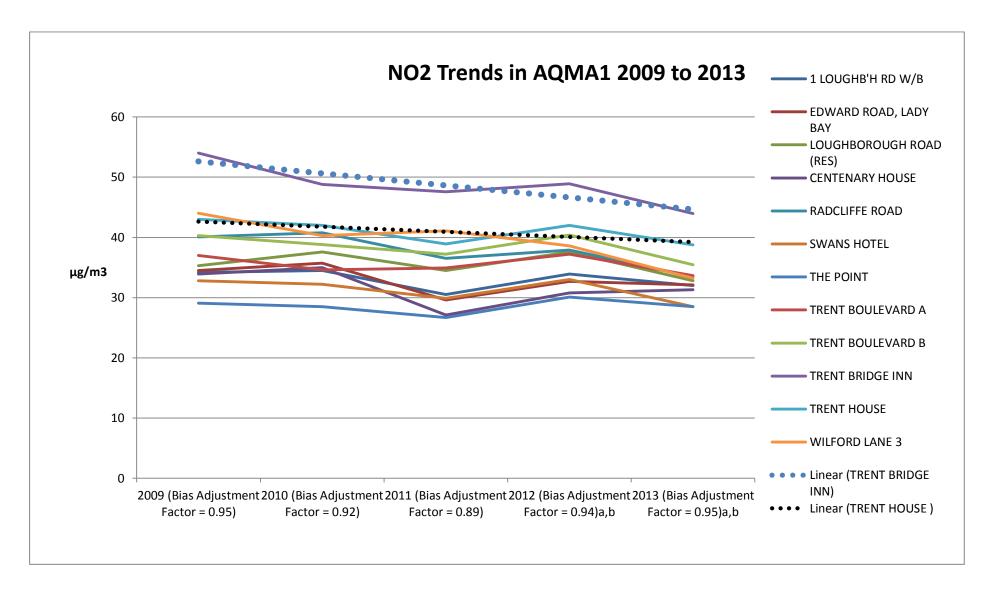
\*110 Wilford Lane not shown as this was stopped in 2013 and data was incomplete and sporadic through part of the year and hence unreliable to report.

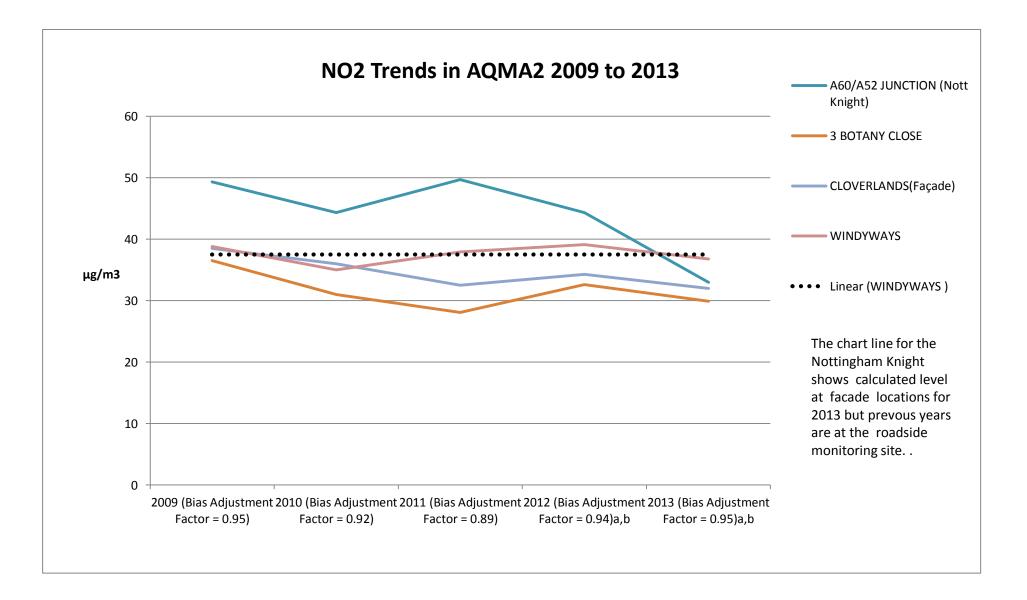
Data in bold, shows exceedence of the NO<sub>2</sub> annual mean AQS objective of 40µg/m<sup>3</sup>

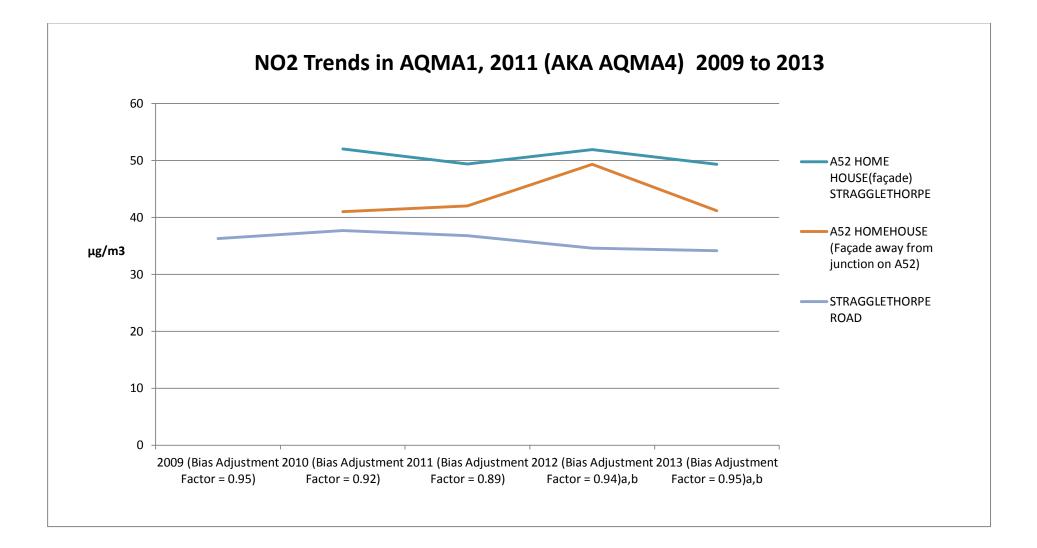
<sup>a</sup> Means "annualised" <u>as in Box 3.2 of TG(09)</u> (<u>http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/technical-guidance/index.html?d=page=38</u>), as full calendar year data capture was less than 75%. The corrected concentration is in brackets.

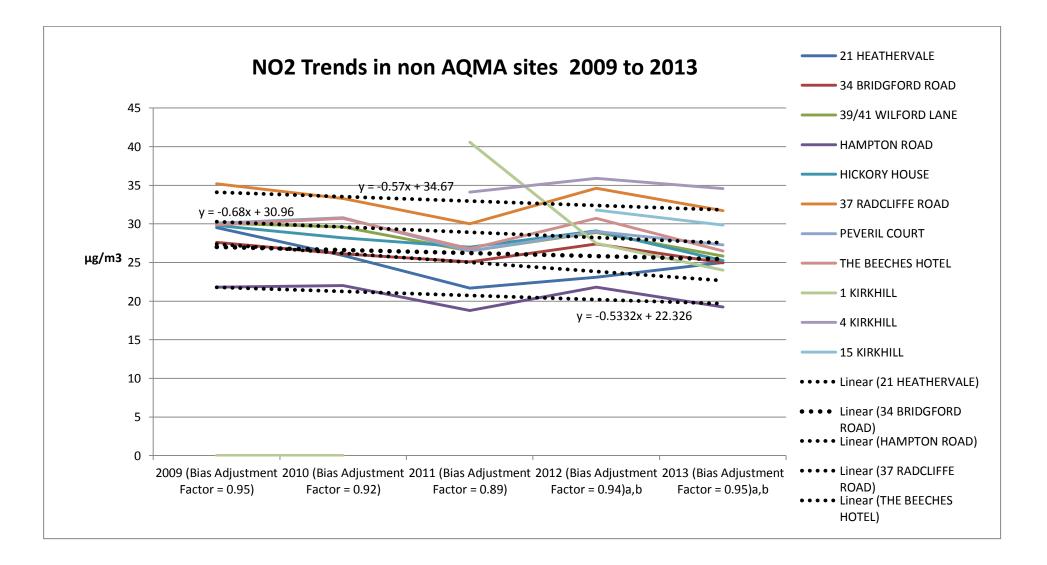
<sup>b</sup> Means distance corrected with the final concentration in brackets

Figure 2.4 Trends in Annual Mean Nitrogen Dioxide Concentrations Measured at Diffusion Tube Monitoring Sites









#### Discussion of the trends in nitrogen dioxide levels from 2009 to 2013.

#### AQMA 1 nitrogen dioxide levels

The Trent Bridge Inn diffusion tube and the THF diffusion tube sites are the highest tube sites in AQMA 1. In this reporting period these two tubes are the lowest values they have been over the 4 year period with the THF site dropping below the AQS for the annual mean and the TBI site being below the hourly objective (the annual mean does not apply to this site). The overall trend for these two sites is downward as indicated by the trend lines shown in the above charts. Other sites also saw a fall off from 2012, but 2012 was an increase on the preceding year. If any general trend is discernible it is a slight overall decrease. Previous historic results have been significantly higher in all site locations in AQMA1.

#### AQMA 2 nitrogen dioxide levels

The Windy Ways (façade) and Nottingham Knight (roadside) diffusion tubes have shown stable levels of nitrogen dioxide over the past five years. Both sites are adjacent to the A52 and A60 roundabout, which is a major traffic route operated by the HA. The trend line for the Windy Ways (a residential façade) is showing a flat line below the AQS based on 2 diffusion tubes at the one site. The highest year was 2012, which generally was a higher year for all sites in the district.

The NK site is a roadside site and within 1m of the curb. The nearest receptor is the public house and the seating area. The trends above have shown the site level and in 2013 the receptor location level which are of more importance and relevance. The AQS is not being exceeded at this site at the nearest receptor.

Botany Close shows a slight decrease again in levels and this year resulted in levels below the 30  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> level. The site is now consistently low and is not considered at risk of exceeding the AQS.

Cloverlands used to show values in the of 40-48  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> historically but the last 5 years, shown in the trend charts above, indicate the site is now consistently below the AQS annual mean.

#### AQMA 4 nitrogen dioxide levels 2010 to 2013

The diffusion tube mounted on the Stragglethorpe Road façade of Holme House show consistent levels below the nitrogen dioxide AQO, whilst the A52 façade tubes

are well above the AQO. The A52/HH/F4 location shows a reduction from last year but still remains just under the 50  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> level.

#### Non AQMA nitrogen dioxide levels

The majority of the diffusion tube sites show consistent or slight decreases in nitrogen dioxide levels. Several trend lines have been shown above where data is complete for the 5 year period. These slopes are marginally downward over this period. The Hampton Road site is a back ground site and shows a slope of -0.5 over this period.

The above trends seem to reflect the current national view that the ambient trends in the concentrations of  $NO_2$  are not decreasing as fast as predicted by using the current emission factors.

The A453 roadside site has been stopped until the A453 construction work has been completed. The road will change its route and will become duelled along its length. The road will not be closer to receptors in the RBC area.

#### 2.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM<sub>10</sub>)

There was no PM10 monitoring undertaken in Rushcliffe in 2013

#### 2.2.3 Sulphur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)

No monitoring was carried out for sulphur dioxide in 2013

#### 2.2.4 Benzene

No monitoring was carried out for benzene in 2013.

#### 2.2.5 Other Pollutants Monitored

No other pollutants were monitored for in 2013.

#### 2.2.6 Summary of Compliance with AQS Objectives

Rushcliffe Borough Council has examined the results from the NO<sub>2</sub> monitoring in the Rushcliffe Borough during 2013 and compared the concentrations against the AQO for those pollutants.

The nitrogen dioxide concentrations at all of the relevant locations within the AQMA1 (West Bridgford) and AQMA2 (the A52 Nottingham Knight area) has indicated compliance with the AQS at all monitoring sites. The AQMA2 has had several years of compliance and the indicator site WW has marginal amount of headroom present. Consideration could be given to revoking AQMA2 as the site has been below the AQS for a number of years and fall off at other sites has been noted. The only issue was that the 2012 result was close to the AQS, But all tubes appeared higher in 2012. Consideration is being given to undertaking a detailed assessment in 2014 or at the next report stage to revoke this AQMA. Comments from Defra would be welcome.

AQMA 1 has for the first time indicated also sites to be below the relevant AQS and the addition of the real time monitor at THF has shown close alignment to the tube data for that site. Given the traffic closure on Wilford Lane over 2013 further monitoring should continue to confirm a downward trend is maintained although at present the NOx analyser has been moved to AQMA 1, 2011 which it was intended for.

At Holme House location (AQMA 1 2011, AKA AQMA 4), the levels are still hovering around the 50  $\mu$ g/m3. The AQAP has been accepted and will be progressed with the HA and other agencies.

Nitrogen dioxide concentrations outside of the AQMAs are all below the objectives at relevant locations, therefore there is no need to proceed to a Detailed Assessment for any of those locations.

## 3 New Local Developments

## 3.1 Road Traffic Sources

#### A46 dualling

The A46, llinking Widmerpool to Newark A46 was completed in 2012. Following the completion of this road, the traffic flow has been moved away from a number of receptors and lease the old A46 as a local road. The A46 was subject to a public enquiry and substantial ES was produced which covered air quality. No exceedences of the AQS were expected.

#### A453 improvement scheme

Following a new funding announcement in 2012, the duelling of the A453 from J24/M1 to Nottingham was approved. The total cost of the project is £150m. the project home page is at:

http://www.highways.gov.uk/roads/road-projects/A453-Widening-M1-Junction-24-to-A52-Nottingham/

The road is not a new source and is being re-routed on vacant land. A full ES has been undertaken and public enquiry in previous years. The road is not expected to lead to any exceedences of the AQS when complete.

There are a number of other smaller developments that are considered small scale housing comprising a few hundred houses. None are in sensitive locations and are in outlining village locations where air quality is at background levels and not at risk of exceeding AQS.

The NET2 tram

#### **RAF Newton.**

The site has received permission for development in several parts and will continue to achieve applications in the future. Housing has continued to be constructed on the site over 2013

In 2007 outline permission was given for mixed use scheme including use of hangars 1, 3 and 5 for B8 use; demolition of former officer's accommodation and construction of 165 dwellings with community facility, access and open space (revised proposals).

The demolition on the site has now been completed and various sections of the site have either been developed, or are being developed by a number of housing construction firms. The location will generate an increase in traffic trips, however, the site is remote from the Nottingham Urban area and air quality exceedances are not expected on the site or near the site. Such large developments will however only add to traffic on the road network.

The Nottinghamshire County Council LTP have stated that traffic generated by the development (especially when combined with other developments in the Borough) travelling into Nottingham will, however, impact on both the Holme House and Trent Bridge AQMAs without significant mitigation secured through the planning process. If the planned housing development proposals in Rushcliffe go ahead there will be significant forecast traffic growth in the morning and afternoon peak periods at the existing AQMAs – i.e. on the approaches to A60 Trent Bridge and at the A52 (T) /Stragglethorpe Lane junction. There is currently no planned strategic mitigation of the traffic growth at these locations as part of the housing development proposals. The County Council therefore has concerns that without significant mitigation at these locations to specifically address the housing proposals (e.g. significant sustainable transport improvements), any measures subsequently included within an AQMA action plan would be very unlikely to mitigate this planned growth, and certainly would not reduce the pollutants to an acceptable level.

#### Bingham

Historic planning permission has seen new housing being constructed adjacent to the A52 at Bingham under permission 07/02276/OUT and subsequent variations. This road is a major HA highway and housing is now within 30m of the carriage way. The housing will not generate any significant traffic. Under the original application air quality screening assessment was undertaken to 2008 and an extract from the conclusion is shown below which indicates compliance with AQS.:

The statutory Air Quality Objectives are predicted to be achieved, both in the base scenario and with the proposed development. Given that the health-based statutory AQOs are predicted to be achieved at 5 m from the road centreline, any potentially sensitive receptors are unlikely to experience adverse health effects due to the proposed development. It should be noted that due to the conservative assumptions in the DMRB methodology it is likely that the concentrations predicted here may be overestimated.

The predicted changes in pollutant concentrations show small increases in concentrations of NO<sub>2</sub> (<  $0.49\mu gm^{-3}$ ) and negligible increases in PM<sub>10</sub> (<  $0.16\mu gm^{-3}$ ) concentrations with the

forecast changes in traffic flow characteristics. The magnitude of the development in terms of additional NO<sub>2</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> concentrations has been assessed as Very small (1-5% change in pollutant concentration) and extremely small (<1% change in pollutant concentration) respectively. Using the significance criteria in Table 1.5, this corresponds to a negligible effect on air quality at locations greater than 5m from the road centreline.

## 3.2 Other Transport Sources

Rushcliffe Borough Council confirms that there are no new 'other transport sources' since the last Review and assessment report in their local authority area meeting the specified criteria.

## 3.3 Industrial Sources

Application number: 13/01820/FUL Date received: 12 September 2013 Date neighbours consulted: 15 November 2013 Date registered: 20 September 2013 Type of application: Planning Address of proposal: Land To East Of Works Farm Works Lane Barnstone Nottinghamshire Proposal: **Erection of agricultural anaerobic digestion plant to include digester and storage tanks, 3 agricultural storage clamps, feed hopper, CHP container unit, technical buildings, sub station , separator and drier** Decision: Granted with conditions Date of decision: 15 November 2013

The site is to be permitted by the EA and is in a rural location not experiencing any current air quality issues. The site is to be operated under a standard rules permit with conditions in place with regard to the stack heights and the proximity of residential. Residential will not be within 200m of the emission points.

The site has only just received permission and no construction work has started.

APPLICATION REF. NO.: 8/13/01494/CMA, Nottinghamshire County Council APPLICANT: Johnsons Aggregates and Recycling Limited DEVELOPMENT: Use of land adjacent to the existing site for a 12 month period for temporary storage of reclaimed aggregates and to vary Condition 7 of planning permission 8/96/79/CMA and Condition 9 of planning permission 8/94/00164/CMA to extend working hours F/2837, GRANTED 03/03/2014 LOCATION: Johnsons Aggregates & Recycling Limited, Loughborough Road, Bunny.

The site is subject to a dust mitigation control condition and is in a rural location several hundred meters from residential receptors. The extension is for a 12 month period. The material being screened is IBA which arrives damp. Thee is other mineral processes being undertaken but eh extension is for IBA only.

#### **Poultry farms**

13/00097/FUL Sheardown Farms new poultry shed extending the site by 52,000 birds to 10000 birds. The site remains under the TG(09) threshold and no action is required. The site is a permitted installation under the EA.

#### Other sources

Vale protective Coatings have begun operating a shot blasting and coated process at Langar Air Field.

The site is permitted as a part B solvent activity and the location is on buildings on the side of the airfield. There is no relevant public exposure near the site.

## **3.4 Commercial and Domestic Sources**

John Brooks Saw Mills Biomass Boilers-update

Report submitted in 2012 indicated that there would not be an impact on the closest AQMA 1 or cause any significant impacts on local receptors near the site. This site is in a rural location with sparse properties. The site is next to the A46 and access is direct from the A46. Site was not operating the Biomass for the period of this report. Other applications have been received which are pending.

#### **Smart Wood recycling**

This site has ceased operating.

# 3.5 New Developments with Fugitive or Uncontrolled Sources

Rushcliffe Borough Council confirms that there are no new or newly identified local developments which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

## 4 Local / Regional Air Quality Strategy

Rushcliffe Borough Council have adopted a regional Air Quality Strategy, this is available at the following website:

http://cms.nottinghamshire.gov.uk/home/traffic\_and\_travel/strategy-policy/airquality.htm

This strategy has been prepared by a partnership of Nottinghamshire Local Authorities, the Environment Agency, The Health Protection Agency and the Highways Agency. The work has been led by the Nottinghamshire Environmental Protection Working Group. This framework identifies and agrees an effective strategy to improve air quality in the next decade throughout the whole of Nottinghamshire and also reduce greenhouse gas emissions particularly CO<sub>2</sub>. The strategy is entitled 'A breath of fresh air for Nottinghamshire, An Air Quality Improvement strategy for the next Decade' and was launched in 2008.

The Framework for Action seeks to fulfil the following main objectives:

- Minimise air pollution and the impact of global warming and climate change.
- Encourage sustainable development in Nottinghamshire to protect the health and wellbeing of the population.
- To work with businesses, stakeholders and the residents of Nottinghamshire to encourage sustainable improvements in air quality.
- Support and maintain the work of the Nottinghamshire Air Quality Steering Group.
- Complement other county wide groups and strategies adopted and supported by Local Authorities and the County Council and other organisations such as the Environment Agency, Primary Care Trusts, Highways Agency and the Health Protection Agency.
- Ensure that the strategy to improve air quality in Nottinghamshire is reviewed by 2011.

The Council is a member of the Nottinghamshire Environmental Protection Working Group (NEPWG) formed in partnership with Nottinghamshire County Council, Ashfield District Council, Bassetlaw District Council, Broxtowe Borough Council, Gedling Borough Council, Mansfield District Council, Newark and Sherwood District Council Nottingham City Council, Environment Agency, Health Protection Agency and the Highways Agency. The NEPWG works under the direction of the Nottinghamshire Chief Environmental Health Officers Group. The NEPWG enables the authorities to work collaboratively on the full range of pollution issues, demonstrating that liaison on a technical level is already well established.

NPWG in process of updating the strategy but due to district re-organisations, workloads, and other Corporate priorities (across the County), this not been done. It is the intention to seek to review the AQS in 2014.

# 5 Planning Applications

#### Sharphill 08/00664/OUT, update

Land at Sharphill To East And West Of Melton Road Edwalton Nottinghamshire Proposal: Mixed use development of up to 1200 dwellings; primary school; business innovation centre; further education centre; 100 bed hotel; local centre with retail units, community building and health centre, sports facilities and community park; associated road Decision: Refused Appeal status: Allowed 2008 Application number: 08/00664/OUT Melton Road, Edwalton (Sharphill)

No significant construction has begun on this site in 2012 or 2013 and there are no traffic increases as yet to consider. 12/00883/VAR has been granted and building regulations approved for 300 houses.

#### Bingham 10/01853/FUL

Date received: 18 October 2010 Date neighbours consulted: 12 March 2013 Date registered: 01 November 2010 Address of proposal: Land East Of Chapel Lane Adjacent Level Crossing Chapel Lane Bingham Nottinghamshire NG13 8GF Proposal: **Retail store (A1), car parking, bus stop, pedestrian linkages, petrol filling station; landscaping; recycling facilities and access road** Decision: Granted with conditions Date of decision: 12 March 2013

The site has not been constructed as yet and has received consent in 2013. An air quality assessment has been submitted as part of the application process and increased diffusion tube monitoring is taking place in the Bingham area to ensure the air quality predicted is achieved. The concern is narrow roads around the Kirk Hill area which is the main access across the railway line also. The supermarket complex being the other side of the railway line. Current diffusion tube levels are reported in this R&A report with significant head room at present

#### Bingham 10/01962/out

Application number: 10/01962/OUT Date received: 03 November 2010 Date neighbours consulted: 07 January 2014 Date registered: 03 November 2010 Type of application: Planning Address of proposal: Land East & West Of Chapel Lane Bingham Nottinghamshire (View other applications made for this address)

Proposal: Up to 1050 residential dwellings (C3); 15.6 hectares of employment development (B1, B2 and B8); local centre comprising up to 300m sq of retail floor space (A1); primary school (D1); and community centre (D2); a 1.6 hectare mixed use site (B1, B2, B8 and car parking); allotments and open space (including play areas and community park); flood management and drainage works; transport and access works; and ancillary works.

Decision: Granted with conditions

Date of decision: 24 December 2013

This application has been subject to an air quality assessment through the planning process. It will create new road linkages and utilise the old A46 road that is now only used by local traffic. The air quality assessment work has not predicted any exceedences of the AQS and work will take many years before any impacts are generated. Currently due to the increased potential for traffic in the Bingham area a number of NO2 sampling points have been commenced in the previous 2 years on Kirk Hill which is seen as the most sensitive location. Extract from the Air Quality assessment undertaken by Entec are shown below:

The predicted annual mean NO<sub>2</sub> concentrations at all of the receptors assessed for the 'with Scheme' scenario are below the annual mean AQO for NO<sub>2</sub> of  $40\mu g \text{ m}^{-3}$ . The highest predicted concentration with the Scheme operational was predicted at Receptor 4 (Long Acre) with an annual mean NO<sub>2</sub> concentration of  $17.3\mu g \text{ m}^{-3}$ . This is a property close to the road situated on Long Acre in Bingham. This is a decrease in concentrations from the 'future baseline' scenario where the predicted concentration at this receptor was  $19.3\mu g \text{ m}^{-3}$ .

The greatest change in annual mean NO<sub>2</sub> concentrations was predicted at Receptor 2 (Buggins Cottage), with a predicted change in annual mean NO<sub>2</sub> concentrations of  $2.6\mu g m^{-3}$ . This is an increase in concentration from  $12.01\mu g m^{-3}$  to  $14.62\mu g m^{-3}$  with the Scheme operational. This receptor is located next to the existing A46 and would also be influenced by the new A46 dualling scheme, which would be operational in 2020.

As the predicted annual mean concentrations for  $NO_2$  are all well below  $60\mu g \text{ m}^{-3}$  it is unlikely that the hourly mean  $NO_2$  AQO will be exceeded at any of the receptor locations with the Scheme in place.

The magnitude of the effects of the Scheme on annual mean  $NO_2$  concentrations at the identified receptors is considered to be between imperceptible and medium, using the criteria given in section 7.7.2. The change in  $NO_2$  concentrations at the receptors is negligible and not significant.

The results of the assessment of effects in relation to levels of  $PM_{10}$  are shown in Tables 7.11 and 7.12.

The predicted annual mean  $PM_{10}$  concentrations at all of the receptors assessed with the Scheme in place are below the annual mean AQO for  $PM_{10}$  of  $40\mu g \text{ m}^3$ . The highest predicted concentration for the 'with Scheme' scenario was predicted at Receptor 4 (Long Acre) with an annual mean  $PM_{10}$  concentration of  $20.2\mu g \text{ m}^{-3}$ . This is a property close to the road situated on Long Acre in Bingham. This is a slight decrease in concentrations from the 'future baseline' scenario where the predicted concentration at this receptor was  $20.7\mu g \text{ m}^{-3}$ .

The greatest change in annual mean  $PM_{10}$  concentrations was also predicted at Receptor 4 (Long Acre), with a predicted change of 0.5µg m<sup>-3</sup>; as mentioned above this is a decrease in concentration, from 20.7µg m<sup>-3</sup> to 20.2µg m<sup>-3</sup>.

The magnitude of the effects of the Scheme on annual mean  $PM_{10}$  concentrations at the identified receptors is between imperceptible and small, using the criteria given in section 7.7.2. The change in  $PM_{10}$  concentrations at the receptors is negligible and not significant.

The Nottinghamshire County Council LTP have commented that "traffic generated by the development (especially when combined with other developments in the Borough) travelling into Nottingham will, however, impact on both the Holme House and Trent Bridge AQMAs without significant mitigation secured through the planning process. If the planned housing development proposals in Rushcliffe go ahead there will be significant forecast traffic growth in the morning and afternoon peak periods at the existing AQMAs – i.e. on the approaches to A60 Trent Bridge and at the A52 (T) /Stragglethorpe Lane junction. There is currently no planned strategic mitigation of the traffic growth at these locations as part of the housing development proposals. The County Council therefore has concerns that without significant mitigation at these locations to specifically address the housing proposals (e.g. significant sustainable transport improvements), any measures subsequently included within an AQMA action plan would be very unlikely to mitigate this planned growth, and certainly would not reduce the pollutants to an acceptable level."

RBC recognises the sites scale and potential for impact. However the site has been subject to an air quality assessment, the area is remote from the main Nottingham Urban area with good links onto the A52 and A46. It will also be a number of years before the operational impacts from the site are commenced and in the interim emissions from vehicles are expected to fall due to improvements vehicle emissions control in the fleet.

In addition conditions are contained in the decision notice to provide mitigation from operational transport impacts as shown below:

26. No part of the development hereby permitted shall be occupied until a Travel Plan Framework has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Borough Council. This shall set out proposals (including targets, a timetable and enforcement mechanism) to promote travel by appropriate sustainable modes as agreed with the Borough Council and shall include arrangements for monitoring of progress of the proposals. The approved Travel Plan Framework shall be implemented in accordance with the timetable set out in that plan or any amended scheme which may be submitted to and approved in writing by the Borough Council.

[To promote sustainable travel in accordance with the aims of MOV1 (Travel Plans) of the Rushcliffe Borough Non Statutory Replacement Local Plan].

27. No part of the development shall be occupied or be brought into use until the owners/occupiers of the site have appointed and thereafter continue to employ or engage, a site-wide travel plan coordinator who shall be responsible for the implementation, delivery, monitoring and promotion of the sustainable transport initiatives set out in the Travel Plan Framework approved under Condition 26 for the life time of the Travel Plan. The details of the site-wide travel plan coordinator shall be provided and continue to be provided to the Local Planning Authority for the duration of the approved Travel Plan monitoring period.

[To promote sustainable travel in accordance with the aims of MOV1 (Travel Plans) of the Rushcliffe Borough Non Statutory Replacement Local Plan].

28. The site-wide travel plan coordinator shall submit reports and update the TRICS database in accordance with the Standard Assessment Methodology (SAM) or similar to be approved and to the Local Planning Authority in accordance with the Travel Plan Framework monitoring periods. The monitoring reports submitted to the Local Planning Authority shall summarise the data collected over the monitoring period and propose revised initiatives and measures where travel plan targets are not being met including implementation dates to be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority and which shall inform individual Travel Plans.

[To promote sustainable travel in accordance with the aims of MOV1 (Travel Plans) of the Rushcliffe Borough Non Statutory Replacement Local Plan]

29. Within 5 months of the occupation of any business employing more than 20 employees, the occupier of that business unit shall, in consultation with the site wide travel plan coordinator, produce a detailed travel plan that sets out preliminary model split information and final targets with respect to the number of vehicles using the site and the adoption of measures to reduce single occupancy car travel consistent with the approved Framework Travel Plan. The Travel Plan or any revised Plan which may be subsequently approved in writing by the Borough Council shall be implemented by the occupier in accordance with the approved timetable and be updated consistent with future site-wide travel initiatives including implementation dates.

[To promote sustainable travel in accordance with the aims of MOV1 (Travel Plans) of the Rushcliffe Borough Non Statutory Replacement Local Plan]

30. No dwelling with one or more garage(s) shall be occupied until a standard 32 amp single phase socket has been fitted at an appropriate height and location within one of the garages. No dwelling without a garage shall be occupied until a standard 32 amp single phase socket has been fitted at an appropriate position in accordance with details previously submitted to and approved in writing by the Borough Council.

[To enable the use of non-carbon based technology and in accordance with para 35 of the National Planning Policy Framework].

#### Redevelopment of Stamford Hall. 12/02070/HYBRID

Date received: 05 December 2012 Date neighbours consulted: 19 December 2012 Date registered: 05 December 2012 Type of application: Planning Address of proposal: Stanford Hall Melton Road Stanford On Soar Nottinghamshire Proposal: Full Planning Permission for the redevelopment of Stanford Hall and ancillary buildings into a Defence rehabilitation establishment (class C2/D1) and associated courtyards, gardens and open space together with outdoor recreational facilities, boundary treatment Decision: Granted with conditions Date of decision: 09 October 2013

This site is in a rural location and an air quality assessment has been produced through the planning process to assess the impact of increased traffic and from a proposed biomass boiler. No AQS breaches are predicted.

# 12/01380/FUL, new medical centre on land at Wilford Lane, West Bridgford, close to AQMA1

Date received: 03 August 2012 Date neighbours consulted: 28 May 2013 Date registered: 20 August 2012 Type of application: Planning Address of proposal: Land North Of 97 Wilford Lane West Bridgford Nottinghamshire Proposal: The development of the site to form a new medical centre with associated access, parking and other ancillary facilities including a pharmacy and ancillary coffee shop Decision: Granted with conditions

Decision: Granted with conditions Date of decision: 22 May 2013

An air quality assessment was undertaken and submitted as part of the planning process. The conclusions of the assessment are below:

The proposed development will result in an increase in traffic along Wilford Lane. The DMRB methodology for the prediction of traffic-related pollution emissions has been used to provide an indication of air quality at a number of sensitive receptors in the vicinity of development site.

The significance of the impacts has been assessed using the EPUK guidance to determine the level of significance that should be attributed to predicted increases in concentrations. The highest impact as a result of the proposed development is predicted at 85 Wilford Lane, where NO<sub>2</sub> concentrations will increase by 4.4 µgm-<sub>3</sub>. Using the EPUK/IAQM guidance this equates to a large increase in pollution concentrations. Where air quality is predicted to be below the air quality objective, as is the case adjacent to Wilford Lane, an impact of this magnitude is considered to be **slight adverse**. However, it should be noted that these impacts are only predicted at properties in close proximity to the development site, where NO<sub>2</sub> concentrations will remain below the air quality objectives with the development in place. There will be no impact at receptors along the rest of Wilford Lane, including within the AQMA 1.

The reduced speed of traffic adjacent to the development site is predicted to result in a small change in PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations at receptors opposite the development (85 Wilford Lane). This is considered to be a **negligible** impact on air quality. At all other locations along Wilford Lane the development will have **no impact** on PM<sub>10</sub> and Pm<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations.

The implementation of a Green Travel Plan should be considered as part of the development proposals to assist in reducing the number of vehicles along Wilford Lane. Travel Plans provide a structured approach to adapt travel behaviour and should take the form of an ongoing commitment from the occupiers of Medical Centre to promote sustainable travel by staff and visitors and concentrate on measures to encourage staff to change to more sustainable modes.

The positive implications of the development should also be considered within the context of impacts on local air quality. The development proposals will relocate five medical practices, currently located in West Bridgford, to one location. Rather than generating new traffic, this will result in the re-distribution of vehicles on the road network within the wider area, which may result in a positive impact on air quality in some locations, including locations within the AQMA.

The predicted impacts were not sufficient to cause an objection to the planning application and the assessment assumes worst case scenario. A new diffusion tube site will be set up on Wilford Lane at the identified premises when the site begins operation, the premises on the Wilford Lane referred to are set back from the road curb. At the current time the site is under construction and not operational.

Application number: 13/01936/FUL Date received: 30 September 2013 Date neighbours consulted: 03 October 2013 Date registered: 30 September 2013 Type of application: Planning Address of proposal: 13-17 Radcliffe Road (Corner Of Pavilion Road) West Bridgford Nottinghamshire NG2 5FF Proposal: Erection of three storey building with A uses (class A1 - retail, A2 financial and professional services, A3 - restaurant and cafe, A5 - hot food takeaways) on the ground floor and six self contained flats (1 x one bedroom and 5 x two bedroom) plus car parking Decision: Granted with conditions Date of decision: 25 November 2013 This site lies directly adjacent to the AQMA1 along Radcliffe road. The site is currently a vacant plot being a former petrol filling station. The site has been subject to an air quality assessment through the planning process which concluded that:

No proposed residential premises are predicted to exceed the air quality standards for NO2 or PM10.

12/00564/FUL update Date received: 30 March 2012 Date neighbours consulted: 03 October 2012 Date registered: 30 March 2012 Type of application: Planning Address of proposal: Land On Wilford Lane West Bridgford Nottinghamshire Proposal: Construction of a food store (Use Class A1) with ancillary customer restaurant and concession units; associated servicing, car parking and parent pick-up/drop-off parking area, landscaping and highways works Decision: Granted with conditions Date of decision: 03 October 2012

The store has received consent and was discussed in the previous R&A report. Construction has not begun and there are no operational emission to consider at this stage.

Monies have been obtained from s106 agreement for additional diffusion tube monitoring when operational to confirm the findings of the AQ assessment.

## 6 Air Quality Planning Policies

Rushcliffe Borough Council currently has no local planning policies dedicated solely to air guality; Policy G1 of the Rushcliffe Borough Non-Statutory Local Plan does cover issues in relation to pollution. Above this, the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), introduced in March 2012, states that "the planning system should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by... preventing both new and existing development from contributing to or being put at unacceptable risk from, or being adversely affected by unacceptable levels of soil, air, water or noise pollution or land instability". The NPPF states specifically that "planning policies should sustain compliance with and contribute towards EU limit values or national objectives for pollutants, taking into account the presence of Air Quality Management Areas and the cumulative impacts on air guality from individual sites in local areas. Planning decisions should ensure that any new development in Air Quality Management Areas is consistent with the local air guality action plan". Wherever possible, the wording contained within the NPPF is used when responding to Air Quality matters to give any consultation responses greater impact within the planning decision making process

Whilst the East Midlands Regional Plan has been abolished it is intended that the Council's Local Development Framework (LDF) will, in time, set out new policies that contribute to reducing air pollution. In particular, a Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) relating to air quality is likely to be prepared. However, work on it cannot be undertaken until the main elements of the LDF, specifically the LDF's Core Strategy, have been progressed further. At present, it is envisaged it will be around 18 months to 2 years before the SPD can be completed.

#### 6.1 Local Transport Plans and Strategies

The Nottinghamshire Local Transport Plan (LTP) is produced by the County Council and sets out the long-term transport strategy for the whole of Nottinghamshire. It was developed in consultation with a range of stakeholders and the public to identify existing and potential challenges and how to address these challenges.

The LTP consists of two separate documents:

- A strategy document detailing how transport improvements will be delivered in the county, and
- An implementation plan which sets out where investment will be prioritised to deliver the local transport strategy.

The local transport strategy element of the LTP covers the fifteen year period 1 April 2011 to 31 March 2026 and will be reviewed at least every five years; whilst the implementation plan mirrors central government's Comprehensive Spending Review periods and will be reviewed annually to ensure:

- Consideration of changes in transport conditions
- Consideration of the effectiveness of the strategy to deliver transport improvements in Nottinghamshire
- The priorities and focus are still relevant and address the transport issues in Nottinghamshire, as well as national and regional priorities, and
- Consideration of changes in corporate priorities such as those detailed within the County Councils Business Plan
- The effectiveness of the measures used to deliver the strategy.

The main functions of the LTP are to:

- Draw links with wider land-use planning, economic, social, health, and sustainability agendas
- Detail how the national and local priorities for transport will be delivered in Nottinghamshire
- Detail local objectives and indicators that will form the basis of the County Council's investment in transport, and
- Demonstrate best value solutions to transport issues in the county.

One of the strategic transport goals in the LTP is to minimise the impacts of transport on people's lives, maximise opportunities to improve the environment and help tackle carbon emissions. This will focus on:

- Adapting to climate change
- CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- Congestion management
- Air quality
- Noise, and Biodiversity, the natural, historic and physical environment.

The County Council's adaptation responses to the predicted impacts of climate change are detailed in section 7.1 of the LTP.

Addressing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from ground transport (which is detailed in section 7.2 of the LTP) will involve:

- Effective spatial planning
- Supporting change to new vehicle technologies and lower carbon fuels
- Promoting lower carbon transport choices
- Encouraging A transfer to lower carbon vehicles, and
- Education on lower carbon transport issues.

Whilst congestion management will play a major role in minimising the impacts of transport on people's lives, maximising opportunities to improve the environment and helping tackle carbon emissions, the measures to be undertaken to manage congestion is detailed within Section 4.1 – Making best use of our existing transport networks, of the LTP.

Addressing transport related air quality issues, particularly within air quality management areas (which is detailed in section 7.4 of the LTP) will involve working with district councils to:

- Assess and monitor air quality, and
- Develop action plans to improve air quality where necessary.
- On-going assessment will continue to be undertaken across the county to monitor levels of pollutants to help identify existing or potential exceedences in the future. If issues arise there are existing mechanisms whereby they can be raised and tackled through a partnership approach.
- Given the close links between air quality and congestion, the measures detailed within Section 4.1 – Making the best use of our existing transport networks, of the LTP, are used to manage congestion and therefore help maintain air quality and will form the basis for air quality action plans. Where assessments identify existing or likely future exceedences additional resources will, however, be prioritised to address such exceedences.
- The LTP can be viewed or downloaded from:

http://www.nottinghamshire.gov.uk/travelling/travel/plansstrategiesandtend ers/local-transport-plan/ltp3/

Rushcliffe Council regularly meets with Nottinghamshire County Council's local transport plan manager to discuss the progress of the measures set out in the AQAP and supported through the LTP. The aim of the meeting is to monitor delivery of the key objectives set out in the action plan, including looking at such matters as improving traffic flows, park and ride systems, improvements to public transport and considering air quality impacts from major developments. The meetings enable this Authority to improve air quality by working in partnership with the County Council on transport planning issues within the borough that may be directly outside of its control. A target has been set to meet with the LTP on three occasions annually.

# 7 Climate Change Strategies

The council's climate change strategy was published in July 2010 and the associated climate action plan for the period 2009 – 2020 was developed and completed.

At the time of writing, of the 81 actions in the action plan, 42 have been completed, 8 have been cancelled, 9 have not yet started and 22 are on-going.

The Climate Change Strategy and The Climate Change Action Plan are available at:

http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/media/documents/pdf/environmentandw aste/Climate\_change\_july\_10.pdf,

and

http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/media/documents/pdf/environmentandw aste/rushcliffe\_climate\_change\_action\_plan\_09d.pdf

As part of the Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan, a five year Carbon Management Plan was produced for its own estates and operations up to 2020, as measured against emissions in 2009/10.

The emissions reduction target is to reduce the total direct GHG significant emissions by 15% by 2015 and a further 15% by 2020. To date the council has achieved 9.7% reductions in emissions.

The Carbon Management Plan is available at:

http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/media/documents/pdf/environmentandw aste/Carbon%20Management%20Plan%202011.pdf

## 8 Implementation of Action Plans

The air quality action plan was drawn up to outline the actions to be undertaken by the County Council, Rushcliffe BC and other partner organisations to work toward reducing nitrogen dioxide levels within the declared AQMA1 to below the National Air Quality Objectives at relevant receptor locations. The main action plan measures are derived from the LTP.

The third Local Transport Plan (LTP) for Nottinghamshire came into effect on 1 April 2011 and was drawn up in consultation with the public, stakeholders and County Council elected members. The strategic goals of the LTP are to:

- provide a reliable, resilient transport system which supports a thriving economy and growth whilst encouraging sustainable and healthy travel
- improve access to key services, particularly enabling employment and training opportunities, and
- Minimise the impacts of transport on people's lives, maximise opportunities to improve the environment and help tackle carbon emissions.

The consultation identified twelve local transport objectives that will be addressed to help deliver the LTP strategic goals. Delivery of the local transport objectives will also help deliver air quality improvements as nine of the twelve objectives will help lead to improved air quality and the table below details the impact that delivery of each of the objectives will have on the air quality improvements within the AQMAs.

The LTP commits to working in partnership with the district councils to deliver air quality improvements generally; but particularly within AQMAs as a result of road traffic on the road network for which the County Council is responsible. The LTP also recognises the role of the Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) to help provide a systematic way of joining up air quality management and transport planning.

| Major<br>positive<br>Impact   | Positive<br>Impact | Minor<br>positive | No impact      | Minor<br>negative<br>Impact | Negative<br>Impact | Major<br>negative<br>impact |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impact  |                    | impact            |                | impact                      |                    | Impact                      |
| Local Trans   | port Plan obj      | ectives           |                |                             |                    |                             |
| Tackle cong   | estion and mal     | ke journey time   | es more reliab | le                          |                    |                             |
| Improve con<br>public transp  |                    | er-urban, regio   | nal and interr | national netwo              | orks, primarily    | by                          |
| Address the   | transport impa     | cts of planned    | housing and    | employment                  | growth             |                             |
| Encourage p<br>provision of   |                    | cycle and use     | public transp  | ort through p               | romotion and t     | he                          |
| Support rege  | eneration          |                   |                |                             |                    |                             |
| Reduce tran   | sport's impact     | on the environ    | ment           |                             |                    |                             |
| Adapt to clin   | nate change ar     | nd the develop    | ment of a low  | -carbon trans               | port system        |                             |
| Improve leve<br>journeys  | els of health an   | d activity by er  | ncouraging ad  | tive travel ins             | stead of short of  | car                         |
| Address and improve personal safety when walking, cycling or using public transport |                    |                   |                |                             |                    |                             |
| Improve access to employment and other key services, particularly from rural areas  |                    |                   |                |                             |                    |                             |
| Provision of  | an affordable,     | reliable, and c   | onvenient put  | olic transport              | network            |                             |
| Maintain the  | existing transp    | oort infrastructu | ure            |                             |                    |                             |

Table 8.1 NCC Action Plan Progress details progress of the measures implemented by the County Council to help reduce exceedances within AQMA1 in 2013/14 as well as those that are on-going. Whilst it should be recognised that these activities could potentially have an impact on AQMA 2 and AQMA 1/2011 the County Council is not the responsible transport authority for the highway network causing the exceedances within these areas as this is the responsibility of the Highways Agency and not the County Council. Rushcliffe Borough Council therefore also liaises with the Highway Agency to address the exceedances within AQMA 2 and AQMA 1/2011.

Table 8.2 details the indicators used to evaluate the individual measures. A colour coding scheme is used to easily identify which targets are being met and which are behind schedule. Given that several of the indicators are reported on a financial year basis, data/analysis is still outstanding for several indicators. Indicators where data is not yet available are marked 'N/A'.

#### 8.1 Funding

The Comprehensive Spending Review, announced on 20 October 2010, detailed several changes in local transport funding. The DfT announced reductions in overall transport funding by 15% in real terms over the period 2011/12 to 2014/15, making savings of 21% from the revenue budget and an 11% reduction in capital spending. The funding for local transport improvements, such as addressing congestion or air quality, is called the integrated transport block and is calculated by DfT through needs based formulas.

As a result of Central Government funding reductions, the level of integrated transport funding available to Nottinghamshire County Council in 2013/14 represented a reduction of £5.3m or 50% in comparison with 2010/11 proposed funding levels (pre in-year cuts). Recognising the importance of local transport improvements to help develop the economy and reduce harmful emissions, the County Council, however, determined to support the integrated transport funding with additional County Council capital funds of over £1.5m in 2013/14 to minimise the overall reductions.

The reductions in central government funding will, however, have a serious impact on the delivery of transport improvements within AQMA1, as detailed within the AQAP.

The County Council submitted a successful joint Local Sustainable Transport Fund (LSTF) bid with Nottingham City Council and Derbyshire County Council. The LSTF bid contains several elements that will help improve journey times, and reduce emissions from transport which will have a positive impact on the AQMA and these schemes have been included within the table where appropriate.

#### Table 8.1 NCC Action Plan Progress

| Intervention Measure/ timescales |   | Progress with measure  | Progress since last review   | Related targets                          |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Parking                          | Park & Ride facilities  | Pilot 'pocket' park and ride schemes have been implemented<br>along the A46 and A52 corridor and are monitored to determine<br>their effectiveness.  | The last monitoring of the two sites indicated that approximately 6 vehicles use the A46 corridor site daily as a park and ride facility; and approximately 6 vehicles use the A52 corridor site daily as a park and ride facility.  | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5             |
|                                  |   | The development of LTP3 included a review of transport schemes<br>that currently have land safeguarded along their proposed route,<br>or would require the County Council to safeguard a route. The<br>review recognised the need for a Park & Ride site to the east of<br>Nottingham and therefore further investigations will be undertaken<br>to identify a site (potentially linked to new housing/employment<br>development). | No progress has been made on the development of an eastern park and<br>ride site due to resource constraints but primarily as any scheme is<br>potentially dependent upon future development which has not come<br>forward yet.  | NI177<br>LTP20                           |
| Smarter Choices                  | NCC travel plan 1996 and on-going                                   | The NCC travel plan has been in operation for the past 10 years<br>and has been incorporated into the climate change action plan for<br>the County Council.<br>In 2007 NCC employees based at campuses in West Bridgford   | The Council intends to continue monitoring the mode split of travel to work bi-annually. The surveys undertaken during the 2013/14 financial year indicated that of the staff working at the West Bridgford campus 6% cycled;11% walked; 15% travelled by public transport; and 11% car share. These figures are much better than the mode of travel to work | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5    |
|                                  |   | travelled to work by the following means - 12% cycled; 7% walked; 9% by public transport; and 9% car share.  | for all people in Nottinghamshire detailed in the 2011 census (3% cycled; 8% walked; 9% by public transport; and 5% car share) and show an overall increase in sustainable travel since the surveys undertaken in 2007.  | LTP7<br>NI177<br>LTP13<br>LTP19<br>LTP20 |
|                                  |   |  | A variety of measures have been undertaken to promote alternatives to<br>the car, including involvement in 'walk week', 'bike week', car sharing,<br>personalised travel planning etc.   | LTP21                                    |
|                                  | Car parking   | A car park focus group has been established for NCC staff to<br>ensure equality of any implications. A decision on any 'on-site'   | Charging at 'off-site' car parks was introduced in April 2008. There has<br>been a significant reduction in the numbers of observed vehicles   | LTP1<br>LTP2                             |
|                                  | Investigate staff car park charging and its implications            | charging regime has been delayed. Staff car park charging has<br>been introduced for NCC employees at one nearby 'off-site'<br>location that previously offered free parking facilities.   | parking in the car parks but there is no evidence to demonstrate that this parking has not just been displaced on-street.  | LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177                    |
|                                  |   |  | It is proposed that there will be a review of car parking arrangements at specific County Council sites as part of the 'new ways of working' being introduced at the County Council, although this work will not be complete until 2015.   | LTP13<br>LTP21                           |
|                                  | Cycling<br>Undertake measures to<br>maintain cycling levels at 2010 | All of the work undertaken by the officers undertaking travel<br>planning duties (e.g., publicity campaigns, personalised travel<br>planning etc.) aim to deliver increases in cycle mode share.   | The Council intends to continue monitoring the mode split of travel to work bi-annually. The surveys undertaken during the 2013/14 financial year indicated that of the staff working at the West Bridgford campus 6% cycled;11% walked; 15% travelled by public transport; and 11% car  | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5             |
|                                  | levels - on-going   | In July 2007 (7% of all NCC employees currently cycling to work).  | share. These figures are much better than the mode of travel to work<br>for all people in Nottinghamshire detailed in the 2011 census (3%<br>cycled; 8% walked; 9% by public transport; and 5% car share) and show<br>an overall increase in sustainable travel since the surveys undertaken in  | LTP13<br>LTP20<br>LTP24                  |

| Intervention | Measure/ timescales  | Progress with measure  | Progress since last review  | Related targets   |
|--------------|--|--|---|---|
|              |  |  | 2007.   | <b>g</b>  |
|              |  |  | Cycling in the Nottingham built-up area part of the county has increased<br>by 5% between 2010 and 2013; and in Rushcliffe district there has been<br>a less than 1% increase in cycling between 2010 and 2013. It is not<br>possible to analyse these figures at a more local level.   |   |
|              | Business mileage<br>Undertake measures to deliver<br>1% per year reduction in<br>business mileage - on-going                       | Various measures are underway to help deliver the reductions in<br>business mileage including new terms and conditions which affect<br>business mileage rates and driver training to help motorists drive<br>more sustainably.   | Across the Nottingham built-up area the area wide road traffic mileage<br>has reduced by 10% between 2005 and 2012. HGVs area wide road<br>traffic mileage across the Nottingham built-up area has decreased by<br>22% during the same period. Correspondingly there has also been a<br>6% reduction in $CO_2$ emissions.<br>It is not possible to analyse these figures at a more local level.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>LTP13<br>LTP20   |
|              |  |  | Eco-driver training was carried out with staff across the County Council in March 2012.   |   |
|              | Workplace travel plans<br>Develop workplace travel<br>plans with businesses in the<br>vicinity of the AQMA - on-<br>going          | Nottingham Forest has developed an approved travel plan which<br>covers not only its employees but also supporters. Match day<br>smarter choices promotion has been undertaken and discussions<br>are now underway on hard measures to support the travel plan.  | A further ten travel plans have been developed in Rushcliffe Borough during 2013/14 although only 1 of these has been approved by the County Council.<br>Between 2004 and 2013 the A52 has seen traffic flow decreases of 5%. During the same period the limited traffic flow data held by the County Council indicates that flows on the A46 increased by 40% probably due mainly to the recent improvements expanding the road to dual carriageway. It should be noted, however, that the official post completion evaluation is currently being undertaken and will be available shortly.  | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP7<br>NI177<br>LTP13<br>LTP19<br>LTP20<br>LTP21  |
|              | Marketing campaigns<br>Investment in marketing public<br>transport as well as the<br>benefits of walking and cycling<br>- on-going | NCC has committed to a funding contribution to the 'Big Wheel'<br>and had a service level agreement between the two parties is in<br>place for the period 2011/12. 'Big Wheel' has undertaken various<br>marketing campaigns throughout the year to encourage cycling,<br>walking and passenger transport use. | Cycling in the Nottingham built-up area part of the county has increased<br>by 5% between 2010 and 2013; and in Rushcliffe district there has been<br>a less than 1% increase in cycling between 2010 and 2013. It is not<br>possible to analyse these figures at a more local level.<br>Public transport patronage in the county has increased by 6% between<br>2005/06 and 2012/13. This information is supplied by public transport<br>operators and is not currently available on a 'corridor by corridor' basis.<br>Smarter choices marketing campaigns have been undertaken during<br>2013/14 at all of the major sporting venues which could impact on the<br>AQMA (Nottinghamshire County Cricket Club, Nottingham Forest<br>Football Club and Nottingham Rugby Club) at matches during the<br>2010/11, 2011/12, 2012/13 and 2013/14 seasons. | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>LTP8<br>LTP13<br>LTP14<br>NI198<br>LTP15<br>LTP16<br>LTP17<br>LTP18<br>LTP19<br>LTP20<br>LTP22<br>LTP23 |

| Intervention | Measure/ timescales   | Progress with measure   | Progress since last review   | Related<br>targets<br>LTP25<br>LTP30  |
|--------------|---|---|--|---|
|              | Car sharing<br>The promotion and facilitation<br>of car sharing schemes at<br>NCC and throughout the<br>county - on-going   | nottinghamshare.com was launched in April 2006 and continues<br>to be marketed across the county.   | <ul> <li>Whilst Nottinghamshire is promoted throughout the year additional activities and promotion was held during liftshare week including features in the Nottingham Evening Post and other publications involving employees and County Councillors.</li> <li>The number of current registered users on the website has increased from 2,234 to 2,295 between 2013 and 2014. The number of NCC staff registered on the website has increased to 414. NCC staff are estimated to make emission savings of 23.6 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>; and 60.3kg nitrogen oxides over the next 12 months as a result of car sharing through the website.</li> </ul> | LTP30<br>LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP20<br>LTP21   |
|              | Car club<br>Establishment of Greater<br>Nottingham Car Club   | A feasibility study was undertaken by consultants on the merits of<br>introducing such a scheme. The study concluded that the<br>greatest benefits would be seen by a scheme evolving out of a<br>car share club introduced in the City.<br>A feasibility study was undertaken on the merits of introducing<br>such a scheme and it is still intended that this will be delivered as<br>part of the Nottingham built up area Local Sustainable Transport<br>Fund bid. | A car club is due to start in Nottingham City on 17 April 2014. The scheme is being funded through the Local Sustainable Transport Fund and the Nottingham City workplace parking levy. The contract for the scheme allows for the expansion of the car club in to the county at a later date if the club proves consistently successful over a period of time.<br>No outcome from the scheme will be measurable until at least one year after scheme completion.  | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP20<br>LTP21  |
|              | Personalised travel planning<br>A pilot 'travel smart' scheme<br>was undertaken in the<br>Meadows and Lady Bay areas<br>adjoining the AQMA in<br>2003/04, a further travel smart<br>scheme is due to be<br>undertaken - 2008/09 | Due to revenue resource constraints this measure was not<br>undertaken in 2011/12 and will not be undertaken during 2012/13.<br>The Local Sustainable Transport Fund (LSTF) funding must be<br>spent by the end of the 2014/15 financial year.  | A successful LSTF bid developed jointly with Nottingham City Council<br>was submitted to DfT in December 2011. The bid includes an element<br>for personalised travel planning which will be prioritised in areas within<br>the county that could impact on congestion and AQMAs. If it is<br>determined that personalised travel planning will be delivered in<br>Rushcliffe it will be undertaken before the end of the 2014/15 financial<br>year.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>LTP13<br>NI198<br>LTP14<br>LTP15<br>LTP16<br>LTP17<br>LTP18<br>LTP19<br>LTP20<br>LTP20<br>LTP21<br>LTP22<br>LTP23<br>LTP25<br>LTP30 |
| Planning     | Development control   | Co-ordination of land use planning and transport infrastructure through the Local Development Framework   | Work continues on the development of the Local Plans. An Aligned<br>Core Strategy involving all of the district councils in the Core Nottingham<br>Housing Market Area was planned but Rushcliffe withdrew from this<br>process due to the timescales currently being followed by other planning   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4   |

| Intervention | Measure/ timescales   | Progress with measure   | Progress since last review   | Related targets   |
|--------------|---|---|--|---|
|              | Development control<br>contributions<br>Use of collected development<br>control contributions to provide<br>cycling, walking and public<br>transport improvements within<br>the AQMA - on-going | Two posts have been created within the County Council improve<br>the s106 process and consistency with the districts. | authorities. The Rushcliffe Local Plan is therefore being developed by<br>the Borough Council.<br>No funding was released by Rushcliffe Borough Council during 2013/14<br>for improvements that will help provide benefits across the AQMA.  | targets           LTP5           LTP7           N177           LTP13           LTP14           N198           LTP15           LTP16           LTP17           LTP18           LTP19           LTP20           LTP1           LTP2           NI176           LTP4           LTP5           LTP1           LTP1           LTP2           NI176           LTP4           LTP5           LTP8           N1178           LTP13           LTP14           N198           LTP15           LTP16           LTP17           LTP18           LTP17           LTP18           LTP17           LTP18           LTP19           LTP10           LTP120           LTP20           LTP20           LTP27 |
|              | Promotion and marketing<br>Involvement and promotion of<br>walk week and walk to work<br>day -on-going  | Involvement in Walk Week during May includes guided walks, a chance to try out activities.                            | Media campaigns were held internally with members of staff and<br>externally to promote walk week. Activities included organised<br>lunchtime walks and the formation of a jogging group. National walk to<br>school week was also promoted by the County Council in all schools<br>across the county. It is hoped that the events in Walk Week will<br>encourage people to continue walking and lead healthier lifestyles.<br>Footfall in West Bridgford town centre has increased by 24% between | LTP29<br>LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP14<br>NI198<br>LTP20  |
| Cycling      | Promotion and marketing<br>Develop and distribute cycle<br>maps of Rushcliffe area (and<br>the rest of the county) - on-  | Maps continue to be distributed throughout the county, and are available as a hard copy and on-line.                  | 2012 and 2013.<br>Cycling in the Nottingham built-up area part of the county has increased<br>by 5% between 2010 and 2013; and in Rushcliffe district there has been<br>a less than 1% increase in cycling between 2010 and 2013. It is not<br>possible to analyse these figures at a more local level.  | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP13   |

| Intervention     | Measure/ timescales   | Progress with measure   | Progress since last review  | Related targets   |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|
|                  | going   |   | Nottinghamshire County Council, in partnership with Nottingham City<br>Council, held a Greater Nottingham cycle forum during Bike Week and<br>Cycle Live (including mass participation cycle rides and activities) was<br>held in June to promote cycling.  | NI198<br>LTP20<br>LTP25<br>LTP26  |
|                  | Cycle training<br>Deliver adult and child cycle<br>training - On-going  | The County Council offers nationally accredited cycle training to<br>people of all ages and abilities. 12 additional trainers were<br>trained to accredited standards in 2008 to meet the national<br>guidelines.   | Cycle training continues to be offered free of charge to children in the county. Adult training is also available free to members of the public, whilst training is offered at workplaces at a cost to employers.<br>In 2013/14 5,322 children received cycle training, including 1,458 children in Rushcliffe.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP13<br>NI198<br>LTP20<br>LTP25<br>LTP26                           |
|                  | Lady Bay Bridge cycle lane<br>To be implemented as part of<br>Eastside Regeneration<br>scheme - 2010/11                 | This scheme has been delayed as it is part of a wider Eastside<br>Regeneration scheme.  | The measure is part of a larger Nottingham City Council Eastside<br>Regeneration scheme. The County Council cannot implement the<br>scheme until works have been undertaken by Nottingham City Council.<br>No progress has been made by the City Council as their scheme is<br>potentially dependent upon future developer contributions.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP13<br>NI198<br>LTP20                                    |
|                  | Cycle parking facilities<br>To be implemented as part of<br>the Local Sustainable<br>Transport Fund (LSTF) –<br>2014/15 | It is proposed to introduce additional secure cycle parking in West<br>Bridgford to provide better integration for cyclists to make longer<br>distance journeys by bus. These facilities will be accessible by<br>bus smartcard.  | Given the size of the proposed cycle facilities there is no suitable<br>location on the highway that would allow safe passage of pedestrians.<br>Therefore a number of privately owned locations have been investigated<br>for the siting of the proposed secure cycle parking (including a number<br>of pieces of land owned by Rushcliffe Borough Council). All the<br>suggested locations to date have been rejected by the landowners but<br>Rushcliffe Borough Council (RBC) has suggested an alternative location<br>in their ownership and the County Council is now awaiting a decision<br>from RBC on whether the facilities will be allowed to be installed on the<br>land.                   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>LTP8<br>LTP13<br>LTP13<br>LTP14<br>LTP15<br>LTP16<br>LTP17 |
| Public transport | SkyLink bus service<br>Provision of SkyLink direct 24<br>hour bus service to the airport<br>- on-going                  | <ul> <li>The service began operating in May 2004 and in February 2006, the Skylink service became 24-hour, operating every 30minutes and was re-routed via Trent Bridge.</li> <li>Between 2005 and 2009 patronage on the Nottingham Skylink service has increased by 168%. The numbers of people travelling to the airport by car have decreased by almost 7%.</li> </ul> | The franchise for the Skylink service was re-tendered during 2011 and the new operator revised the route which no longer operates through the AQMA.<br>Another operator took up the vacated route but unfortunately ceased trading during 2012. Funding the route through the LSTF was considered but the service would have been significantly impacted by the disruption from the on-going carriageway widening works on the A453 (part of the route) and therefore this was not funded. It is unlikely that any operator will consider the route until the works on the A453 are completed (Spring 2015). Any future route may also be dependent upon securing scarce revenue funding for the route. | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>LTP8<br>LTP15<br>LTP19<br>LTP20                   |

| Intervention | Measure/ timescales  | Progress with measure   | Progress since last review   | Related targets   |
|--------------|--|---|--|---|
|              | Ticketing<br>Introduction of ITSO<br>smartcard ticketing - 2007/08<br>and on-going   | It was planned to introduce ITSO smartcards in replacement of<br>the NCC legacy concessions smartcard in March/April 2007 and<br>this was carried out in the Bassetlaw District. When government<br>announced the introduction of the English National Concessions<br>Scheme (ENCTS) commencing 1st April 2008 it was decided,<br>however, that, rather than carrying out two complete card re-<br>issues, the ITSO and ENCTS cards would be introduced together.<br>Scholars' cards were issued in ITSO format starting July 2007. | 130,000 concessions cards (including 21,000 in Rushcliffe) were<br>produced and distributed to pass holders during 2008. Further<br>enhancements to smartcard ticketing in the county will be determined as<br>part of the emerging Integrated Passenger Transport Strategy which will<br>be completed during 2014/15. Any enhancements to the smartcard<br>'offer' will therefore be developed after 2014/15.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>NI178<br>LTP8<br>LTP20<br>LTP20<br>LTP30  |
|              | Concessionary fare schemes<br>for the over 60s and disabled<br>Free countywide off-peak<br>concessionary fare schemes<br>for the over 60s and disabled<br>to be introduced - 2006/07 and<br>on-going | A free countywide off-peak concessionary fare scheme for the over 60s and disabled was introduced on 1 April 2006.  | 95% of older people living in Rushcliffe had taken up their entitlement to a concessionary pass.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>NI178<br>LTP8<br>LTP20<br>LTP16<br>LTP17<br>LTP18<br>LTP30                            |
|              | Information<br>Investigate and publicise web<br>based journey planners - on-<br>going  | Nottinghamshire is now part of the national, multi-modal Traveline<br>journey planner. Web links to the Traveline site are publicised<br>and available from the County Council's website. In addition to<br>this, links to all of the area's public transport operators' journey<br>planner information are also available from NCC's website.  | This action has been completed. Links to the Traveline journey planner<br>and operators' journey planner information continue to be available from<br>NCC's website. Further enhancements to web based journey planners<br>in the county will be determined as part of the emerging Integrated<br>Passenger Transport Strategy which will be completed during 2014/15.<br>Any enhancements to web based journey planners will therefore be<br>developed after 2014/15. | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI177<br>NI178<br>LTP8<br>NI198<br>LTP15<br>LTP16<br>LTP17<br>LTP18<br>LTP19<br>LTP20<br>LTP22 |

| Intervention          | Measure/ timescales  | Progress with measure  | Progress since last review   | Related targets   |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|---|
|                       | Construction of the East<br>Midlands Parkway station on<br>the A453 with adjoining park<br>and ride site<br>Scheme completion - 2008/09  | Construction started at the site in December 2007.   | Parkway station opened in January 2009. In 2012/13 283,756 passengers (combined total arriving and departing) a 7.23% increase from 2011/12.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>NI176<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP15<br>LTP16<br>LTP17<br>LTP18<br>LTP19<br>LTP20 |
|                       | Encourage operators to take-<br>up cleaner vehicles through<br>partnership working<br>Cleaner fleet vehicles -<br>2010/11 and on-going   | Operators are encouraged to take-up cleaner vehicles through<br>partnership working. Due to the sustained high level of<br>investment by the two main operators the average age of the bus<br>fleet operating in the AQMA is already less than six years old and<br>by the end of 2007 all of the two main operators fleet were low-<br>emission Euro2, 3 or 4 standards.  | Partnerships with all of the major bus operators are on-going including<br>the transport development group which is held every two months; and<br>the Greater Nottingham Bus Quality Partnership which meets quarterly.<br>The groups help determine future service and public transport scheme<br>improvements. | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP8<br>LTP20<br>LTP27<br>LTP30                             |
|                       | Introduce increasing<br>proportion of bio-fuels to<br>NCC's fleet  |  | The measure is not due to commence yet and therefore there is no progress or outcomes to report.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>LTP20   |
| Network<br>management | Traffic control and information<br>Jointly fund the traffic control<br>centre that monitors traffic<br>movement and provides real<br>time traffic control over many<br>traffic signal installations - On-<br>going | The County and City Councils jointly fund the traffic control centre<br>that monitors traffic movement and provides real time traffic<br>control over many traffic signal installations. Real time<br>information is conveyed onto the local media and disseminated<br>via NCC's web site. A review of the Travelwise Centre was<br>undertaken in early 2007 which resulted in a complete<br>restructuring of Travelwise in May 2007. The review included<br>how the traffic and travel information is conveyed to the public,<br>taking into account advances in communication systems, the<br>internet, mobile phones, satellite navigation and radio<br>broadcasting. The existing Travelwise web site was completely<br>rebuilt and developed to become the central real time information<br>hub for reporting road conditions, congestion, road works, events,<br>incidents, travel information and useful advice for the travelling<br>public. | The Travelwise centre remains in operation 24hrs a day, every day.   | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>N178<br>LTP8<br>LTP20                                       |

| Intervention | Measure/ timescales   | Progress with measure  | Pr   | rogress sinc   | e last re           | eview               |          |                                |  |           |         | Related targets        |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------------------|--|-----------|---------|------------------------|
|              | Co-ordination of streetworks -<br>Effective co-ordination of<br>streetworks to minimise traffic<br>disruption and unnecessary<br>congestion as part of NCC's<br>network management duty<br>County Council's network<br>management duty - On-going | Systems for notice management and coordination have been<br>upgraded to enhance noticing handling, monitoring of works<br>proposals, coordination of works and directing timing of works.<br>Staff awareness and training has been undertaken to ensure that<br>powers are used effectively. Promoters of highway works have<br>been made aware of the requirement to manage works to<br>minimise the impact on traffic to reduce disruption. A review of<br>street designations and network hierarchy has commenced to<br>improve data quality for works promoters and network managers | <ul> <li>A6011 and A6520 which lie within the AQMA) has been underta annually since 2005/06.</li> <li>Between 2005 and 2011 there has been a decrease in journey to per mile on each of the routes monitored in the AQMA (as well as the leading to the AQMA) as shown in the table below. Data for 2010 2013 is not available yet.</li> </ul> |  |                     |                     |          | ertaken<br>y times<br>is those | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI178<br>LTP8<br>LTP20 |           |         |                        |
|              |   | and to prioritise works management. Regular coordination   |  |  | Jo                  | ourney t            | ime per  | mile in t                      | he morn  | ing pea   | k       |                        |
|              |   | meetings have been held between all works promoters in conjunction with the City Council and HA and also additional  |  | Route  | 2011                | 2010                | 2009     | 2008                           | 2007   | 2006      | 2005    |                        |
|              |   | regular meetings between the HA and the local authorities of<br>Nottinghamshire, Nottingham, Derbyshire and Derby to create a<br>composite framework programme of planned works affecting  |  | A6011<br>Lady Bay<br>Bridge                                    | 4.1                 | 4.2                 | 3.7      | 4.0                            | 4.3  | 3.9       | 4.7     |                        |
|              |   | major routes in the region. In addition, workshops have been<br>held with major works promoters including utility companies to<br>promote good practice and to encourage alternative working<br>methods with a review to reducing peak period working and  |  | A6520 &<br>A60<br>Trent<br>Bridge                              | 2.7                 | 3.1                 | 3.2      | 4.1                            | 3.3  | 3.2       | 3.9     |                        |
|              |   | thereby address the most disruptive aspect of working on the highway.  |  | A60<br>South   | 2.8                 | 3.1                 | 2.9      | 2.8                            | 2.7  | 3.1       | 3.2     |                        |
|              |   |  |  | A606<br>All  | 3.2                 | 3.2                 | 3.1      | 3.3                            | 2.9  | 3.2       | 3.0     |                        |
|              | locidant monocomont   | As indicated under Traffic Control and Information, the joint  |  | Routes   | 3.3                 | 3.4                 | 3.3      | 3.6                            | 3.4  | 3.4       | 3.8     | LTP1                   |
|              | Incident management -<br>Effective management of<br>incidents to minimise traffic<br>disruption and unnecessary   | County/City control centre and travelwise web site have been<br>comprehensively revised. This has improved the manner in<br>which incident information can be dealt with to ensure that  | A6   | etailed journ<br>6011 and A6<br>nnually since                  | 6520 wh             | ich lie v           |          |                                |  |           |         | LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5   |
|              | congestion as part of NCC's<br>network management duty<br>County Council's network<br>management duty - On-going  | communication about the incident is passed effectively to those<br>who need to deal with the matter and also to the road user. The<br>local operating agreement between the authority and the HA has<br>been comprehensively reviewed to identify the relevant parts of<br>the network which have interaction on each authority and to put in  | pe<br>lea  | etween 2005<br>er mile on ea<br>ading to the<br>013 is not ava | ich of the<br>AQMA) | e routes<br>as show | monitore | d in the <i>i</i>              | AQMA (a  | as well a | s those | NI178<br>LTP8<br>LTP20 |
|              |   | place appropriate communication channels for management of   |  | Ī  | Jo                  | ournev t            | ime per  | mile in t                      | he morr  | ing pea   | k       |                        |
|              |   | incident information.  | [  | Route  | 2011                | 2010                | 2009     | 2008                           | 2007   | 2006      | 2005    | 1                      |
|              |   |  |  | A6011<br>Lady Bay<br>Bridge<br>A6520 &                         | 4.1                 | 4.2                 | 3.7      | 4.0                            | 4.3  | 3.9       | 4.7     |                        |
|              |   |  |  | A60<br>A60<br>Trent<br>Bridge                                  | 2.7                 | 3.1                 | 3.2      | 4.1                            | 3.3  | 3.2       | 3.9     |                        |

| Intervention | Measure/ timescales   | Progress with measure   | Progress since last review  |   |   |                                   |                                 |                               |                                   |                                  |  |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
|              |   | A60<br>South  | 2.8   | 3.1   | 2.9   | 2.8                               | 2.7                             | 3.1                           | 3.2                               |                                  |  |
|              |   |   | A606  | 3.2   | 3.2   | 3.1                               | 3.3                             | 2.9                           | 3.2                               | 3.0                              |  |
|              |   |   | Routes  | 3.3   | 3.4   | 3.3                               | 3.6                             | 3.4                           | 3.4                               | 3.8                              |  |
|              | Contingency planning -<br>Effective contingency planning<br>to minimise traffic disruption<br>and unnecessary congestion<br>as part of NCC's network<br>management duty<br>County Council's network<br>management duty - On-going | Working in close collaboration with the City and HA, tactical diversion routes have been developed for the emergency diversion of traffic from any part of the trunk road network, to reduce the delay in implementation of alternative routes and to ease congestion at the time of incidents. Key locations on the local network are being identified and associated diversion routes investigated in line with the developing network hierarchy. | Detailed journ<br>A6011 and A<br>annually since<br>Between 2000<br>per mile on ea<br>leading to the<br>2013 is not av | 6520 wh<br>2005/06<br>5 and 20<br>ach of the<br>AQMA) | hich lie N<br>5.<br>011 there<br>e routes<br>1 as sho | within th<br>e has be<br>monitore | e AQMA<br>een a de<br>ed in the | ) has b<br>crease i<br>AQMA ( | een und<br>in journe<br>as well a | lertaken<br>ey times<br>as those | LTP1<br>LTP2<br>LTP4<br>LTP5<br>NI178<br>LTP8<br>LTP20 |
|              |   |   |   | Jo  | ourney t  | ime per                           | mile in t                       | the mor                       | ning pea                          | ak                               |  |
|              |   |   | Route   | 2011  | 2010  | 2009                              | 2008                            | 2007                          | 2006                              | 2005                             |  |
|              |   |   | A6011<br>Lady Bay<br>Bridge   | 4.1   | 4.2   | 3.7                               | 4.0                             | 4.3                           | 3.9                               | 4.7                              |  |
|              |   |   | A6520 &<br>A60<br>Trent<br>Bridge   | 2.7   | 3.1   | 3.2                               | 4.1                             | 3.3                           | 3.2                               | 3.9                              |  |
|              |   |   | A60<br>South  | 2.8   | 3.1   | 2.9                               | 2.8                             | 2.7                           | 3.1                               | 3.2                              |  |
|              |   |   | A606  | 3.2   | 3.2   | 3.1                               | 3.3                             | 2.9                           | 3.2                               | 3.0                              |  |
|              |   |   | Routes  | 3.3   | 3.4   | 3.3                               | 3.6                             | 3.4                           | 3.4                               | 3.8                              | 1  |

Old tables from here on

## 8.2 Major transport schemes (costing over £5m)

Over £1.5bn is to be provided for local authority major schemes during the 2011/12-2014/15 Spending Review period. Schemes that were already under construction continued to receive funding and to maximise the number of schemes that can go ahead during 2011/12 to 2014/15, DfT challenged scheme promoters to review options for cost reductions (including scope changes); take opportunity of the existing market conditions; and increase local contributions. In order to do this DfT reviewed all of the schemes with programme entry or valid programme entry bids and have categorised them in three pools:

• Supported pool with approved funding – which consists of schemes that are likely to be funded subject to DfT Full Approval of statutory powers and tender prices.

• Approved development pool – which consists of schemes that are likely to be funded subject to DfT Full Approval of statutory powers and tender prices but which local authorities need to undertake further detailed work on.

• Pre-qualification pool – schemes awaiting promotion to the development pool pending further investigations.

Any schemes which were not included in the 'supported pool with approved funding' or the 'approved development pool' (including new schemes) will not receive funding before 1 April 2015. No major schemes that would impact on the AQMAs are currently being promoted by the County Council.

#### 8.3 Future prioritisation of major transport schemes

Following the dismantling of the regional bodies, DfT developed new arrangements to provide advice on the prioritisation of major transport schemes, Local Transport Bodies (LTBs). A Local Transport Body (LTB) covering a similar geographic location as the D2N2 Local Enterprise Partnership (Derby city, Derbyshire county, Nottingham city and Nottinghamshire county – although some funding will be allocated to the Sheffield City Region where districts overlap) was established and prioritised the major transport schemes within its geographical area, none of which would impact on the AQMAs. The LTB's responsibilities are now under review as the major transport

scheme funding along with a significant proportion of integrated transport funding will now be distributed through the Single Local Growth Fund.

| Major schemes | A52 ring road upgrade  | A business case was submitted to DfT by the City Council but no decision<br>had been made on its success or progression before the major scheme<br>review.   | In December 2011, the City Council was awarded 'Programme Entry' to progress the Nottingham Ring Road transport scheme. The scheme was one of 21 major transport schemes to have received the go-ahead from Government.   |
|---------------|--|--|---|
|               |  |  | The scheme proposes a package of measures aimed at directly<br>addressing the key problems affecting the Ring Road. These are based<br>upon making the best use of the existing road network and minimising<br>public expenditure.  |
|               | NET phase 2 - timescales<br>subject to all feasibility,<br>funding and approvals               | Department for Transport granted 'programme entry approval' for Phase 2 of<br>the Nottingham Express Transit (NET) in October 2006. This decision has<br>allowed progress of the extension of the tram system to incorporate two new<br>lines to the south and west of Nottingham city centre totalling 17km in length.<br>A public inquiry into the proposals closed on 16 January 2008.  | In March 2011 the Government confirmed that funding is to be made<br>available to enable the construction of NET Phase Two after cost savings<br>were identified to make the project more affordable. A preferred bidder<br>has been selected to build the two new tram lines and construction began<br>in early 2012. It is expected that the extended network will be fully<br>operational by late 2014.  |
|               |  | The Inspector presented his findings on the NET Public Inquiry to the Secretary of State for Transport whom approved the Transport and Works Act Order (TWAO) for the NET Phase 2 proposals on 30 March 2009.  |   |
|               | A453 widening  | The first Regional Funding Allocation (RFA) in January 2006 identified the A453 widening as a medium priority but the February 2009 RFA review made the scheme a high priority. The proposed scheme aims to improve the A453 trunk road between the M1 junction 24 and the A52 in Nottingham, to ease existing highway congestion and improve road safety.   | DfT announced approval of the A453 widening scheme in March 2012.<br>Advanced works on the scheme have started and the scheme is due for<br>completion in Spring 2015.  |
|               |  | The Highways Agency (HA) has published draft legal Orders and an Environmental Statement, which is part of the Statutory process for delivering this scheme. Following public exhibitions and consultation on the proposals a Public Inquiry was held in November 2009. The findings of the Inquiry have been passed to the Secretary of State and their decision to proceed with the scheme has been announced.   |   |
|               | New River Trent crossing   | The AQMA encompasses two of the three road bridges crossing the River<br>Trent within the Nottingham built-up area LTP area. A fourth road bridge<br>crossing is not planned until after the 'duelling' of the A52 between Clifton<br>Bridge and Saxondale island, including grade separated junctions between<br>these two locations. The work on the A52 does not, however, feature as a<br>Highways Agency priority.  | The new River Trent Crossing was not considered as a scheme and<br>therefore is not a DfT supported scheme up to 2015. Priorities beyond this<br>date did not include a new River Trent Crossing. Given the very high cost<br>of such a scheme it is unlikely that it will be included as a priority in the<br>near future. Gedling Borough Council employed consultants to undertake<br>a very basic Fourth Trent Crossing feasibility study. This work, however,<br>is not able to determine whether such a crossing is feasible as its brief<br>was not wide enough to do so and did not even include any involvement of<br>either the Highways Agency or the County Council (the two authorities for<br>responsibility for the roads that would serve such a crossing). |
|               | Workplace parking levy -<br>timescales subject to all<br>feasibility, funding and<br>approvals | The public consultation on the proposals for a Workplace Parking Levy (WPL) in Nottingham closed on 12 October 2007 following a 12 week consultation period. As part of the consultation there was a five day Public Examination of the WPL proposals by an independent chairman. An independent report of the findings, together with responses from the consultation, was presented to Nottingham City Council in December 2007. Councillors considered the conclusions of the public consultation and the Public Examination of the WPL proposals at the Nottingham City Council's Executive Board on 18 December 2007 and decided to proceed, in principle, with developing the details of the scheme. | The scheme was ratified by Nottingham City Full Council in May 2008, and<br>a revised Business Case was subsequently submitted to the Department<br>for Transport (DfT). DfT granted conditional approval for the scheme in<br>July 2009 along with confirmation of the Orders. The scheme was<br>introduced without charge in October 2011; and became fully operational<br>(including charges) in April 2012.<br>The WPL will provide funding for NET Phase 2; the redevelopment of<br>Nottingham Railway Station (the Hub project); and is also intended to<br>support the popular Link Bus network.   |

#### Table 8.2 Nottinghamshire County Council Indicator Table

| Progress | Progress against trajectory legend:  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|          | Going strongly in the right direction  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | No clear trend/slowly going in the right direction, perhaps not fast enough to meet agreed targets |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Going in wrong direction   |  |  |  |  |  |
| N/A      | Data not available at time of writing  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Indicator<br>no. | Indicator  | Performance |      |       |                 |                 | Year            |                 |                 |                 |                 |
|------------------|--|-------------|------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                  |  |             |      |       | 2008            | 2009            | 2010            | 2011            | 2012            | 2013            | 2014            |
|                  | Average journey time per mile during the morning peak on the | Trend data  |      |       | 3mins<br>26secs | 3mins<br>19secs | 3mins<br>24secs |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| LTP1             | urban centre networks in the county                          | Targets     |      |       |                 |                 |                 | 3mins<br>26secs | 3mins<br>27secs | 3mins<br>29secs | 3mins<br>30secs |
|                  |  | Actual      |      |       |                 |                 |                 | 3mins<br>16secs | 3mins<br>10secs | N/A             |                 |
|                  |  |             | 2006 | 2007  | 2008            | 2009            | 2010            | 2011            | 2012            | 2013            | 2014            |
|                  | Changes in area wide traffic                                 | Trend data  | 100  | 102   | 99              | 100             |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| LTP2             | mileage (vehicle kilometres<br>travelled)                    | Targets     |      |       |                 |                 | 101             | 102             | 103             | 104             | 105             |
|                  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,                        | Actual      |      |       |                 |                 | 99              | 98              | 96              | N/A             |                 |
|                  |  |             |      |       | 2007/08         | 2008/09         | 2009/10         | 2010/11         | 2011/12         | 2012/13         | 2013/14         |
|                  | Working age people with access<br>to employment by public    | Trend data  |      | 79.5% | 80.8%           | 80.9%           |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| NI176            | transport (and other specified                               | Targets     |      |       |                 |                 | 80.9%           | 80.9%           | 80.9%           | 80.9%           | 80.9%           |
|                  | means)   | Actual      |      |       |                 |                 | 81.2%           | 81.9%           | N/A             | N/A             |                 |
|                  |  |             |      | 2007  | 2008            | 2009            | 2010            | 2011            | 2012            | 2013            | 2014            |
|                  | Number of AQMAs on County                                    | Trend data  |      | 1     | 1               | 1               | 2               |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| LTP4             | Council managed roads  | Targets     |      |       |                 |                 |                 | 2               | 2               | 2               | 2               |
|                  |  | Actual      |      |       |                 |                 |                 | 2               | 2               | 2               |                 |
|                  |  |             | 2006 | 2007  | 2008            | 2009            | 2010            | 2011            | 2012            | 2013            | 2014            |
|                  | CO2 emissions from transport                                 | Trend data  | 105  | 106   | 103             | 100             |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| LTP5             | on County Council managed<br>roads                           | Targets     |      |       |                 |                 | 101             | 102             | 103             | 104             | 105             |
|                  |  | Actual      |      |       |                 |                 | 100             | 98              | 97              | N/A             |                 |

| Indicator<br>no. | Indicator  | Performance |         |         |         |         | Year    |         |          |          |         |
|------------------|--|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|
|                  |  |             | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12  | 2012/13  | 2013/14 |
|                  |  | Trend data  |         |         |         |         |         |         | N/A      | N/A      |         |
| LTP7             | Organisations with a travel plan                   | Targets     |         |         |         |         |         |         | N/A      | N/A      |         |
|                  |  | Actual      |         |         |         |         |         |         | N/A      | N/A      |         |
|                  |  |             | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12  | 2012/13  | 2013/14 |
|                  | No. of local bus and light rail                    | Trend data  | 32.6m   | 34.0m   | 35.1m   | 35.4m   | 35.1m   |         |          |          |         |
| NI177            | passenger journeys originating<br>in the authority | Targets     |         |         |         |         |         | 35.4m   | 35.8m    | 36.1m    | 36.5m   |
|                  |  | Actual      |         |         |         |         |         | 34m     | 33.2m    | 34.6m    | N/A     |
|                  |  |             | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12  | 2012/13  | 2013/14 |
|                  | Bus services running on time                       | Trend data  |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |          |         |
|                  | (Percentage of buses on time)                      | Targets     |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |          |         |
| NI178            |  | Actual      |         |         |         |         |         |         | 85%      | 85%      | 84%     |
|                  | Bus services running on time                       | Trend data  |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |          |         |
|                  | (waiting time on frequent<br>services)             | Targets     |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |          |         |
|                  |  | Actual      |         |         |         |         |         |         | 0.89mins | 0.93mins | 0.9mins |
|                  |  |             |         |         |         |         | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12  | 2012/13  | 2013/14 |
| 1 7 5 0          | Public satisfaction with local                     | Trend data  |         |         |         |         | 69%     |         |          |          |         |
| LTP8             | bus services                                       | Targets     |         |         |         |         |         | 69%     | 69%      | 69%      | 69%     |
|                  |  | Actual      |         |         |         |         |         | 69%     | 66%      | 70%      | 69%     |
|                  |  |             | 2006    | 2007    | 2008    | 2009    | 2010    | 2011    | 2012     | 2013     | 2014    |
|                  |  | Trend data  | 103     | 104     | 99      | 100     | 100     |         |          |          |         |
| LTP13            | Cycling levels                                     | Targets     |         |         |         |         |         | 100     | 100      | 100      | 100     |
|                  |  | Actual      |         |         |         |         |         | 109     | 105      | 108      |         |

| Indicator<br>no. | Indicator   | Performance |      |      |      |      | Year |      |      |      |      |
|------------------|---|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
|                  |   |             | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|                  |   | Trend data  |      |      |      |      |      |      | N/A  | N/A  |      |
| LTP14            | Footfall in towns and district<br>centres                           | Targets     |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|                  |   | Actual      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|                  |   |             | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|                  | Percentage of 16-19 year olds                                       | Trend data  |      |      |      |      | 92%  |      |      |      |      |
| LTP15            | with access to further education<br>colleges within 40mins travel   | Targets     |      |      |      |      |      | 92%  | 92%  | 92%  | 92%  |
|                  | time by public transport  | Actual      |      |      |      |      |      | 94%  | 92%  | N/A  |      |
|                  |   |             | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|                  | Percentage of households with                                       | Trend data  |      |      |      |      | 94%  |      |      |      |      |
| LTP16            | access to GP surgeries within<br>20mins travel time by public       | Targets     |      |      |      |      |      | 94%  | 94%  | 94%  | 94%  |
|                  | transport   | Actual      |      |      |      |      |      | 94%  | 93%  | N/A  |      |
|                  |   |             | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|                  | Percentage of households with                                       | Trend data  |      |      |      |      | 86%  |      |      |      |      |
| LTP17            | access to hospital within 40mins                                    | Targets     |      |      |      |      |      | 86%  | 86%  | 86%  | 86%  |
|                  | travel time by public transport                                     | Actual      |      |      |      |      |      | 86%  | 90%  | N/A  |      |
|                  |   |             | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|                  | Percentage of households with                                       | Trend data  |      |      |      |      | 99%  |      |      |      |      |
| LTP18            | access to a supermarket or local<br>convenience store within 40mins | Targets     |      |      |      |      |      | 99%  | 99%  | 99%  | 99%  |
|                  | travel time by public transport                                     | Actual      |      |      |      |      |      | 99%  | 99%  | N/A  |      |
|                  |   |             | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|                  | Percentage of households within                                     | Trend data  |      |      |      |      | 96%  |      |      |      |      |
| LTP19            | 800m of a bus stop with an hourly<br>or better bus service Monday-  | Targets     |      |      |      |      |      | 96%  | 96%  | 96%  | 96%  |
|                  | Saturday (0600-1800)  | Actual      |      |      |      |      |      | 95%  | 94%  | N/A  |      |

| Indicator<br>no. | Indicator                       | Performance |         |         |         | Y       | ear     |         |         |         |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| LTP21            | Number of registered car        |             | 2006    | 2007    | 2008    | 2009    | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |
|                  | sharers on Nottinghamshire      | Actual      | 790     | 994     | 1,326   | 1,760   | 1,891   | 2,044   | 2,234   | 2,295   |
| LTP22            | Public satisfaction with        |             | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 |
|                  | passenger transport information | Actual      |         |         |         | 61.8%   | 61.4%   | 62.1%   | 64.8%   | 63.2%   |
| LTP23            | Public satisfaction with bus    |             | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 |
|                  | driver behaviour                | Actual      |         |         |         | 70.0%   | 70.5%   | 70.1%   | 71.2%   | 72.6%   |
| LTP25            | Number of children undertaking  |             | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 |
|                  | cycle training                  | Actual      |         |         |         |         | 4,800   | 4,900   | 4,592   | 5,322   |
| LTP28            | Provision of information at bus |             | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 |
|                  | stops                           | Actual      | 74%     | 76%     | 80%     | 80%     | 95%     |         |         |         |
| LTP29            | Provision of real-time          |             | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 |
|                  | information                     | Actual      |         |         |         | 80      | 80      | 111     | N/A     | 212     |
| LTP30            | Take up of concessionary fare   |             | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 |
|                  | passes                          | Actual      | 74      | 76      | 80      | 80      | 86%     | 89.3%   | 84.8%   | 89.9%   |

Contributory output indicators (no targets have been set for such indicators but it is anticipated that year on year growth will be seen)

#### Table 8.3 Rushcliffe Borough Council Measures

| measu             | re     | Focus   | Responsibility   | Air<br>Quality<br>Impact | Time<br>scale | Indicator                         | Progress   |
|-------------------|--------|---|--|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| RBC<br>Plan       | Travel | Reduce impact of RBCs business<br>and staff travel. | Paul Philips,<br>Environmental<br>Sustainability<br>Officer  | L                        | M             | Implementation<br>of travel plan. | <ul> <li>2009: RBC Travel Plan - No progress has been made on the update for the RBC Travel Plan and there is no timescale for this work. A review is currently underway by the Senior Management Team for the Lease Car Scheme, this will consider environmental measures in the consideration of any changes.</li> <li>2010: RBC Travel Plan - No progress has been made on the update for the RBC Travel Plan and there is no timescale for this work.</li> <li>2011     <ul> <li>No progress has been made on the update for the RBC Travel Plan and there is no timescale for this work.</li> <li>2012: A staff travel survey has been carried out in November 2012 and Feb 2013. A travel awareness campaign was also run alongside the survey. The results of the survey will be used to develop a new staff travel plan.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2013: A draft travel plan has been produced and is likely to be implemented from 2014/15.</li> </ul> |
| Remote<br>working | home   | Expand to other Service areas as appropriate        | Corporate<br>(John Waterson,<br>Senior Finance<br>Officer<br>has access to<br>remote worker<br>list) | L                        | S             | AQ3                               | <ul> <li>2009: Environmental Health staff currently undertake a significant proportion of work from home negating the need to travel through the AQMA areas. This measure has been adopted in 2009 as the 'fit for purpose review' with the potential to increase remote working where appropriate throughout the Council.</li> <li>FY 2010/11 we paid 46 staff remote working allowance.</li> <li>FY 2011/12 we paid 42 staff remote working allowance.</li> <li>FY 2012/13 we paid 36 staff remote working allowance.</li> <li>FY 2013/14 we paid 31 staff remote working allowance</li> </ul>   |

| Energy<br>efficiency | Reduce emissions of greenhouse<br>gases and nitrogen dioxide from<br>RBC premises and domestic<br>premises and establish targets | Paul Philips,<br>Environmental<br>Sustainability<br>Officer | L | 2009/<br>2010 | NI185<br>NI187 | An energy strategy is in place for the period 2000-2010<br>with the aim or reducing energy usage in general. This<br>measure is now part of the Climate Change Action Group<br>remit  |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---------------|----------------|---|
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | <ul> <li>NI 187 Progress – we are feeding our action plan into the county action plan under the LAA. At the moment RBC are continuing with actions from 2008/9. The county NI 187 group have secured money to fund further initiatives into 2011.</li> <li>2010: NI187 is reported below. Various projects on-going. Some feedback from Sheila : 157 referrals received, £589,622 spent on energy efficiency measures of which 128 were boiler replacements, there were no CO" savings recorded.</li> <li>EST data is from April 2010 - Jan 2011 as follows: 84 CWI —-&gt; 51,240 kg CO2</li> </ul> |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | Much of my work with communities does not lend itself to  |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | be measured in CO2 savings but the Kinoulton Greening campaign did result in a saving of 106 tonnes of CO2. Events throughout the year with the Fantastic Homes   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | vehicle in tow resulted in estimated savings (by Marches<br>Energy Agency)<br>CO2 saved (lifetime) =  |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | 101,401kg + 44,280 kg + 72,888 kg<br>2011 Energy efficiency<br>NI 187 was abandoned by Gov't but members asked for  |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | repeat surveys, the results show:   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | SAP <35 SAP 65 and over<br>2010 8.9% 29.1%  |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | 2011 7.1% 29.8%   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | Greening Campaign   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | Sutton Bonington Phase 1 results<br>35% of your community was engaged   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | TOTAL CO2 SAVINGS: 122,564 kg   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | Fantastic Homes events resulted in Lifetime Savings of:   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | 293,754kg CO2   |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | Warmstreets Insulation scheme<br>Carbon savings July '11- Jan '12 = 131 tonnes  |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | 2012  |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | A Home Energy Conservation Act (HECA) report  |
|                      |  |   |   |               |                | and plan is in preparation, this will set future  |

|                                   |   |   |   |                   |                            | objectives for domestic premises.<br>For RBC premises please see the Greenhouse<br>Emissions Report 2011/2012 online at:<br>http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/media/<br>documents/pdf/environmentandwaste/climatechang<br>e/Rushcliffe%20GHG%20Report%202011_12.pdf<br>The 2012/13 report is due July 2013.<br>2013: RBC no longer provides domestic energy<br>efficiency advice. Future external energy work<br>will be carried out with partners as per our<br>HECA report published in 2013 (online at<br>http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/me<br>dia/documents/pdf/environmentandwaste/LAEP<br>%20HECA%20report%202013.pdf )<br>Future external and internal work will also be<br>guided by our updated Climate Change Strategy<br>(online at<br>http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/me<br>dia/documents/pdf/environmentandwaste/Climat<br>e change strategy 2013.pdf ). Our monitoring<br>report can be found online at<br>http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/me<br>dia/documents/pdf/environmentandwaste/Climat<br>echange/Rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/me<br>dia/documents/pdf/environmentandwaste/climat<br>echange/Rushcliffe%20GHG%20Report%202012<br>13.pdf |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------|----------------------------|---|
| A52 Traffic Study                 | Determine traffic levels and air quality<br>impacts along A52 from Widmerpool to<br>Clifton and associated junctions. | Highways Agency,<br>Kamaljit Khokhar,<br>Asset Manager<br>Highways Agency | Н | By end of<br>2010 | Production of final report | 2009 study on-going at this time<br>2010: contact has been made with route manager for the A52.<br>The study data has not been forwarded as yet. Expected in 2011.<br>2011: Awaiting comment from HA<br>2012: Update is required as HA have provided pervious<br>commitment that this will be done<br>2013: comment from HA "This study has not progressed<br>as we are looking at various improvements along the A52<br>between Clifton Boulevard (Queens Drive roundabout) to<br>Bingham, due to the influx of planning applications in that<br>area."  |
| VOSA vehicle<br>emissions testing | Liaise with NCC and evaluate feasibility of<br>enforcement of emission standards within<br>AQMA's                     | Neighbourhoods,<br>RBC  | L | 2009/2010         | Under take<br>monitoring   | The action was<br>raised at the<br>AQSG. 2 LA'sItem will remain open but no further progress<br>has been made.AQSG. 2 LA's<br>agreed to part<br>take in a joint<br>scheme. This2009 no progress made<br>2011 no progress made<br>2012 no progress made<br>2013 no progress made   |

|   |  |  |   |                              |  | to fund the  |   |
|---|--|--|---|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Local Plans.<br>Development<br>Control<br>Strategies. | Develop Supplementary Planning<br>Documents.<br>Ensure air quality is a material<br>consideration for key developments in<br>the Borough.<br>Prevention of a worsening of air<br>quality through inappropriate<br>development in or around the<br>AQMA's | Development<br>control<br>(Richard<br>Mapletoft,<br>Planning Policy<br>Manager<br>)<br>Neighbourhoods<br>(M Hickey, EHO) | M | 2009<br>On-going<br>on-going | Draft has been<br>produced and<br>published on<br>web in 2009<br>AQ4<br>AQ5<br>AQ6 | to fund the<br>project.<br>Draft<br>guidance<br>produced.<br>Planners<br>have policy in<br>place to refer<br>applications<br>with air quality<br>impacts | Air quality is a material consideration in<br>planning matters and specific conditions<br>relating to land use and traffic impacts<br>are being commented on and attached<br>as planning conditions currently. A draft<br>informal SPD has been drafted by<br>EH&WM but requires further revision<br>prior to consultation. An un adopted<br>guide for developers is likely to be<br>published this year but formal adoption<br>by development control is yet to be<br>discussed:<br><b>2009</b> : non statutory guide has been<br>produced and published.<br>Planners have suggested SPD will be<br>2012/13 before published<br><b>2010</b> Consider some parts have been<br>implemented and will continue to monitor<br>and report changes and impacts. The<br>SPD has not progressed due to change<br>in Government policy toward the LDF.<br>This delay has a knock on effect to the<br>development of any proposed SPD's<br>which is similarly delayed.<br><b>2011</b> : Looking at a joint grant bid with<br>Gedling Borough Council. Alternatively,<br>no progress will be expected until the<br>RBC planning policy has been<br>completed with the LDF process and can<br>programme in the time required.<br>Expected 2 years+ in in-house<br><b>2012</b> : Use of NPPF wording to influence<br>planning decisions<br><b>2013</b> : <b>Meeting held with Planning<br/>Policy.</b><br>In Feb <b>2014</b> , re-submit Core<br><b>Strategy with the expectation this</b> |

| RBC fleet and | Use good vehicle management.    |                                    | L | М | NI194     |      | Fleet operated on bio diesel mix. Currently have 1 Euro V  |
|---------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------|------|--|
| fuel policy   | Evaluate cleaner fuels/vehicles | (Neighbourhoods<br>Robert Yarnall, |   |   | Review of | fuel | vehicle with 2 more to be delivered in June 08. Older vehicles on 8 year rolling programme of change. Has 1                |
|               |                                 | Fleet and                          |   |   | policy    |      | electric all terrain vehicles for country park. To review fuel   |
|               |                                 | Workshop Team<br>Leader            |   |   |           |      | policy again in 2009. Driver awareness training in place<br>Progress on fleet composition to be update annually by         |
|               |                                 | , RBC )                            |   |   |           |      | RBC Fleet Manager  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | 2009. Fleet manager has not provided and update for this   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | measure in time for report publication. No progress to report  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | 2010. (1) The fleet currently operates on a blend of Bio /   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | diesel mix approximately 5%/95%<br>(2) Currently we have 5 x Euro V vehicles on the  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | fleet  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | (3) There are another 6 Euro V vehicles due on   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | the fleet before the end of this financial year.<br>(4) We currently have one electric                                     |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | vehicle.(Rushcliffe Country Park)  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | (5) Awareness training is being given to drivers during their annual CPC courses for fuel efficient driving.               |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | (6) Fleet composition reviewed annually for  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | continuity of design and any other environmental and fuel saving developments.   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | (7) Progress is being made to introduce our  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | refuse vehicles with Electric Bin lifters in a phased  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | approach with the possibility of two of these units being in service by March 2012   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      |  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | 2011 Driver CPC training continues with year 3 now completed Highlighting the drivers roll in the quest for fuel           |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | efficient vehicle operation and driving. Annual overall fleet  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | MPG figures suggests that there is no marked   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | improvement in fuel efficiency, the average for the R2go fleet 3.5 MPG for each vehicle.                                   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | It is hoped with the introduction of the two new 32 ton  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | refuse freighter (from the 01/04/12) with electric bin lifts fitted, it will show an improved % in fuel consumption.       |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | Manufactures claim a 6/7% improvement in fuel use. This  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | is yet to be proved as the vehicles have run less than<br>twenty day each and are currently being monitored.               |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | Our one electric vehicle has now been moved from   |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | Ruddington Country Park to Bridgford Park, West  |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | Bridgford as it was felt it was unsuitable for operations in<br>the Country Park suited better to the flat terrain of West |
|               |                                 |                                    |   |   |           |      | Bridgford.   |

| Completed                                  | Actions – moved to end  | of action plan                          | following | complet       | ion.                       | <ul> <li>We will a have further (6) Euro V HGV vehicles being ordered during 2012/13 as direct replacements for older life expired , with an additional 5 light vehicle under 3.5 ton also being ordered</li> <li>During 2011/12 there has been a reduction in the overall fleet size with a reduction of 2 Refuse freighters being taken out of service due to round re-balancing and the loss of <i>Trade Waste Services</i>.</li> <li>2012: The Council's own fleet has committed to undergo and assessment for the ECO Stars Scheme. A further report will be included in 2012-13 PR.</li> <li>2013: we will be taking delivery of our first Euro 6 refuse vehicle. It will also have the Terberg electronic bin lift this will give us a saving of 1 MPG. This will increase the number of refuse vehicles with this type of bin lift to 5.</li> </ul>   |
|--|---|---|-----------|---------------|----------------------------|---|
| Nottinghamshire<br>Air Quality<br>Strategy | Review the strategy through the<br>Nottinghamshire Air Quality Steering<br>Group                                      | Neighbourhoods<br>(M Hickey)            | L         | n/a           | Adoption of strategy       | Strategy was adopted in 2008<br>Strategy was adopted by RBC in 2008. NFA required.<br>COMPLETED IN 2008   |
| Climate change<br>action group             | Air quality – % reduction in NOx and<br>primary PM10 emissions through<br>local authority's estate and<br>operations. | P Philips                               | L         | 2009/<br>2010 | NI 194<br>NI 185<br>NI 186 | <ul> <li>2008: Commenced Sept 2008. Steering group set up which meets periodically. Energy Saving Trust questionnaire completed by all departments- action plan developed with targets incorporated to lower Co2 and Pm10. Progress report discussed at group – regular agenda item for future. Contributions made to the Air Quality Action Plan.</li> <li>2009: Climate Change - A climate change strategy and action plan is in development, supported by the EST and based on their preparatory questionnaires. The strategy and action plan will be adopted in 2010, with implementation over the following years.</li> <li>2011: NI185 – this has been replaced by the Greenhouse Gas Emissions Report available online at <a href="http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/media/docum_ents/pdf/environmentandwaste/climatechange/Rushcliffe/%20GHG%20Report%202010_11.pdf">http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/media/docum_ents/pdf/environmentandwaste/climatechange/Rushcliffe</a></li> </ul> |
| RBC<br>procurement                         | Implement a green corporate procurement strategy to reduce pollution  | Procurement<br>officer<br>(David Hayes) | L         | S             |                            | The Council published 'Green purchasing guidelines' in Jan 2004. The Council requires pre-qualification of suppliers to ensure that they practice equal opportunities   |

|                                       |   |                                |   |  |   | and environmental policies. A procurement strategy is in<br>place covering 2006-2009. Currently RBC is working<br>toward a regional Sustainable Procurement with Improved<br>environmental performance across the range of goods<br>purchased being a key aim.<br><b>2008</b> : No further progress to report<br><b>2009</b> :No further progress to report<br><b>2010</b> : Procurement Strategy updated for 2009/2012 and<br>still recognises broad impacts on sustainability. Link here:<br>http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/upload/public/attachments/26<br><u>6/procurement_strategy_20092012final.pdf</u><br>No measurable air quality outputs from this strategy.<br><b>COMPLETED 2010</b> |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Control of<br>industrial<br>emissions | Liaise with Environment Agency to<br>ensure that air quality is considered<br>as part of the IPPC regime/<br>enforcement of ppc controls to air   | Neighbourhoods<br>(M Hickey)   | L | on-going   | LIEWM20   | Incorporated into existing procedures. Measure implemented.<br>2010: Policies and procedures in place and therefore action is <b>COMPLETE</b> . Will continue to monitor number of complaints and report to demonstrate on-going commitment On-going as RBC have decided to carry over this Local Indicator for 2011/12   |
| Bonfires                              | Encourage composting recycling and<br>enforce bonfire controls on demolition<br>sites   | Neighbourhoods,<br>(P Scotney) | L | on-going   | AQ2   | Policies are already in place to investigate complaints within 5 days<br>2010: Policies and procedures in place and therefore action is COMPLETE. Will continue to monitor number of complaints and report to demonstrate on-going commitment.  |
| Smoke control                         | Enforce the requirements of the<br>Smoke Control Areas In West<br>Bridgford   | Neighbourhoods<br>(P Scotney)  | L | on-going   | AQ1   | Policies are already in place to investigate complaints within 5 days<br>2010: Policies and procedures in place and therefore action is COMPLETE. Will continue to monitor number of complaints and report to demonstrate on-going commitment.  |
| AQ monitoring/<br>information         | Continued monitoring throughout the<br>borough.<br>Development of County wide AQ<br>website and develop consistent<br>monitoring procedures.<br>Air quality monitoring data and<br>reports published on<br>Rushcliffe.gov.uk web site | Neighbourhoods<br>(M Hickey)   | L | Implement<br>ed<br>Updates in<br>2009<br>Annually<br>June July<br>2009 | Web site going<br>live.<br>Updates to web<br>site design<br>Published on<br>web | Envitec & Further training on the use of the<br>Casella software has been undertaken in<br>employed by<br>AQSG to<br>install Further web development needs to take<br>place though the AQSG to further<br>enhance the service. Initial meetings<br>arranged to discuss updates made for<br>July 2009<br>Web site went live in 2008. RBC real<br>time data is now published on the web<br>for Loughborough Road NO2. Previous  |

|                                |  |                         |   |   |              | data and reports are on RBC website.<br>Meetings have continued in 2009 and<br>further development is expected in 2010<br>and publicity given to the new site.<br>2009. This measure is now accessible to<br>the public and is completed albeit<br>amendments to the website will take<br>place and new additions as time allows<br>2010 monitoring has continued through<br>2010. website has been accessible over<br>the year also.<br>2011 website continues to be<br>accessible. Discussion at the NEPWG<br>about enhancing this AQ measure.<br>Grant application bid to be<br>undertaken in 2012 for additional NOx<br>monitor at Stragglethorpe (AQMA4)   |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|---|--------------|---|
| Local Strategic<br>Partnership | Develop key actions on air quality<br>improvement within the<br>Environmental Issues Group | P Scotney/ P<br>Philips | L | М | NI85<br>N194 | Rushcliffe Community Partnership have developed an<br>Action Plan ' A Better Future for Rushcliffe – Protecting<br>and Improving Our Environment'<br>Key actions with the aim of reducing Rushcliffe's Eco<br>footprint and air quality being one aspect of the action<br>plan. To be implemented over 08/09<br><b>2009</b> Local Strategic Partnership - The environmental<br>action plan is being updated and will include specific<br>actions on climate change, these are likely to concentrate<br>on green travel and sustainable food issues. The LSP has<br>supported the development of a green streets initiative<br>(encouraging green travel) in the West Bridgford area. A<br>role out of the "Greening Campaign" to parishes and<br>neighbourhoods across Rushcliffe, encouraging<br>communities to take first steps to reduce their impact, has<br>been carried out with 10 communities so far signed up.<br>2010: Rushcliffe Environmental Partnership on-going.<br>Various community projects in place. Climate change<br>action plan has been completed:<br><u>http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/upload/public/attachments/27</u><br><u>1/rushcliffe_climate_change_action_plan_09d.pdf</u><br>Measures of interest are, travel plan, energy advice,<br>Planning policy.<br>An Eco Houses group has been set up in West Bridgford,<br>this has held open days PV demonstration day and<br>evening seminars<br>Rushcliffe Solar project has been established - providing |

|  | advice on fitting solar PV - A survey of potential properties |
|--|---|
|  | that could install solar PV has identified about 4500 in      |
|  | West Bridgford as suitable. Awareness raising through         |
|  | delivery of a letter to potential properties, a website and   |
|  | Saturday surgeries has led to 225 detailed reports being      |
|  | produced for home owners.                                     |
|  | The greening campaign phase 1 has been completed in           |
|  | Kinoulton, Ruddington and West Bridgford. Radcliffe and       |
|  | Sutton Bonington are beginning stage 1. Seven other           |
|  | communities considering involvement. Kinoulton started a      |
|  | phase 2 project in Dec 2010.                                  |
|  | Transition WB have established a number of food               |
|  | schemes - Garden Share; Food Co-op; Community                 |
|  | Supported Agriculture scheme (Great Green Garden);            |
|  | Transition Allotment; Lembas buyers' group; Fruit tree        |
|  |   |
|  | planting; Abundance project. Melton Road market to be         |
|  | established, promoting local produce.                         |
|  | A community food grant scheme is in development by the        |
|  | Rushcliffe Environmental Partnership.                         |
|  | 2014 The Duckeliffe Environmental Dertroration is no          |
|  | 2011 The Rushcliffe Environmental Partnership is no           |
|  | longer meeting and the following recommendations              |
|  | were produced:  |
|  | To close the Environment Partnership and transfer             |
|  | responsibilities within the community strategy to             |
|  | Rushcliffe Borough Council, including production of a         |
|  | 6 monthly e-newsletter and maintain a database of             |
|  | environmental / sustainability organisations                  |
|  | Hold an annual Forum event                                    |
|  | Establish partnership task and finish groups to               |
|  | deliver specific partnership related environmental            |
|  | projects.   |
|  | The Environmental partnership to continue to be               |
|  | represented at Strategic Board level to champion              |
|  | environmental issues.   |

| Liaison with the<br>Highways<br>Agency | Develop further actions for the<br>improvement of air quality within the<br>AQMA's | Neighbourhoods<br>(M Hickey / Sarah<br>Cairns) |   | 2009/2010                    | Meet with HA at<br>least annually.<br>Forward any Air<br>quality reports to<br>the HA as a<br>consultee<br>Contact the<br>Route manager<br>in 2009 if<br>necessary | <ul> <li>2009. The HA have attended one meeting of the AQSG in early 2009 and provided an update on air quality from their perspective to the group as a whole. Regarding RBC the HA are of the opinion that the levels of NO2 along the A52 in AQMA2 are expected to fall below the AQS objectives before projects such as the A453 become live. This is based on an Air Quality assessment undertaken by consultants on their behalf for the A453 widening project. HA are to undertake study in 2009/2010 as indicated in the following measure.</li> <li>Reports are forwarded to the HA annually from Rushcliffe. Sites in AQMA 2 have gone below AQO in 2009 therefore further action with HA not high priority for AQMA2</li> <li>Rushcliffe has liaised with the route manager for the A52 to consult on moving the PM10 to Holme House and the exceedences for NO2 at the site.</li> <li>2010 levels in AQMA 2 are all showing below the AQO. As such this item has not been pursued as a priority and consideration is being given to revoking this AQMA. Contact has been maintained over 2010 with the route manager for the A52 with regards to the Stragglethorpe junction and support has been provided by the HA to install power and a base for the pm10 monitor at this site.</li> <li>2011 Rushcliffe have met with the HA regarding the Stragglethorpe AQMA. Discussions also took place regarding AQMA2. It was agreed that AQMA 2 at present requires no additional measures as all sites are under or very close to being under the annual mean in this AQMA. Opportunities will continue to raise this area in contact with the HA.</li> </ul> |
|--|--|--|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| LTP integration                        | Reduction/prevention of traffic<br>increase in AQMA 1 through the LTP              | LTP transport<br>Planners (Sean<br>Parks)      | H | April 2010<br>During<br>2009 | Production of<br>indicators and<br>targets for each<br>LTP measure<br>annually<br>AQ7  | LTP table reported in 2008<br>Met with LTP on 2 occasions in 2008.<br>New table supplied by LTP with targets and indicators<br>added for 2009 see attached table.<br><b>2009:</b> progress and indicators table produced by LTP<br>Meeting continuing on target to progress measures and<br>highlight areas for improvements/development<br><b>2010:</b> targets are mostly in the green with only 4<br>measures showing no overall direction.<br>2011. AQ is integrated into the LTP3, <b>this measure is<br/>therefore complete.</b> Indicators introduced to show   |

|                               |  |                              |   |            |   | impacts. From actions.   |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|------------|---|--|
| Reduction in<br>NO2 in AQMA's | Measure NO2 concentrations at key receptor locations in AQMA's | Neighbourhoods<br>(M Hickey) | H | on-going   | AQ8 full details<br>of NO2 results<br>reported<br>annually to<br>DEFRA through<br>R&A | Generally levels increased in 2007.<br>Levels have reduced in 2008 such that a number of key<br>sites are now at or below the annual AQS objectives.<br><b>2009</b> has seen levels fall again. Noted exceptions are the<br>THF. Predictions using the DEFRA future year's tool<br>suggest that all sites will be compliant in 2011 if traffic<br>growth does not occur.<br>2010: AQMA 2 has again remained below the AQO for all<br>monitored sites.<br>AQMA1 two sites remain above the AQO and the NOX<br>monitor is below the objective for this year again but did<br>rise from the previous year.<br>2011 Since the declaration AQMA1 and AQMA2 have<br>been assessed as 'compliant' |
| Reduction in<br>NO2 in AQMA's | Renew NO2 and PM10 monitors in AQMA 1                          | Neighbourhoods<br>(M Hickey) | Н | April 2010 | Implemented in<br>2009 and Jan<br>2010  | New Romon enclosure and new NO2 analyser purchased<br>from Casella through a joint procurement with Nottingham<br>City to reduce costs. A grant toward the monitor was<br>applied for and £1500 received from DEFRA <b>2010</b> :<br>monitor installed and now operational<br>PM10, Sven Leckel EU monitor was renewed in 2009,<br>purchased from Eti the current supplier. Measure<br><b>completed</b> in 2009. In 2011 this monitor was moved to<br>AQMA4. It was acknowledge PM10 in AQMA is unlikely to<br>be a concern.<br>2011 a local performance measure has been introduced<br>to look at the NO2 reduction across the AQMA areas   |

Table 8.4 Rushcliffe BC Air Quality Action Plan indicators

| Indicator  | 2006   |        | 2007   |        | 2008  |  | 2009            |   | 2010                               |   |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|--|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
|  | Target | Actual | Target | Actual | Target  | Actual   | Target          | Actual  | Target                             | Actual  |
| N185: Percentage CO2<br>reduction from LA operations<br>This has been replaced by the<br>Green House Gas Emissions<br>Report | N/A    | N/A    | N/A    | N/A    | N/A   | Base line<br>established<br>2008/09<br>was<br>4,740,475<br>kg. | 5%<br>reduction | CO2<br>output for<br>2009/10<br>was<br>4,461,61<br>1 kg 6%<br>reduction<br>achieved | Measure<br>replaced<br>by<br>GHGER | Measure<br>replaced<br>by<br>GHGER                            |
| Green House Gas Emissions<br>Report (GHGER)*1*2  |        |        |        |        | Target is to<br>reduce our<br>total direct<br>GHG<br>emissions,<br>scopes 1, 2<br>and scope 3<br>significant<br>emissions by<br>15% by 2015<br>and a further<br>15% by<br>2020. | 48.4Kg<br>CO2e per<br>resident<br>To 31st<br>March<br>2009     |                 | 46.6Kg<br>CO2e<br>per<br>resident<br>To 31st<br>March<br>2010                       |                                    | 47.4Kg<br>CO2e<br>per<br>resident<br>To 31st<br>March<br>2011 |

| Indicator  | 2006-2010                        | 2011   |        | 2012                  |                        | 2013   |        |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|
|  |                                  | target   | result | target                | result                 | target | result |
| N186: Per capita reduction in CO2 emissions in the LA area   | For data see<br>previous reports | Abolished<br>see comr<br>table 6.3   | •      |                       | d target,<br>iments in | N/A    |        |
| N187: Tackling fuel poverty -<br>% of people receiving<br>income based benefits living<br>in homes with a low and high<br>energy efficiency rating | For data see<br>previous reports | 2011/12<br>SAP<35<br>7.1%<br>SAP 6<br>over<br>29.8%<br># No tar<br>to abolitio |        | No targe<br>abolition | et due to<br>of NI     | N/A    |        |
| N194: Air quality – %<br>reduction in NOx and primary<br>PM10 emissions through<br>local authority's estate and<br>operations                      | For data see previous reports    | NI abolisi   | ned    | NI abolis             | hed                    | N/A    |        |
| LIEWM20: % of risk based<br>inspections undertaken as<br>part of the annual<br>programme PPC   | For data see previous reports    | 98%  | 100%   | 98%                   | 100%                   | 98%    | 100%   |
| AQ1: Number of smoke<br>control complaints<br>investigated   | For data see<br>previous reports | n/a  | n/a    | n/a                   | 16                     | n/a    | 5      |

| Indicator                                      | 2006-2010                        | 2011     |  | 2012     |  | 2013     |        |  |
|--|----------------------------------|----------|--|----------|--|----------|--------|--|
|  |                                  | target   | result   | target   | result   | target   | result |  |
| AQ2: Number of bonfire complaints investigated | For data see<br>previous reports | n/a      | 58 bonfires<br>+12<br>producing<br>dark<br>smoke | n/a      | 37   | n/a      | 51     |  |
| AQ3: Number of RBC staff remote working        | For data see<br>previous reports | increase | 42<br>received<br>home<br>working<br>allowance   | increase | 36<br>received<br>remote<br>working<br>allowance | increase | 31     |  |

| Indicator  |   | 2008   | 2009   | 2010  | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| AQ4: Air<br>quality<br>assessments<br>reviewed<br>through the<br>planning<br>process | No of<br>Assessments  | 6  | 4  | 4   | 2  | 3  | 8  |
| AQ4<br>continued   | No of<br>properties<br>affected<br>covered by<br>assessments<br>and details | Approx. 2125<br>units &<br>28,400m2<br>business park | 09/01025/OUT<br>5,500 dwellings up<br>to 30 hectares<br>employment | Crown Estates<br>Bingham 1000<br>residential<br>dwellings (C3);<br>15.6 hectares of<br>employment<br>development  | Cemex quarry<br>planning<br>application<br>contained AQ<br>assessment.<br>ES/2135 County<br>Application still<br>pending | Crown Estate<br>development within<br>Bingham -<br>submitted | 12/01380/FUL, new<br>medical centre on<br>land at Wilford<br>Lane, West<br>Bridgford, close to<br>AQMA1  |
|  |   |  | A453 duelling<br>consultation effects<br>13,304 properties         | 10/01853/FUL<br>Bingham Tescos,<br>potential impacts<br>on residents in<br>Bingham area<br>particularly Kirkhilll   | RAF Newton<br>Development<br>0/02105/OUT<br>housing and<br>industrial/commerci<br>al                                     | Tesco Superstore<br>to be built within<br>Bingham            | 12/02070/HYBRID<br>Address: Stanford<br>Hall, Melton Road,<br>Stanford On Soar,<br>Nottinghamshire,<br>LE12 5QW<br>Use: Full Planning<br>Permission for the<br>redevelopment of<br>Stanford Hall and<br>ancillary buildings<br>into a Defence<br>rehabilitation<br>establishment |
|  |   |  | 09/01119/FUL<br>295m2 office use in<br>AQMA                        | Cotgrave colliery:<br>Redevelopment of<br>site for up to 470<br>dwellings;<br>employment uses<br>(B1, B2 and B8);<br>open space;<br>landscaping;<br>footbridge crossing<br>the canal;<br>associated works<br>including roads,<br>cycleways,<br>footpaths and car<br>parking (revised<br>scheme) |  |  | 13/01820/FUL<br>Address: Land To<br>East Of Works<br>Farm, Works Lane,<br>Barnstone,<br>Erection of<br>agricultural<br>anaerobic digestion<br>plant CHP<br>container unit,<br>technical buildings,<br>sub station  |

|  | 08/00567/OUT<br>470-500 dwellings<br>& business use<br>(33.4Ha) | 2 properties<br>affected by John<br>Brookes saw mills<br>3 MW wood fuelled<br>renewable energy<br>biomass plant<br>(resubmission due<br>to change in<br>technology) |  | Johnsons<br>Aggregates &<br>Recycling Ltd,<br>Materials Recycling<br>Facility,<br>Loughborough<br>Road, Bunny,<br>Condition 5 of<br>planning<br>permission<br>8/12/01028/CMA,<br>Dust Mitigation<br>Strategy from<br>Johnsons<br>Aggregates |
|--|---|---|--|---|
|  |   |   |  | 13/01345/CMA<br>Address: John<br>Brooke Sawmills<br>Limited, Fosse<br>Way, Upper<br>Broughton,<br>Nottinghamshire,<br>NG12<br>5PS   |
|  |   |   |  | Use: Creation<br>of additional yard<br>area for waste<br>wood storage and<br>erection of<br>screening blind.<br>(partly in<br>retrospect)<br>adjacent to existing<br>wood recycling site.   |
|  |   |   |  | 13/00097/FUL<br>Address: OS Field<br>8883 Longhedge<br>Lane Orston<br>Nottinghamshire<br>Use: New poultry<br>unit   |

|  |  |  | Scoping opinion for<br>EIA, Stellar Energy<br>Ltd  |
|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  | Address: John<br>Brooke Sawmills<br>Ltd, Fosse Way,<br>Upper Broughton,<br>Notts,NG12 5PS  |
|  |  |  | Use: New biomass<br>Energy Plant   |
|  |  |  | 13/00021/ADVICE  |
|  |  |  | Address:<br>Owthorpe Lodge,<br>The Fosse,<br>Owthorpe,<br>Nottinghamshire,<br>NG12 3GF<br>Use:<br>Proposed change<br>of use to<br>commercial |

| Indicator                |   | 200             | 7 | 2008 |   | 2009 |   | 2010 |   | 2011   | 2012  | 2013                                |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| p                        | Number of<br>pre<br>application<br>discussions                  | e<br>oplication |   | n/a  | 4 | n/a  | 3 | n/a  | 2   | 2<br>Sainsbury Wilford<br>lane<br>Proposed<br>pharmacy Wilford<br>lane   | 2<br>5 Min car wash<br>AQADV from SR's                                      | Centenary House<br>Clifton Pastures |
| a<br>c<br>c              | Number of<br>applications<br>commented<br>on for air<br>quality |                 |   | n/a  | 9 | n/a  | 9 | n/a  | 10  | 8<br>Bridgford road<br>Crown estates,<br>Bingham<br>Cemex quarry,<br>Rempstone<br>Smart recycling x<br>2<br>John Brookes<br>Saw mills<br>West Bridgford<br>library   | 39-41<br>Loughborough Rd<br>– AQMA<br>11/01582/FUL<br>See above<br>comments | 7<br>See AQ                         |
| planning process         | rough the   |                 |   | n/a  | 1 | n/a  | 0 | n/a  | 1<br>7-9<br>Radcliffe<br>Road<br>09/01540/<br>FUL | 4<br>Tollerton airport<br>11/00965/OUT<br>5/12/2011<br>Three storey<br>offices<br>11/00050/FUL<br>12/8/2011<br>Cotgrave Colliery<br>30/3/2011<br>10/00559/out<br>10/00757/EXT<br>extension to<br>existing<br>permission 1-27<br>Loughborough<br>Road West<br>Bridgford | 4<br>Cotgrave colliery<br>Tollerton airport<br>Medical centre<br>Sainsburys | 1<br>Bingham Crown<br>Estates       |
| AQ7: Number<br>with LTP  | of meetings   |                 |   | 3    | 2 | 3    | 3 | 3    | 3   | 2  | 2   |                                     |
| AQ7/2: Number<br>with HA | of meetings   | 1               | 0 | 1    | 1 | 1    | 1 | 1    | 0   | 1  | 2   |                                     |

#### **Definitions**

**SAP below 35** = % of people receiving income based benefits living on homes with a low energy efficiency rating.

**SAP above 65** = % of people receiving income based benefits living on homes with a high energy efficiency rating.

\*1 Please note for 2010/11 the method of calculation will change, these figures will be re-worked to give figures for 09/10 and 10/11. Data for 2010/11 is not available yet..

\*2 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Report available online at

http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/media/rushcliffe/media/documents/pdf/environmentandwaste/climatechange/Rushcliffe%20GHG%20Report%202010\_11.pdf

| Indicator  |                            | 2007           |        | 2008                                     |                   | 2009                  |        | 2010                  |        | 2011   |                   | 2012   |        | 2013   |                   |
|--|----------------------------|----------------|--------|--|-------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|
|  |                            | Target         | Actual | Target                                   | Actual            | Target                | Actual | Target                | Actual | Target | Actual            | Target | Actual | Target | Actual            |
|  |                            |                | µg/m³  |  | hg/m <sup>3</sup> |                       | µg/m³  |                       | µg/m³  |        | hg/m <sup>3</sup> |        | ug/m³  |        | hg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| AQ8:<br>NO2 air<br>quality in<br>AQMA's<br>at<br>receptor<br>locations | Key<br>sites<br>in<br>AQMA |                |        |  |                   |                       |        |                       |        |        |                   |        |        |        |                   |
| NO2 Monite<br>mean,<br>Loughborou<br>Road,<br>Bridgford                |                            | No<br>increase | 43.2   | Reduction<br>by 3.5<br>µg/m <sup>3</sup> | 38.4              | No<br>increase<br><40 | 34.1   | No<br>increase<br><40 | 39.24  | <40    | 37.82             | <40    | 41.05  | <40    | 29.7              |
| Loughborou<br>Road reside  |                            | No<br>increase | 45.8   | Reduction<br>by 6 µg/m <sup>3</sup>      | 40                | No<br>increase<br><40 | 35.3   | No<br>increase<br><40 | 37.6   | <40    | 34.5              | <40    | 37.6   | <40    | 32.8              |
| Radcliffe<br>West Bridg  | Road,<br>ford              |                | 51.4   |  | 38.6              | No<br>increase<br><40 | 40.1   | No<br>increase<br><40 | 40.8   | <40    | 36.5              | <40    | 37.9   | <40    | 33.5              |

Rushcliffe BC Air Quality Action Plan Indicators – continued

| 37 Radcliffe Road<br>(formerly Midlands<br>Communications on<br>Radcliffe Road,<br>West Bridgford | Reduction<br>by<br>1 µg/m <sup>3</sup> | 48.2 | Reduction<br>by 8.5<br>µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | 40.6                  | Reduction<br>by 0-1<br>μg/m <sup>3</sup> <40<br>*1 | (tube<br>40.6)<br>assessed<br>at receptor<br>as 39.9 | Reductio<br>n by 0-1<br>μg/m <sup>3</sup><br><40 | (new<br>location<br>33.3)<br>assessed<br>at<br>receptor<br>as 34.2 | <40                          | 30<br>(31.4 at<br>receptor<br>) | <40                          | 34.9 | <40                          | 31.7 |
|---|--|------|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|
| Trent House Flats,<br>Trent Bridge  | Reduction<br>by 5 μg/m <sup>3</sup>    | 52.5 | Reduction<br>by 12.5<br>µg/m <sup>3</sup> | 39.6                  | No<br>increase<br><40                              | 43.3   | No<br>increase<br><40                            | 42.0   | Reduction<br>by<br>2.5 µg/m3 | 38.8                            | Reduction<br>by<br>2.5 µg/m3 | 42.0 | Reduction<br>by 2.5<br>µg/m3 | 38.8 |
| Trent Boulevard B,<br>Lady bay area   | Reduction<br>by 4 µg/m <sup>3</sup>    | 50.6 | Reduction<br>by 11<br>µg/m <sup>3</sup>   | 38.0<br>(revised<br>) | <40  | 40.3   | <40  | 38.8   | <40                          | 37.2                            | <40                          | 40.4 | <40                          | 35.5 |
| Clover lands A52  | No<br>increase                         | 48   | Reduction<br>by 8 µg/m <sup>3</sup>       | 44.2                  | Reduction<br>by 4.5<br>µg/m <sup>3</sup> <40       | 38.5   | Reductio<br>n by 4.5<br>µg/m <sup>3</sup><br><40 | 36   | <40                          | 32.5                            | <40                          | 34.3 | <40                          | 32.0 |
| Windy Ways A52<br>(Nottingham Knight<br>Island)   | Reduction<br>by 2 µg/m <sup>3</sup>    | 44   | Reduction<br>by 4 µg/m <sup>3</sup>       | 39.3                  | <40  | 38.8   | <40  | 35   | <40                          | 37.9                            | <40                          | 39.1 | <40                          | 36.8 |

Red above AQO Orange below AQO but increase on previous year Green below AQO and fall on previous year

\*1 this site was on a business premise (Not a relevant receptor). This tube was moved to the nearest first floor receptor for the later part of 2009 and on as recommend in the USA 2009.

Table 8.5 2011 Traffic flows in AQMA's (and main roads into AQMA's)

(THIS DATA IS COMMERCIALLY CONFIDENTIAL AND MAY NOT BE USED OR REPRODUCED WITHOUT THE PERMISSION OF THE TRANSPORT PLANNING TEAM AT NOTTINGHAMSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL. ENQUIRIES SHOULD BE MADE TO ANDREI CRUDGINGTON IN THE TRANSPORT PLANNING TEAM (0115) 977 2393)

| ROAD | LINK | AQMA |  | AADT   | AADT   | AADT   | change<br>from<br>2007-<br>2008 | AADT   | change<br>from<br>2008-<br>2009 | AADT   | change<br>from<br>2009-<br>2010 | AADT   | change<br>from<br>2010-<br>2011 | AADT   | change<br>from<br>2011-<br>2012 |
|------|------|------|--|--------|--------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| NO.  | NO.  |      | LOCATION<br>(FROM - TO)  | 2,006  | 2,007  | 2,008  |                                 | 2,009  |                                 | 2,010  |                                 | 2,011  |                                 |        |                                 |
| A 52 | 54   | 2    | Clifton<br>Boulevard: A<br>453 Clifton<br>Lane - A 60<br>(Nottingham<br>Knight<br>roundabout)                  | 50,550 | 51,600 | 50,050 | -1,550                          | 50,200 | 150                             | 49,900 | -300                            | 49,450 | -450                            | 48,850 | -600                            |
| A 52 | 55   | 2    | Clifton<br>Boulevard: A<br>60<br>(Nottingham<br>Knight<br>roundabout) -<br>A 606<br>(Wheatcroft<br>roundabout) | 34,150 | 36,700 | 35,650 | -1,050                          | 35,700 | 50                              | 36,600 | 900                             | 34,050 | -2,550                          | 34,000 | -50                             |
| A 52 | 56   |      | Gamston<br>Lings Bar<br>Road: A 606<br>(Wheatcroft<br>roundabout) -<br>Ambleside                               | 25,550 | 24,950 | 24,650 | -300                            | 24,950 | 300                             | 24,750 | -200                            | 24,050 | -700                            | 23,550 | -500                            |
| A 52 | 57   |      | Gamston<br>Lings Bar<br>Road:<br>Ambleside - A<br>6011<br>(Gamston<br>roundabout)                              | 25,650 | 26,200 | 24,950 | -1,250                          | 25,250 | 300                             | 25,000 | -250                            | 24,850 | -150                            | 24,650 | -200                            |

|       |     |   | Radcliffe                      |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|-------|-----|---|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
|       |     |   | Road: A 6011                   |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | (Gamston                       |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | roundabout) -                  |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Sandy Lane                     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | (Holme                         |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
| A 52  | 58  |   | House)                         | 41,750 | 42,400 | 40,250 | -2,150 | 40,900 | 650   | 40,600 | -300   | 40,350 | -250  | 39,150 | -1,200 |
|       |     |   | Trent Bridge,                  |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Nottingham: B<br>685 Meadow    |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Lane - A 6520                  |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Radcliffe                      |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
| A 60  | 122 | 1 | Road                           | 46,700 | 43,100 | 42,850 | -250   | 43,000 | 150   | 40,550 | -2,450 | 40,300 | -250  | 40,000 | -300   |
|       |     |   | Loughborough                   |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Road, West                     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Bridgford: A                   |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | 6520 Radcliffe<br>Road - A 606 |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
| A 60  | 123 | 1 | Melton Road                    | 33,200 | 33,600 | 31,200 | -2,400 | 30,800 | -400  | 32,150 | 1,350  | 34,900 | 2,750 | 31,400 | -3,500 |
|       |     | - | Loughborough                   | ,      | ,      |        | _,     | ,      |       | ,      | .,     | ,      | _,    | .,     | -,     |
|       |     |   | Road, West                     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Bridgford: A                   |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | 606 Melton                     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
| A 60  | 124 | 1 | Road - Rugby<br>Road           | 13,050 | 13,200 | 13,250 | 50     | 14,300 | 1,050 | 14,150 | -150   | 14,050 | -100  | 13,950 | -100   |
| A 00  | 124 | 1 | Loughborough                   | 13,030 | 13,200 | 13,230 | 50     | 14,300 | 1,000 | 14,130 | -130   | 14,030 | -100  | 15,950 | -100   |
|       |     |   | Road, West                     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Bridgford:                     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Rugby Road -                   |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       | 405 |   | Boundary                       | 10 500 | 10.050 | 40 550 | 100    | 40 500 | 50    | 40.400 | 100    | 40.000 | 100   | 40.000 | 100    |
| A 60  | 125 |   | Road                           | 13,500 | 13,650 | 13,550 | -100   | 13,500 | -50   | 13,400 | -100   | 13,300 | -100  | 13,200 | -100   |
|       |     |   | Loughborough<br>Road, West     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Bridgford:                     |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Boundary                       |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Road - A 52                    |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | (Nottingham                    |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       | 400 | • | Knight                         | 10 150 | 17.050 |        | 100    | 47 750 | 000   | 47.000 | 4.5.0  | 47 500 | 100   | 10.050 | 4.050  |
| A 60  | 126 | 2 | roundabout)                    | 18,450 | 17,650 | 17,550 | -100   | 17,750 | 200   | 17,600 | -150   | 17,500 | -100  | 16,250 | -1,250 |
|       |     |   | Melton Road,<br>West           |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Bridgford: A60                 |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Loughborough                   |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
|       |     |   | Road -                         |        |        |        |        |        |       |        |        |        |       |        |        |
| A 606 | 139 | 1 | Musters Road                   | 14,200 | 14,350 | 12,600 | -1,750 | 12,550 | -50   | 11,650 | -900   | 16,000 | 4,350 | 11,500 | -4,500 |

|       |     |   | Maltan Dood    |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|-------|-----|---|----------------|--------|--------|--------|------|--------|------|--------|------|--------|------|--------|------|
|       |     |   | Melton Road,   |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | West           |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Bridgford:     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Musters Road   |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | - Boundary     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| A 606 | 140 |   | Road           | 12,600 | 12,750 | 12,650 | -100 | 12,600 | -50  | 12,000 | -600 | 11,950 | -50  | 11,850 | -100 |
|       |     |   | Melton Road,   |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | West           |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Bridgford:     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Boundary       |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Road - A52     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | (Lings Bar     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| A 606 | 141 |   | roundabout)    | 12,600 | 12,100 | 12,050 | -50  | 11,800 | -250 | 11,550 | -250 | 11,500 | -50  | 11,400 | -100 |
|       |     |   | Lady Bay       |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Bridge,        |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Nottingham:    |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Meadow Lane    |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | - A6520        |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| А     |     |   | Radcliffe      |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| 6011  | 308 | 1 | Road           | 22,400 | 21,250 | 21,100 | -150 | 21,650 | 550  | 21,250 | -400 | 21,500 | 250  | 21,800 | 300  |
|       |     |   | Radcliffe      |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Road, West     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Bridgford:     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Lady Bay       |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| А     |     |   | Bridge -       |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| 6011  | 309 | 1 | Davies Road    | 26,650 | 26,950 | 26,800 | -150 | 26,650 | -150 | 26,400 | -250 | 26,250 | -150 | 26,050 | -200 |
|       |     |   | Radcliffe      |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Road, West     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Bridgford:     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| А     |     |   | Davies Road -  |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| 6011  | 310 | 1 | Regatta Way    | 27,850 | 27,250 | 27,100 | -150 | 26,950 | -150 | 26,700 | -250 | 26,850 | 150  | 26,650 | -200 |
|       |     |   | Radcliffe      |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Road, West     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Bridgford:     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Regatta Way -  |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| А     |     |   | A52 (Gamston   |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| 6011  | 311 | 1 | roundabout)    | 26,000 | 26,300 | 25,900 | -400 | 25,750 | -150 | 25,500 | -250 | 25,350 | -150 | 25,150 | -200 |
|       |     |   | Radcliffe      |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Road, West     |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Bridgford: A60 |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Loughborough   |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
|       |     |   | Road - A6011   |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| А     |     |   | Lady Bay       |        |        |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |        |      |
| 6520  | 369 | 1 | Bridge         | 18,650 | 18,850 | 18,750 | -100 | n/a    | n/a  | n/a    | n/a  | 18,400 | n/a  | n/a    | n/a  |

| A<br>6520 | 368 | 1 | Radcliffe<br>Road, West<br>Bridgford: A60<br>Loughborough<br>Road - Fox<br>Road                            | n/a  | n/a    | n/a    | n/a         | 17,050 | -1,700 | 18,200 | 1,150  | 18,100 | -100   | 17,950 | -150        |
|-----------|-----|---|--|--|--------|--------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|
| A<br>6520 | 369 | 1 | Radcliffe<br>Road, West<br>Bridgford: Fox<br>Road - A6011<br>Lady Bay<br>Bridge                            | n/a  | n/a    | n/a    | n/a         | 18,650 | -100   | 18,500 | -150   | 18,400 | -100   | 18,250 | -150        |
| B 679     | 409 | 1 | Wilford Lane:<br>B 680<br>Ruddington<br>Lane, Wilford<br>- A 60<br>Loughborough<br>Road, West<br>Bridgford | 17,050   | 17,250 | 15,550 | -1,700      | 16,550 | 1,000  | 16,700 | 150    | 17,250 | 550    | 17,100 | -150        |
|           |     |   |  | Overall<br>change<br>on all<br>roads<br>listed |        |        | -<br>13,650 |        | 1,350  | ,      | -3,400 | ,      | 2,800  | ,      | -<br>13,250 |
|           |     |   |  | change<br>in<br>AQMA1                          |        |        | -7,000      |        | 50     |        | -2,150 |        | 7,200  |        | -9,150      |
|           |     |   |  | change<br>in<br>AQMA2                          |        |        | -2,700      |        | 400    |        | 450    |        | -3,100 |        | -1,900      |

## 9 Conclusions and Proposed Actions

### 9.1 Conclusions from New Monitoring Data

The annual monitoring data indicates that there are no new exceedences for which a detailed assessment would be necessary. In addition, the results from within the AQMA's indicate that there have not been any exceedences in AQMA 1 and AQMA2 but AQMA 1, 2011 is continuing to exceed the AQS by a significant margin at residential facades. The AQAP has been approved for this latter area and work will begin to implement the AQAP in 2014.

Some of the reduction in AQMA1 may be due to the temporary road closure of Wilford Lane for a part of the year which may be responsible for some traffic reductions over the reporting period. The temporary monitoring of the THF site with the real time monitor has provided a greater degree of certainty as to the level of NO2 at this site. This site is generally the highest reporting site in AQMA 1 with reference to the annual mean AQS. Results match closely with the average of the two tubes at the THF site and indicate the tubes are slightly over reading with respect to the real time monitor. The real time monitor has a greater degree of accuracy than tubes. This is important when interpreting future results at the site from diffusion tubes alone.

The results in AQMA2 (the A52 Nottingham Knight area) have shown sites to be compliant for several years and it is recommend to undertake a detailed assessment to consider revoking this AQMA either at the next R&A report or before subject to the acceptance of this report.

## 9.2 Conclusions relating to New Local Developments

Monitoring with increased diffusion tubes is already taking place in Bingham due to proposals around the Bingham area. This will continue as development takes place in the Bingham area.

When the new medical centre is open a new site will be set up on Wilford lane to confirm the findings of the AQ assessment for this site.

Similarly when the Sainsbury store is opened increased monitoring will begin in the area to verify the AQ assessment conclusions.

## 9.3 Other Conclusions

The County Council have provided an update in the above tables and have fully integrated measures to improve on air quality into the LTP which influences transport measures over the entire county. Their progress is linked to continued funding for the projects and Rushcliffe continue to monitor progress and influence these policies where possible. A number of the measures have now been completed or are on-going with monitoring in place. E.g. public transport infrastructure has been upgraded and journey times are being recorded within the AQMA1.

However, the greatest positive impact is expected to be from national policy on transport which will see NO<sub>2</sub> reductions take place as new EURO vehicles replace older models, and through the implementation of the NCC LTP measures, or indeed measure implemented in the Nottingham City Area. This is due to the vast majority of transport related pollution being from peak time traffic movements into and out of the city. Whilst Rushcliffe Borough Council is not the responsible highway authority, it does, as the planning authority, have a significant role to play in ensuring that commuter traffic is restrained ensuring that the AQMAs are not negatively impacted through appropriate development control processes. It is welcome to note that air quality has been recognised within the LTP and therefore commitments have been worked into County Council strategy.

Rushcliffe is aware that the fall in  $NO_2$  as expected in previous years has not happened as dramatically as expected and is most likely due to national emissions factors over-predicting the fall. The measures being currently worked on by the County Council are shown in Table 8.1 and aim to manage traffic growth in and around the Nottingham area in general.

The transport data in Table 8.5 is based on growth factors from the previous year. This is due to the fact that the requirement to produce an air quality progress report in April does not account for the provision and analysis of traffic (and other) data from elsewhere. Therefore much of the reported data is over a year old. For example, DfT does not supply the previous calendar year's traffic data until the following summer and therefore this information

will not be available to report in any AQ progress report published in April (i.e. traffic data for 2013 will not be available until summer 2014). The conclusions reached are therefore based on 2012 data. This indicates that there has been a decrease in traffic through the AQMA 1 and AQMA2 in the traffic data year. The growth factors are based on UTC traffic figures generated by the County Council. Overall since 2006 the table indicates traffic has reduced in the areas measured or remained stable. Given that over this time the vehicle fleet will have modernised, (and will continue to modernise) if the trend in traffic levels continues downward then NO<sub>2</sub> should continue to fall.

The planning process has been, and will continue to be used, to seek to introduce mitigation measures both for climate change and air quality impacts wherever possible, to negate any future development impacts that may put pressure on transport. This is evident as a number of travel plans have been conditioned through the planning process. Also air quality assessments have been required for development that may cause increases in NO<sub>2</sub> or may bring in new receptors into AQMA areas or into places that make the assessment of air quality worse. When reviewing AQ assessments there will be a requirement to ensure sensitivity analysis takes place in view of the uncertainty of national emission factors being achieved in light of recent cases. Rushcliffe will ensure this is incorporated into an assessment of such reports.

Overall the assessment of new development may be a challenge as the LDF has identified areas around the district for significant growth points. Whilst developers will be required to deliver mitigation against traffic growth for such developments traffic growth above those that are forecast without the development may occur in these areas. In such circumstances objection to such growth may be difficult and section 38, 278 and 106 planning obligations will be used to mitigate any effects as far as is possible and seek to ensure sustainable development takes place. The cumulative impacts of developments will, however, impact on the AQMAs on A52 and Trent Bridge without sustainable transport measures being introduced and maintained at the developments (funded through the development control process). If the planned housing development proposals in Rushcliffe go ahead there will be

significant forecast traffic growth in the morning and afternoon peak periods at the existing AQMAs – i.e. on the approaches to A60 Trent Bridge and at the A52 (T)/Stragglethorpe Lane junction. There is currently no planned strategic mitigation of the traffic growth at these locations as part of the housing development proposals. The County Council therefore has concerns that without significant mitigation at these locations to specifically address the housing proposals (e.g. significant sustainable transport improvements), any measures subsequently included within an AQMA action plan would be very unlikely to mitigate this planned growth, and is concerned about the future impacts on air quality.

The tram system extension known as NET2 is well under construction with many elements complete. This could potentially see reductions in congestion when operational and hopefully a reduction in NO<sub>2</sub> in congested hotspots in Rushcliffe as one of the routes crosses the river Trent, passes through Rushcliffe and terminates in the Clifton area near the A453. Rushcliffe will therefore expect to see some reductions in commuter traffic once the line to Clifton is operational.

Prerequisite to the NET2 was the implementation of the Workplace Parking Levy (WPL) which aims to partly fund the NET2. This has now been implemented by the Nottingham City Council. Its aim is to promote realistic alternatives to the use of private cars by encouraging less car trips into Nottingham, as well as providing funding to help deliver high quality sustainable public transport; such as <u>NET2</u>, the redevelopment of Nottingham Railway Station (the Hub project) and by supporting the popular Link bus network. All money raised from the WPL will be invested into improving local transport for Nottingham. As a consequence this levy may also deter parking in the city when linked to parking policies by the City Council and other neighbouring LAs.

The two new tram lines to Chilwell and Clifton will connect to the existing Line One at the redeveloped Hub interchange at Nottingham railway station. The Chilwell line will serve key locations such as the Meadows, Queens Medical Centre, Nottingham University, Nottingham Science Park, Beeston, Chilwell

and a new 1300 space Park and Ride site near to the A52 'Bardills' roundabout. The Clifton line will serve key locations including the Meadows, Wilford, Compton Acres, Clifton and a new 1000 space Park and Ride site adjacent to the A453. Passenger services across the extended tram network could be fully operational by the end of 2014.

Rushcliffe's AQAP is linked to the County Council's LTP and the Rushcliffe Borough Council planning process as the traffic that is/has been a major contributor to the cause of the exceedence in AQMA1 is significantly affected by commuter traffic, originating from within and outside of Rushcliffe, making its way into and out of Nottingham over the River Trent crossings.

As the planning authority Rushcliffe Borough Council is responsible for ensuring that individual development sites as well as the cumulative impacts of development within the Borough does not negatively impact on the highway network and the AQMAs. The Borough Council is therefore best placed to implement development control measures (and secure funding through the development control process to implement measures that influence the travel behaviour of residents at new developments, including those that will benefit the AQMAs). The County Council are best placed to implement the measures that influence the behaviour of commuters.

NCC has provided an update on the transport measures which are indicating they are on target (with minor exceptions) across the county. The nature of these locations makes it difficult to remedy the problems with infrastructure and therefore smarter choices measures (such as travel planning, marketing and promotions of alternatives to the car) are more likely to provide the solution. Unfortunately, the types of such measures do not always make it possible to calculate the effects of the measures specifically in the AQMA1 area. Rushcliffe is aware of the suggested reporting format to quantify the impacts on the AQMAs on NO<sub>2</sub>, these impacts, however, are not always available but where possible these have been included within the report. Area wide traffic mileage within the county has decreased. Correspondingly, cycling levels have increased marginally within Rushcliffe.

NCC has noted that due to financial pressures, the capacity to deliver work programmes that may impact on air quality may be reduced in future years, and this may be further exacerbated by the top-slicing of integrated transport funding for the Single Local Growth Fund. This is apparent in the reduction in funding from Central Government. Smarter choices as detailed above are predominantly funded through revenue funding which historically has been difficult for the County Council to fund. A successful Local Sustainable Transport Fund bid was, however, submitted jointly with the City Council and will offer opportunities to increase the level of such measures in the 2013/14 and 2014/15 financial years.

## 9.4 Proposed Actions

Considering the contents of this report and the data obtained from the automatic and non-automatic locations, our proposed actions are as follows:

- Maintain current AQMA 1. The results of the monitoring in this AQMA have shown that NO<sub>2</sub> remains an issue within various parts of the AQMA although the level of NO2 does vary. Although all results in 2013 were below AQS there is insufficient certainty or headroom to consider revoking this AQMA.
- Undertake a detailed assessment of the AQMA2 to determine if the AQMA should be revoked. This will be done following feedback from this report and either as a stand alone report or at the next report submission date.
- Implement AQAP measures for AQAP at Stragglethorpe in AQMA 1, 2011. It is proposed to combine any reporting in next R&A report.
- Monitoring with a NO2/NOx monitor will continue in AQMA 1,2011 for the 2014 period and beyond as permission allows. A monitor has been located on private land at the grace of the occupier as permission with HA has prove insurmountable.
- Monitoring in potential growth areas of Bingham and Wilford Lane will continue or be enhanced as required with diffusion tubes. No further assessments will be required at this time.

## 10 References

Highways Agency's Design Manual for Roads and Bridges (DMRB), Volume 11, Section 3, Part 1 Air Quality, May 2007, and accompanying spread sheet DMRB Screening Method V1,03.xls. July 2007

Local Air Quality Management Technical Guidance LAQM.TG(09). February 2009. Published by Defra in partnership with the Scottish Government, Welsh Assembly Government and Department of the Environment Northern Ireland

Local Air Quality Management Policy Guidance LAQM. PG(09). February 2009. Published by DEFRA in partnership with the Scottish Government, Welsh Assembly Government and Department of the Environment Northern Ireland

Local Air Quality Management Updating and Screening Assessment Report 2009 Rushcliffe Borough Council

Local Air Quality Management, Progress with AQAP Report 2009 Rushcliffe Borough Council

Local Air Quality Management, Annual Progress Report 2007 Rushcliffe Borough Council

Rushcliffe Borough Council 2007, Local Air Quality Management Air Quality Action Plan 2007

Rushcliffe Borough Council 2010, Local Air Quality Management update of Air Quality Action Plan 2007,

Local Transport Plan for Nottingham, 2011 to 2026, Nottinghamshire County Council

Congestion Delivery Plan, Nottinghamshire County Council 2007

Air Quality Considerations for Developers, Rushcliffe Borough Council, 2010

GLM7, Gradko Laboratories NO2 Laboratory Method

BSEN 123412, EC reference Method, British Standard

MDHS 14/2, General methods for the sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and total inhalable dust, HSE

Policy G1, Non statutory Local Plan, Rushcliffe Borough Council

PPG 13, planning policy guidance 13, transport, Communities and Local Government (formerly OPDM)

PPS 23, Planning policy statement 23, Planning and pollution control, Communities and Local Government (formerly OPDM)

Policy 36 East Midlands Regional Plan, East Midlands Regional Assembly, 2006

LDF, Local Development Framework, Rushcliffe Development Framework - Core Strategy Option for Consultation. (Consultation document) Rushcliffe Borough Council published documents are available from <u>www.Rushcliffe.gov.uk</u>. Air quality reports are available on the webpage:

http://www.rushcliffe.gov.uk/environmentalhealth/pollution/airquality/airqualityreports/

# 11 Glossary of terms

**Air Quality Standard** – these standards represent minimal/no risk health based standards, for ambient concentrations of pollutants. They are based purely on medical evidence, taking no account of costs, benefits or technical feasibility.

**Air Quality Objective** – these objectives take account of both costs and benefits, forming benchmarks in time, against which "Air Quality Standards" can be achieved.

**Annual mean** – The average of the concentrations measured or calculated for each pollutant for one calendar year.

AQMA – Air Quality Management Area

AQAP – Air Quality Action Plan

**Assessment** – The consideration of whether estimated levels for the relevant future period are likely to exceed the levels set in the objectives.

**AURN** – Automated Urban and Rural Network of air quality monitoring stations

**Background concentration** – Concentration of a particular pollutant thought to be present in an area, which cannot be accounted for by dispersion modelling from local emissions. It is generally caused by transportation of pollutants over long distances.

CHG – Greenhouse gases

CO – Carbon Monoxide

**Data Capture** – The percentage of all the possible measurements for a given period that were validly measured

**DEFRA** – Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

**DETR** – Department for the Environment and the Regions (Now DEFRA)

**DfT –** Department for Transport

**Emissions Inventory** – A full list of sources that emit pollutants into the atmosphere over a sustained period of time.

**Exceedences** – A period of time where the concentration of a pollutant is greater than, or equal to, the appropriate air quality objective.

**IPPC** – Integrated Pollution, Prevention and Control Act 2000

**LDF** – Local Development Framework

**LEZ –** Low emission zone

**Maximum hourly average** – The highest hourly reading of air pollution obtained during the time period under study.

**NETCEN** – National Environmental Technology Centre

NO<sub>2</sub> – Nitrogen Dioxide

NO<sub>x</sub> – Nitrogen Oxides

**Part A installations** – Large emitters of pollution, which are regulated by either the Environment Agency (A1) or Local Authorities (A2)

**Part B installations -** Smaller emitters of pollution, which are regulated by local authorities

**Percentile** – A value found by listing a set of numbers in order and calculating the number below which a certain percent of the data set lies. For example, the  $99^{th}$  percentile of values in a data set, is the value below which 99% of the data falls.

**PM<sub>10</sub>** – Particulate Matter with a diameter of 10µm or less

**PPB** – Parts per Billion

**QA/QC** – Quality Assurance/Quality Control.

**Running Mean** – A mean or series of means, calculated for overlapping time periods. For example, a daily running 8 hour mean equals <u>any</u> 8 hour period within that day.

**SO**<sub>2</sub> – Sulphur Dioxide.

 $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> – Microgrammes per cubic metre of air. A measure of concentration in terms of mass per unit volume. A concentration of 1 $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> means that one cubic metre of air contains one microgram (millionth of a gram) of pollutant.

### 12 Appendix A: Quality Control (QA/QC)

It is essential to ensure that all data collected is accurate, reliable and comparable and have high data capture rates. It is therefore important to apply consistent quality control and assurance procedures. The aim of this Appendix is to outline the main quality assessment and quality control procedures used in Rushcliffe BC to determine air quality data for use in the local air quality management process.

### Air quality operators

All monitoring and data management is undertaken by fully trained in house employees who have several years experience in air quality monitoring and data management. Any new personnel will undertake appropriate supervised training in line with the service's competency scheme prior to any unsupervised monitoring, calibration or data management. Currently two personnel are trained and competent to undertake such work this includes, Martin Hickey EHO and John Pemblington Technical Officer.

### Nitrogen Dioxide Diffusion Tube Monitoring

Rushcliffe BC use Gradko diffusion tubes prepared using 20%Triethanolamine (TEA) in water to measure nitrogen dioxide at a number of sites in the borough. The diffusion tubes are stored in an airtight bag in a refrigerator upon receipt in the post and are used within 6 weeks of the preparation date displayed on the label.

Tube batches are exposed at selected sites to the atmosphere for approximately 4 weeks with the changeover date aiming to be +/- 1 day of the publicised diffusion tube change over date for the month to allow comparison with other Local Authority studies if necessary. The locations are reviewed periodically and all tubes are mounted using spacer brackets and grommets supplied through Gradko.

Each tube is labelled with a bar code and unique identification number. Each batch is supplied with a data collection form to record the location, date and time each tube is exposed in that period. The exposure period is calculated using an Excel spread sheet and in addition Gradko recheck the calculated exposure period for each tube on receipt at the laboratory.

On the day of collection, the tubes are sent in an airtight bag to Gradko International Limited for analysis, together with a control blank that is stored unexposed in the sample fridge. The diffusion tubes are analysed within the scope of Gradko International Ltd Laboratory Quality Control Procedures utilising in-house method GLM7. Gradko is a UKAS accredited laboratory and undertakes diffusion tube monitoring on the same basis for a number of other local authorities and Environmental Consultants and now undertakes the monitoring for all local authorities in the Nottinghamshire Pollution Working Group.

Nitrogen dioxide absorbed as nitrite by triethanolamine (TEA) is determined by spectrophotometric measurement at 540 nanometers. Nitrite reacts with an added reagent to form a reddish purple azo dye and the optical density of this complex is measured using a Camspec UV/Visible Spectrophotometer. The concentrations of nitrogen dioxide are then calculated from a precalibrated response factor and exposure times. The values are not blank corrected using the blank "control" diffusion tube provided by Rushcliffe Borough Council.

The accuracy of the measurements made by Gradko are also monitored by participation in an external laboratory measurement proficiency scheme, the 'Workplace Analysis Scheme for Proficiency' (WASP), implemented by the Health and Safety Laboratory, Sheffield. The results of the WASP analysis are shown below.

| WASP        | WASP                 | WASP               | WASP                  | WASP               | WASP                 | WASP               | WASP                  | WASP               |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Round       | R113                 | R114               | R115                  | R116               | R117                 | R118               | R119                  | R120               |
| Round       | April -<br>June 2011 | July -<br>Septembe | October -<br>December | January –<br>March | April –<br>June 2012 | July –             | October –<br>December | January –<br>March |
| conducted   | June 2011            | r 2011             | 2011                  | 2012               | June 2012            | Septembe<br>r 2012 | 2012                  | 2013               |
| in the      |                      |                    |                       |                    |                      |                    |                       |                    |
| period      |                      |                    |                       |                    |                      |                    |                       |                    |
| Gradko      | 100 %                | 100 %              | 37.5 %                | 100 %              | 100 %                | 100 %              | 100 %                 | 100%               |
| Internation |                      |                    |                       |                    |                      |                    |                       |                    |
| al *        |                      |                    |                       |                    |                      |                    |                       |                    |

Table 12.1 WASP rating

\* Gradko International subscribes to two sets of test samples (2 x 4 test samples) in each WASP PT round.

### Data ratification

All diffusion tube data is checked on a monthly basis to identify any spurious data and compared with other local monitoring sites to further identify any suspect data.

Diffusion tube monitoring data reported in this document have been ratified and bias adjusted using the correction factor as stated which is either derived from the most up to date national bias factor (v.06/12).

### NOx Continuous Analysers

### **Description of Analyser**

The NOx continuous analyser is located at the façade of 43 Loughborough Road, West Bridgford and is a permanent site. The site is non residential but provides a good assessment of NO<sub>2</sub>/NOx close to the main road along the building line. It is a Monitor Europe ML9841B single chamber Chemiluminescence analyser and is approved by TUV, US EPA and NETCEN. In 2013 a second analyser was installed in a Kaizen enclosure on the roof top of the Southbank Bank Bar with a sample point close to the building line. The site is named as Trent House Flats, (THF) and it is also a Monitor Europe ML9841B single chamber Chemiluminescence analyser and is approved by TUV, US EPA and NETCEN. THF is a residential flat

The analysers have a resolution of 0.001ppm and a reported lower detectable limit of <0.5ppb. The linearity error of the analyser is  $\pm$  1% of the full scale (from best line fit), and the precision is 0.5ppb or 1% of concentration reading (whichever is the greater).

### Instruments Checks and Calibration of the Analyser

### Daily automatic calibration

Zero air is generated by passing air through scrubbers and passed through the reaction cell. Span gas is generated by a permeation tube and passed to the reaction chamber to give the span calibration response.

The daily automatic calibrations are used as a check on the instrument performance and drift.

### Analyser inspection and manual calibration

The analysers were covered by a service and maintenance contract with SupportingU. The service and maintenance contract covers calibration checks, flow and leak checks, cleaning of components, analyser diagnostic checks, replacement of faulty components and consumables and fault call out.

Manual calibration checks are carried out by RBC staff on a fortnightly basis using scrubbed zero air derived from the integrated scrubber column and a certificated NO/NOx calibration gas is supplied by BOC Gases. The BOC gas is changed when the certification expires.

The analyser is taken out of service and the inlet filter is changed prior to connecting the calibration gases. The zero air and NO/NOx gases are run through the analyser and the responses noted together with the instrument gain factor. The output of the analyser (e.g. the gain) is only reset or altered

following equipment service or repair or if drift occurs necessitating a change of the gain setting. The calibration zero values, span values and gas certified values are used to rescale the raw data received from the analyser using a proprietary software package, Envista.

### Data Handling and Ratification

### Data handling

Raw data is downloaded via a modem connection automatically every 24hours into the Envista Arm remote server database. This data can be viewed by all the Nottinghamshire Local Authorities who are part of the network; however, only data can be manipulated in the database that belongs to the respective LA. Data is currently being maintained under contract by the software supplier Envitec – Europe and hosted by Nottingham City Council, and data integrity and security is part of this contract arrangement. In addition the data, both raw and ratified is published on the following air quality web page http://www.nottinghamaqm.net/Default.htm Data is downloaded in PPB and µgm<sup>-3</sup> and visually inspected for negative values, missing data sets and spurious results.

Initial scaling factors are determined for NO and NOx using the following formulas based on the fortnightly calibration checks.

Scaling Factor "A" = Expected (Known) Cylinder Concentration Measured Concentration - Measured Zero

Scaling Factor "B" = - Measured Zero Value

To rescale the NO value the "A" scaling factor for the fortnightly period in question is multiplied to each 15 minute data set for NO in the database (on the PPB channel). Subsequently the "B" scaling factor is added to the same period of data to address any zero drift noted at the calibration check.

If any zero values, negative values are still present the data block is further rescaled to remove any zero values. Any values added to the NO channel are applied to the NOX channel. This ensures no change in the NO<sub>2</sub> outcome.

The same procedure is then carried out with the NOx data using calculated "A" and "B" factors for NOx over the same periods.

To calculate the rescaled  $NO_2$  15 min values a calculation is then run on the PPB data base using the following equation:

 $NO_2$  concentration (PPB) = NOx concentration (PPB) - NO concentration. (PPB)

These calculations are undertaken in PPB before any conversion to micrograms. NO<sub>2</sub> and NOx are converted to  $\mu$ gm<sup>-3</sup> by a conversion factor of 1.91. NO is converted to  $\mu$ gm<sup>-3</sup> by a conversion factor of 1.25.

Once data on the PPB channels is determined to be satisfactory the µgm<sup>-3</sup> channels are re-calculated from the PPB channels to enable analysis in micrograms.

#### Data ratification

All raw data is examined for consistency and the existence of any spurious results. Negative values are examined and either removed or rescaled further and high values are interrogated to see if the readings are consistent with expectations or an equipment error may have occurred. Data, during calibration checks is automatically excluded from the database by a software service switch on the instrument panel which is used during calibration checks.

If any doubts exist as to the satisfactory status of any data the data is excluded from the data base calculations, although the Envista Arm software allows the data to remain in the database and marked as 'not used' enabling recovery of any excluded data should that be considered necessary. Each data set that is excluded must have annotated against it a reason for the data exclusion to allow for traceability of data ratification. The most common reason for data being excluded is monitor breakdown leading to consistently low or very high readings. However, power failure can also be a cause as well as any specific events noted by officers during visits, e.g. trucks being run next to the monitor for maintenance of the building façade or similar. Information from the other analysers on the system can also be accessed to compare any data that may be experiencing high or low readings to enable a decision to be made on the status of any data highlighted. This includes the AURN monitors operated by the Nottingham City.

Envista has built in reports that enable a number of parameters to be determined on the ratified or raw datasets as required. Three new channels were added to the data base to enable display of the results directly in µgm<sup>-3</sup>. Data ratification and recalculation will take place on the ppb channels as described above with final data being calculated from these ppb channels and converted using the published conversion factors in TG (09).

### **Discussion of Choice of Factor to Use**

Whilst we had the option to use either own Local factor derived from colocation studies with the NOx analyser or the National Bias Adjustment Factor, due to the fact that there were data quality issues with previous years data and data capture has been generally below the 90% recommended in TG(09) Box 3.3 the national factor has been used for diffusion tube bias adjustment. Also the site is not typical of the locations in the diffusion tube study. Also the previous R&A reports have mostly used the national factor and continuing to use this factor will provide a consistent approach to bias adjustment year on year.

## 13 Appendix B: 2012 NO<sub>2</sub> Diffusion Tubes monthly results

### Table 13.1 2013 NO2 Diffusion Tubes monthly results

| ID        | Site Name                           | AQ<br>MA | Туре       | Triplicate or Co-<br>located Tube | Jan-<br>13 | Feb-<br>13 | Mar-<br>13 | Apr-<br>13 | May-<br>13 | Jun-<br>13 | Jul-<br>13 | Aug-<br>13 | Sep-<br>13 | Oct-<br>13 | Nov-<br>13 | Dec-<br>13 | Mean ug/mg3 | co-located mean | Bias adjusted mean<br>(0.95) | estimated bias adj<br>value ug/m3 corrected<br>for distance to<br>receptor |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|--|
| NA1       | 1 LOUGHB'H RD<br>W/B                | 1        | Faça<br>de | Triplica<br>te                    | 38.60      | 35.30      | 24.43      | 29.78      | 29.28      | 27.44      | 27.47      | 24.05      | 35.88      | 33.68      | 41.28      | 35.89      | 31.92       | 32.50           | 30.9                         | 32.0   |
| NA2       | 1 LOUGHB'H RD<br>W/B                | 1        | Faça<br>de | Triplica<br>te                    | 42.28      | 38.57      | 27.82      | 28.64      | 28.78      | 25.90      | 29.07      | 29.83      | 34.96      | 33.52      | 41.55      | 33.37      | 32.86       |                 |                              |  |
| NA3       | 1 LOUGHB'H RD<br>W/B                | 1        | Faça<br>de | Triplica<br>te                    | 43.94      | 37.31      | 25.25      | 27.37      | 26.38      | 26.70      | 28.91      | 29.50      | 34.50      | 32.69      | 47.19      | 33.01      | 32.73       |                 |                              |  |
| ER        | EDWARD ROAD,<br>LADY BAY            | 1        | RS         | Ν                                 | 40.73      | 42.16      | 31.40      | 27.77      | 28.48      | 30.60      | 26.49      | 25.45      | 27.56      | 32.43      | 57.38      | 35.38      | 33.82       |                 | 32.1                         | 32.1   |
| LR        | LOUGHBOROUG<br>H ROAD (RES)         | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | 40.52      | 38.70      | 30.06      | 34.38      | 32.02      | 29.97      | 32.17      | 31.74      | 34.48      | 34.87      | 36.39      | 35.39      | 34.22       |                 | 32.5                         | 32.8   |
| Cent<br>H | centenary house<br>former pm10 site | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | 47.37      | 39.45      | 40.95      | 34.06      | 29.92      | 32.17      | 30.99      | 20.37      | 31.15      | 29.27      | 41.58      | void       | 34.30       |                 | 32.6                         | 31.3   |
| RR        | RADCLIFFE<br>ROAD                   | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | 40.20      | 44.49      | 32.84      | 33.19      | 16.77      | 37.18      | n/a        | 28.33      | 38.50      | 34.27      | 46.08      | 35.71      | 35.23       |                 | 33.5                         | 33.5   |
| SH        | SWANS HOTEL                         | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | 41.21      | 35.78      | 27.99      | 26.19      | 7.22       | 25.29      | 28.42      | 24.20      | 36.23      | 31.01      | 43.45      | 32.07      | 29.92       |                 | 28.4                         | 28.5   |
| POIN<br>T | THE POINT                           | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | 36.88      | 34.35      | 28.62      | 26.07      | 18.83      | 25.69      | 25.55      | 21.71      | 29.76      | 28.38      | 43.88      | 31.09      | 29.23       |                 | 27.8                         | 28.5   |
| TBLA      | TRENT<br>BOULEVARD A                | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | 47.31      | 36.59      | 25.64      | 35.03      | 29.81      | 29.40      | 34.64      | 30.84      | 39.44      | 33.99      | 42.48      | 39.98      | 35.43       |                 | 33.7                         | 33.7   |
| TBLB      | TRENT<br>BOULEVARD B                | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | lost       | 40.01      | 34.32      | 36.55      | 33.20      | 36.80      | 35.23      | 38.62      | 40.57      | 37.90      | 40.93      | 36.48      | 37.33       |                 | 35.5                         | 35.5   |
| тві       | TRENT BRIDGE                        | 1        | Faça<br>de | Ν                                 | 53.86      | 47.86      | 37.60      | 51.15      | 40.72      | 42.47      | 44.18      | 38.84      | 47.83      | 25.74      | 64.10      | 60.93      | 46.27       |                 | 44.0                         | 44.0   |

| THF          | TRENT HOUSE                                     | 1  | Faça<br>de | co-<br>located | 48.38 | 48.40 | 39.76 | 42.88 | 32.66 | 39.95 | 42.69 | 32.16 | 51.06 | 20.14 | 62.21 | 44.40 | 42.06 | 40.82 | 38.8 | 38.8 |
|--------------|---|----|------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| THF2         | TRENT HOUSE                                     | 1  | Faça<br>de | co-<br>located | 52.78 | 47.74 | 35.64 | 41.63 | 10.26 | 38.78 | 44.71 | 35.32 | 45.66 | 19.93 | 61.73 | 40.78 | 39.58 |       |      |      |
| WL3          | WILFORD LANE<br>3                               | 1  | RS         | N              | 51.07 | 42.77 | 28.68 | 37.11 | 35.93 | 35.53 | 35.08 | 34.26 | 42.09 | 40.25 | 66.65 | 44.20 | 41.14 |       | 39.1 | 33.2 |
| NK           | A60/A52<br>JUNCTION (Nott<br>Knight)            | 2  | RS         | N              | 47.35 | 51.47 | 52.68 | 55.18 | 17.55 | 42.38 | 58.05 | 40.27 | 53.23 | 50.79 | 61.37 | 68.78 | 49.92 |       | 47.4 | 33   |
| 3BT          | 3 BOTANY<br>CLOSE                               | 2  | Faça<br>de | N              | 37.50 | 29.55 | n/a   | 25.44 | 26.09 | 24.23 | 24.52 | 25.75 | 32.78 | 29.20 | 41.70 | 30.56 | 29.76 |       | 28.3 | 29.9 |
| CL           | CLOVERLANDS                                     | 2  | Faça<br>de | co-<br>located | 39.43 | 48.39 | 23.78 | 31.37 | n/a   | 23.60 | 27.21 | 26.82 | 33.20 | 31.42 | 44.81 | 34.27 | 33.12 | 33.17 | 31.5 | 32.0 |
| CL2a         | CLOVERLANDS                                     | 2  | Faça<br>de | co-<br>located | 42.64 | 35.85 | 25.42 | 32.51 | 29.58 | 22.11 | 26.01 | 27.53 | 33.40 | 33.36 | 48.83 | 41.46 | 33.23 |       |      |      |
| WW           | WINDYWAYS                                       | 2  | Faça<br>de | co-<br>located | 44.07 | 36.84 | 27.42 | 37.00 | 31.50 | 30.61 | 37.45 | 35.80 | 42.49 | 42.68 | 64.83 | 45.47 | 39.68 | 38.72 | 36.8 | 36.8 |
| WW2          | WINDYWAYS                                       | 2  | Faça<br>de | co-<br>located | 42.36 | 34.54 | 26.64 | 38.73 | 18.42 | 29.61 | 36.61 | 38.68 | 40.92 | 43.52 | 61.66 | 41.43 | 37.76 |       |      |      |
| A453         | A453  | no | RS         | N              | 46.08 | 39.18 | 42.64 | 44.29 | 30.63 | 36.70 | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 39.92 |       | 37.9 | 27.4 |
| GLB<br>HOS   | A52 LINGS BAR<br>Hospital                       | no | Faça<br>de | N              | 29.25 | 29.80 | 22.45 | 19.00 | 18.80 | 19.52 | 20.15 | 16.77 | 23.38 | 20.16 | 32.58 | 21.95 | 22.82 |       | 21.7 | 21.7 |
| A52/S<br>A   | A52 SOUTH AVE,<br>RADCLIFFE                     | no | RS         | N              | 47.25 | 42.53 | 30.79 | 32.75 | 28.28 | 39.07 | 31.43 | 25.17 | 37.52 | 28.32 | 44.27 | 28.52 | 34.66 |       | 32.9 | 32.9 |
| A52/R<br>T   | RADCLIFFE A52                                   | no | RS         | N              | 44.79 | 46.33 | 34.17 | 38.91 | 31.56 | 35.91 | 39.05 | 33.39 | 42.90 | 33.82 | 56.55 | 36.13 | 39.46 |       | 37.5 | 32.9 |
| A52/H<br>HF1 | A52 HOME<br>HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHO<br>RPE | 4  | Faça<br>de | Triplica<br>te | 54.34 | 47.24 | 56.03 | 32.88 | 45.53 | 51.51 | 57.75 | 47.26 | 54.39 | 51.75 | 76.97 | 51.06 | 52.23 | 51.92 | 49.3 | 49.3 |
| A52/H<br>HF2 | A52 HOME<br>HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHO<br>RPE | 4  | Faça<br>de | Triplica<br>te | 54.13 | 54.41 | 16.87 | 55.68 | 46.83 | 47.05 | 60.90 | 45.21 | 53.43 | 50.17 | 74.18 | 60.42 | 51.61 |       |      |      |
| A52/H<br>HF3 | A52 HOME<br>HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHO<br>RPE | 4  | Faça<br>de | Triplica<br>te | 56.10 | 49.03 | 45.47 | 47.06 | 45.73 | 43.56 | 49.18 | 44.51 | 52.99 | 54.57 | 69.66 | 65.21 | 51.92 |       |      |      |
| A52/H<br>HF4 | A52 HOME<br>HOUSE(façade)<br>STRAGGLETHO<br>RPE | 4  | Faça<br>de | N              | 52.23 | 43.96 | 35.70 | 38.71 | 40.83 | 42.44 | 39.50 | 46.54 | 39.62 | 43.94 | 53.29 | 43.49 | 43.35 |       | 41.2 | 41.2 |

| SR                  | STRAGGLETHO<br>RPE ROAD                 | 4  | Faça<br>de | N | 41.94                  | 40.76 | 44.52 | 31.70 | 27.15 | 33.96       | 37.14       | 29.44       | 40.38       | 31.12                   | 46.30       | 26.76                | 35.93 | 34.1 | 34.1 |
|---------------------|---|----|------------|---|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------|------|------|
| ΗV                  | 22<br>HEATHERVALE                       | no | Faça<br>de | N | 32.68                  | 30.60 | 23.65 | 20.83 | 22.45 | 22.04       | 20.24       | 19.42       | 27.21       | void                    | 32.17       | missi<br>ng          | 25.13 | 23.9 | 25.0 |
| BR                  | 34 BRIDGFORD<br>ROAD                    | no | Faça<br>de | N | 31.56                  | 31.09 | 22.90 | 23.97 | 23.92 | 20.39       | 23.76       | 22.86       | 29.37       | 19.59                   | 39.41       | void                 | 26.26 | 24.9 | 24.9 |
| WLR/<br>2           | 39/41 WILFORD<br>LANE                   | no | Faça<br>de | N | 35.69                  | 35.06 | 26.53 | 26.04 | 23.99 | 23.87       | 23.31       | 22.61       | 26.57       | 22.47                   | 34.02       | 26.32                | 27.21 | 25.8 | 25.8 |
| HR                  | HAMPTON ROAD                            | no | UB         | N | 31.18                  | 24.90 | 20.20 | 18.02 | 16.00 | 12.37       | 15.53       | 12.49       | 20.65       | 17.62                   | 34.18       | 19.82                | 20.25 | 19.2 | 19.2 |
| нн                  | HICKORY<br>HOUSE                        | no | Faça<br>de | N | 35.38                  | 32.19 | 24.69 | 24.99 | 6.09  | 22.90       | 24.38       | 19.12       | 29.60       | 29.15                   | 37.23       | 33.17                | 26.57 | 25.2 | 25.2 |
| Roam<br>(110<br>WL) | Roam(!110<br>Wilford Lane lamp<br>post) | no | RS         | N | 39.99                  | 35.58 | 27.69 | 30.79 | 19.59 | missi<br>ng | missi<br>ng | missi<br>ng | missi<br>ng | on<br>the<br>groun<br>d | missi<br>ng | disco<br>ntinu<br>ed | 30.73 | 29.2 | n/a  |
| 37RR                | RADCLIFFE<br>ROAD                       | no | Faça<br>de | N | 44.84                  | 38.73 | 29.36 | 29.09 | 26.77 | 24.55       | 28.18       | 21.75       | 32.43       | 31.09                   | 41.70       | 35.26                | 31.98 | 30.4 | 31.7 |
| PC                  | PEVERIL COURT                           | no | Faça<br>de | N | 34.74                  | 34.09 | 25.36 | 28.38 | 25.21 | 25.25       | 25.04       | 21.82       | 30.79       | 27.66                   | 35.72       | 30.58                | 28.72 | 27.3 | 27.3 |
| вн                  | THE BEECHES<br>HOTEL                    | no | Faça<br>de | N | 39.49                  | 33.18 | 13.24 | 26.83 | 26.46 | 25.07       | 28.85       | 23.36       | 26.51       | 26.39                   | 32.63       | 28.95                | 27.58 | 26.2 | 26.5 |
| 1KH                 | 1 KIRKHILL<br>BINGHAM                   | No | Faça<br>de | N | 23.48                  | 31.29 | 28.96 | 22.08 | 22.23 | 23.54       | 25.77       | 18.78       | 27.21       | 26.33                   | 40.85       | 12.73                | 25.27 | 24.0 | 24.0 |
| 4KH                 | 4 KIRKHILL<br>BINGHAM                   | No | RS         | N | 48.14                  | 44.60 | 37.57 | 33.67 | 17.96 | 34.02       | 28.76       | 26.95       | 37.63       | 35.16                   | 56.86       | 35.33                | 36.39 | 34.6 | 34.6 |
| 15KH<br>G           | 15 Kirkhill<br>Gardens                  | No | RS         | N | 39.11                  | 36.01 | 24.37 | 26.12 | 28.15 | 26.30       | 27.30       | 24.89       | 33.07       | 30.16                   | 53.53       | 27.99                | 31.42 | 29.8 | 29.8 |
| Travel<br>blank     | blank                                   |    |            |   | 0.27                   | 0.12  | 0.20  | 0.87  | 0.19  | 0.1         | 0.47        | 0.07        | 0.19        |                         | 0.15        | 0.1                  | 0.25  | 0.2  |      |
|                     | Comments                                |    |            |   | 20%T<br>EA in<br>water |       |       |       |       |             |             |             |             |                         |             |                      |       |      |      |

# **14** Appendix C: Distance calculations

Figure 14.1 WL3 NO2 distance correction of NO2

| ("recepto | This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |                 |                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|---|-----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|           | -<br>Ent  | er data into th | <u>e yellow cells</u>         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Step 1    | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?  | (Note 1)        | 2.1 metres                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Step 2    | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1)        | 7.3 metres                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Step 3    | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2)        | <b>19.2</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Step 4    | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?   | (Note 2)        | <b>39.1</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Result    | The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor   | (Note 3)        | <b>33.2</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Figure 14.2 point NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |   |                  |                               |  |
|---|---|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Stop 1  |   | er data into the |                               |  |
| Step 1  | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | 7.4 metres                    |  |
| Step 2  | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | 5.8 metres                    |  |
| Step 3  | What is the local annual mean background NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?          | (Note 2)         | <b>19.2</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |
| Step 4  | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?         | (Note 2)         | <b>27.8</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |
| Result  | The predicted annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor | (Note 3)         | <b>28.5</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |

Figure 14.3 BH NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |  |                  |                       |                  |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|   | Ente   | er data into the | yellow cells          |                  |
| Step 1  | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | <b>9.7</b> me         | etres            |
| Step 2  | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | <b>8.7</b> me         | etres            |
| Step 3  | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )? | (Note 2)         | <mark>19.2</mark> μg/ | J/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Step 4  | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?        | (Note 2)         | <mark>26.2</mark> μg/ | ı/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Result  | The predicted annual mean NO $_{2}$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor      | (Note 3)         | <b>26.5</b> μg/       | ı/m³             |

Figure 14.4 SH NO2 distance correction of NO2

| ("recepto | ulator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a loo<br>r") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than<br>sheet shows your results on a graph.<br>- |          | Air Quality                         |
|-----------|--|----------|-------------------------------------|
| Step 1    | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?   | (Note 1) | 10 metres                           |
| Step 2    | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?  | (Note 1) | 9.6 metres                          |
| Step 3    | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?   | (Note 2) | <b>19.2</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup>       |
| Step 4    | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2) | <mark>28.4</mark> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Result    | The predicted annual mean NO $_{2}$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m $^{3}$ ) at your receptor  | (Note 3) | <b>28.5</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup>       |

Figure 14.5 A52 RT NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |   |                  |                               |
|---|---|------------------|-------------------------------|
|   | - <u>Ent</u>  | er data into the | yellow cells                  |
| Step 1  | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | 3.3 metres                    |
| Step 2  | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | 8.5 metres                    |
| Step 3  | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2)         | <b>19.2</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Step 4  | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?         | (Note 2)         | <b>37.5</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Result  | The predicted annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor | (Note 3)         | <b>32.9</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |

Figure 14.6 CENT House NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |   |                  |                |                   |
|---|---|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
|   | -<br>Ente   | er data into the | e yellow cells |                   |
| Step 1  | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | 7.3            | metres            |
| Step 2  | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | 9.8            | metres            |
| Step 3  | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2)         | 19.2           | μ <b>g</b> /m³    |
| Step 4  | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?         | (Note 2)         | 32.6           | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Result  | The predicted annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor | (Note 3)         | 31.3           | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |

Figure 14.7 37RR NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |  |                  |                |                |
|---|--|------------------|----------------|----------------|
|   | -<br>Ent   | er data into the | e yellow cells |                |
| Step 1  | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | 13.8           | metres         |
| Step 2  | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | 10.5           | metres         |
| Step 3  | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )? | (Note 2)         | 19.2           | μ <b>g</b> /m³ |
| Step 4  | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?        | (Note 2)         | 30.4           | μg/m³          |
| Result  | The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor        | (Note 3)         | 31.7           | μg/m³          |

Figure 14.8 LR NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location<br>("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |  |                  |                       |                            |
|--|--|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
|  | -<br>Ente  | er data into the | <u>e yellow cells</u> |                            |
| Step 1   | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | 8.9                   | metres                     |
| Step 2   | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | 8.4                   | metres                     |
| Step 3   | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )? | (Note 2)         | 19.2                  | μ <b>g/m</b> ³             |
| Step 4   | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?        | (Note 2)         | 32.5                  | μg/m³                      |
| Result   | The predicted annual mean NO $_{2}$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m $^{3}$ ) at your receptor            | (Note 3)         | 32.8                  | μ <b>g</b> /m <sup>3</sup> |

Figure 14.9 CL NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO₂ concentration for a location<br>("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |  |                  |                |                   |
|--|--|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
|  | -<br>Ente  | er data into the | e yellow cells |                   |
| Step 1   | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | 16.3           | metres            |
| Step 2   | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | 15             | metres            |
| Step 3   | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )? | (Note 2)         | 19.2           | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Step 4   | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?        | (Note 2)         | 31.5           | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Result   | The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor        | (Note 3)         | 32.0           | μg/m³             |

Figure 14.10 3BT NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |  |                  |                       |                   |  |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
|   | -<br>Ente  | er data into the | <u>e yellow cells</u> |                   |  |
| Step 1  | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?   | (Note 1)         | 21                    | metres            |  |
| Step 2  | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?  | (Note 1)         | 15                    | metres            |  |
| Step 3  | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )? | (Note 2)         | 19.2                  | μ <b>g/m</b> ³    |  |
| Step 4  | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?        | (Note 2)         | 28.3                  | μg/m³             |  |
| Result  | The predicted annual mean NO $_{2}$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m $^{3}$ ) at your receptor            | (Note 3)         | 29.9                  | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |

Figure 14.11 HV NO2 distance correction of NO2

| ("recepto | This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |                        |                       |                |  |
|-----------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|
|           | -<br>Ent  | <u>er data into th</u> | <u>e yellow cells</u> |                |  |
| Step 1    | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?  | (Note 1)               | 36                    | metres         |  |
| Step 2    | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1)               | 26                    | metres         |  |
| Step 3    | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2)               | 19.2                  | μ <b>g/m</b> ³ |  |
| Step 4    | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?   | (Note 2)               | 23.9                  | μ <b>g/m</b> ³ |  |
| Result    | The predicted annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor   | (Note 3)               | 25.0                  | μg/m³          |  |

Figure 14.12 A453 NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location $O_2$ consultants ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor. The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |   |                    |                               |  |
|--|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|  | <u>Ent</u>  | er data into the   | e yellow cells                |  |
| Step 1   | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?  | (Note 1)           | 3.2 metres                    |  |
| Step 2   | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1)           | 27 metres                     |  |
| Step 3   | What is the local annual mean background NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2)           | <b>19.2</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |
| Step 4   | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?         | (Note 2)           | <b>37.9</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |
| Result   | The predicted annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor | (Note 3)           | <b>27.4</b> μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |
| V  | Varning: your receptor is more than 20m further from the kerb than your monito                        | or, treat result v | with caution                  |  |

Figure 14.13 NK NO2 distance correction of NO2

| ("recepto | This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration for a location ("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph. |                 |                |                   |  |  |
|-----------|---|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
|           | -<br>Ent  | er data into th | e yellow cells |                   |  |  |
| Step 1    | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?  | (Note 1)        | 1.8            | metres            |  |  |
| Step 2    | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1)        | 16.8           | metres            |  |  |
| Step 3    | What is the local annual mean background NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2)        | 19.2           | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |  |
| Step 4    | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?   | (Note 2)        | 47.4           | μ <b>g</b> /m³    |  |  |
| Result    | The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor   | (Note 3)        | 33.0           | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |  |

Figure 14.14 NA1 NO2 distance correction of NO2

| This calculator allows you to predict the annual mean NO₂ concentration for a location<br>("receptor") that is close to a monitoring site, but nearer or further the kerb than the monitor.<br>The next sheet shows your results on a graph.<br> |   |          |      |                   |  |
|--|---|----------|------|-------------------|--|
| Step 1   | How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?                                  | (Note 1) | 5    | metres            |  |
| Step 2   | How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?   | (Note 1) | 3.7  | metres            |  |
| Step 3   | What is the local annual mean background NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )?  | (Note 2) | 19.2 | μ <b>g</b> /m³    |  |
| Step 4   | What is your measured annual mean NO <sub>2</sub> concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )? | (Note 2) | 30.9 | μg/m <sup>3</sup> |  |
| Result   | The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) at your receptor | (Note 3) | 32.0 | μ <b>g</b> /m³    |  |

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#### CHINESE

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